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Seed and Plant Catalogue

Season

1935

WILSON & JOHNS LTD.

74-76 BARRACK STREET, PERTH

AND

128 HIGH STREET, FREMANTLE

WESTERN AUSTRALIA

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WILSON & JOHNS LTD.

74-76 Barrack Street, Perth

ORDER FORM (Continued)

[illegible]

PLEASE WRITE PLAINLY.—We will welcome your name and address in Block Letters.

IMPORTANT!

**SHOULD BE READ BY EVERYONE BEFORE SENDING IN
THEIR ORDERS.**

Telephone No. B-3888.

Telephone No. MW-14, Nurseries, Cannington.

WILSON & JOHNS' SEEDS

TAKE THE LEAD IN GERMINATION, PURITY AND QUALITY.

ONCE again we have pleasure in mailing you a copy of our SEED MANUAL, and we trust that this edition will be appreciated by all. We also trust, as hitherto, to be favoured with your esteemed orders; also that you will kindly bring our name before any of your friends who may be interested in gardening.

You will observe that we have listed the leading Novelties in Vegetable and Flower Seeds, but should any of our clients require any article not listed herein, we shall be pleased to procure same elsewhere if at all possible.

WHEN SENDING YOUR ORDERS, PLEASE NOTE THE FOLLOWING:

NEW CUSTOMERS are requested to forward CASH with their orders, or otherwise give as reference any well-known Perth firm as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL ORDERS should be written separately from general letters, or letters of enquiry, and your **ADDRESS** should be written in full; also nearest Station or Shipping Port to which you wish your goods consigned.

ALWAYS REMIT by Cheque (crossed), Bank Draft, Postal Note, or Post Office Order. Exchange must be added to country cheques. For small amounts, Postage Stamps will be accepted.

NOTE: NOTHING IS GUARANTEED.

CONDITIONS OF SALE.—The description under which our Seeds, Plants, Bulbs and Tubers are sold signifies no more than that we believe they have been taken from reliable stocks, and in no case does the description signify that the resultant crop will grow true to our description. Owing to many difficulties beyond human control and other causes, we give no warranty, expressed or implied, as to the description, growth, quality, purity or productiveness of, and will not be responsible for the resultant crop of, the goods supplied. Moreover, the liability (if any) in respect of the goods actually delivered, is limited to the price paid to us for the specific seed or other goods in respect of which any claim may be made, or £2, whichever is the smaller. If these conditions of sale are not acceptable, the buyer must immediately return the goods.

THIS CATALOGUE CANCELS ALL PREVIOUS LISTS.

ALL CORRESPONDENCE SHOULD BE ADDRESSED—

WILSON & JOHNS LTD.

74-76 BARRACK STREET - - PERTH

Branch: 128 HIGH STREET, FREMANTLE.

NURSERIES—

Rose Trees, Fruit Trees and Hardy Plants: CARMEL, KALAMUNDA HILL.

For Pot Plants, Palms, Ferns, etc.: CANNINGTON.

Table showing approximate Number of Plants that can be obtained from One Ounce of Seed

Asparagus 500 plants	Marjoram 2500 plants
Cabbage 1000 "	Onion 1500 "
Cauliflower 1200 "	Rhubarb 500 "
Celery 2060 "	Sage 1000 "
Leek 1500 "	Thyme 4000 "
Lettuce 2000 "	Tomato 1000 "

Table showing Weight per Bushel

Beans 60lb.	Oats 40lb.
Barley 50lb.	Peas 60lb.
Buckwheat 50lb.	Rye Grass 20lb.
Clover 60lb.	Prairie Grass 20lb.
Wheat 60lb.	Rye Grain 60lb.
Linseed 56lb.	Sorghum 40lb.
Lucerne 60lb.	Tares 60lb.
Maize 56lb.	Cocksfoot 20lb.

Conveyance of Goods by Rail, Stamped Parcels—Prepaid Rates BY PASSENGER TRAIN.

25 Miles.	0 6 3lb and under.	0 6 Over 3lb., and up to 7lb.	0 9 Over 7lb. and up to 14lb.	Over 14lb. and up to 28lb. s. d.	Over 28lb. and up to 42lb. s. d.	Over 42lb. and up to 56lb. s. d.
12	s. d. 0 6	s. d. 0 6	s. d. 0 6	0 9	1 0	1 6
50	0 6	0 6	0 6	1 6	2 3	2 9
75	0 9	0 9	0 9	1 9	2 9	3 3
100	0 9	1 0	1 9	2 3	3 0	3 9
125	0 9	1 0	1 9	2 6	3 3	4 3
150	0 9	1 9	1 9	2 9	3 9	4 9
200	0 9	1 9	2 3	2 9	4 3	5 6
250	0 9	2 0	3 0	3 3	4 9	6 0
300	1 3	2 3	3 9	4 9	5 0	6 6
400	1 9	2 3	3 9	4 9	6 6	9 3
500	1 9	2 9	3 9	5 0	7 6	10 0
Over 500	1 9	3 0	3 9	5 0	8 0	10 0

Fruit Trees and Cut Flowers half the above rates. Freight by Goods Train is much cheaper.

Parcel Post—Within the State (New Rate)

	1lb. s. d.	2lb. s. d.	3lb. s. d.	4lb. s. d.	5lb. s. d.	6lb. s. d.	7lb. s. d.	8lb. s. d.	9lb. s. d.	10lb. s. d.	11lb. s. d.
Within a radius of 30 miles and not exceeding above weight	0 6	0 9	1 0	1 3	1 6	1 9	2 0	2 3	2 6	2 9	3 0
On parcels over 30 miles radius	0 9	1 0	1 3	1 6	1 9	2 0	2 3	2 6	2 9	3 0	3 3

Where 1lb. of Seed is ordered, add an extra 3d. for postage, as with wrapping it weighs over 1lb.

Table showing the Number of Trees or Plants that can be Planted to an Acre at the distances apart given below.

Feet.	Number.	Feet.	Number.	Feet.	Number.	Feet.	Number.
30 x 30	48	13 x 13	257	5½ x 5½	1417	4 x 2	5445
25 x 25	69	12 x 12	302	5 x 5	1742	4 x 1	10890
20 x 20	108	11 x 11	360	5 x 4	2175	3 x 3	4840
19 x 19	120	10 x 10	435	5 x 3	2904	3 x 2	7260
18 x 18	134	9 x 9	537	5 x 2	4356	3 x 1	14520
17 x 17	150	8 x 8	680	5 x 1	8713	2 x 2	10890
16 x 16	170	7 x 7	881	4 x 4	2722	2 x 1	21780
15 x 15	193	6½ x 6½	1031	4 x 3	3638	1 x 1	43560
14 x 14	222	6 x 6	1210				

Average Quantities of Vegetable and Agricultural Seeds required to Sow or Plant an Acre.

Barley, 2 to 3 bushels. Beans, Broad, 2 bushels. Beans, French, 1½ bushels. Beet, Red, 5 to 6 lb. Beet, Sugar, 8lb. Buckwheat, 1 to 1½ bushels. Cabbage, for Transplanting, 1lb. Cabbage, Cattle, 1 to 1½ lb. Cabbage, Cattle, in drills, 5lb. Carrots, 3 to 4 lb. Cauliflower, ¾lb. Clovers, 12 to 15 lb.	Cucumber, ¾lb. Grasses, Rye, Cocksfoot, or Mixed, 1½ to 2 bushels. Grass, Couch, 6 to 8 lb. Johnson Grass, 10lb. Grass, Paspalum Dilatatum, planted in drills 18 x 16in., 4lb. Hungarian Millet, 20lb. Kohl Rabi, 4lb. Linseed, 1½ bushels. Lucerne for pasturing, 8 to 10 lb.	Lucerne, for cutting on moist lands, 15 to 20 lb. Maize, 1 to 1½ bushels. Mangel, 4 to 8 lb. Water Melon, 1½lb. Rock Melon, ¾lb. Oats, for Hay, 2 bushels. Onion, 3lb. Parsnip, 5lb. Peas, Garden, 2 bushels. Peas, Field, 2 bushels. Potatoes, 7 to 10 cwt. Pumpkin, 2lb.	Radish, 9lb. Rape, 4 to 6lb. Rye, 2 bushels. Sorghum, 20lb. Spinach, 7lb. Sunflower, 6lb. Tares, 2 bushels. Turnips and Swedes, 3 to 4 lb. Tomato, 1oz. Tomatoes, for transplanting, 2oz. Vegetable Marrow, 2lb. Wheat, 1 to 2 bushels.
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OUR FLORAL BUSINESS

**Crosses from
7/6**

**Anchors from
10/6 each**



**Twelve
Packets
Choice
Flower Seeds
2/6
Post Free**

As we only employ EXPERIENCED LADY ARTISTS in this branch of our business, we are enabled to carry out all orders entrusted to us in first-class style, and, which is often of the greatest importance, on the shortest possible notice.

WE PACK ALL OUR FLOWERS, BOUQUETS, Etc. in a manner that ensures their arrival in perfect order and condition, as the testimonials we have received will testify.

COUNTRY CLIENTS who have difficulty in obtaining Wedding Bouquets, Wreaths, etc., made up in a thoroughly high-class style, may be reminded that our experience in packing flowers, and the railway facilities, now practically place us in as good a position for supplying them as if we were neighbours.

FUNERAL EMBLEMS (in National Flowers).—To meet the growing demand for Floral Funeral Emblems, we beg to state that we are prepared to execute on short notice orders for any design that may be required for Public Companies, Masonic, and other institutions.

Wreaths, Anchors and Crosses, composed of Cape and Artificial Flowers, which will last for a long time, and are suitable for glass cases, from 7/6 upwards.

Wreaths in glass cases, from £1/1/- to £5/5/-.

BRIDESMAIDS' BOUQUETS—An important point to which we pay particular attention in the arrangement of these Bouquets is to so blend the colours that they will harmonise with the dresses to be worn with them. Price, from 7/6 upwards.

PRESENTATION BOUQUETS, FAREWELL BOUQUETS, BASKETS OF FLOWERS—Clients having friends leaving for Europe or the East can have Floral Offerings delivered aboard the steamer at Fremantle, with their cards attached, bidding them bon voyage, etc., which always constitutes a pleasing farewell memory. Price, from 15/- upwards.

All floral work securely packed and forwarded to all parts of the State on shortest possible notice.

CUT FLOWERS FRESH DAILY—Ladies' Sprays, Gent's Buttonholes.

BRIDAL, BALL BOUQUETS—Price, from 10/6 upwards.

BIRTHDAY, BALL AND SHOWER POSIES—Our fame for these Bouquets is universally acknowledged. They are made only from the choicest of flowers and ferns, and arranged by the most skilful artists in the latest and newest style, and cannot fail to please. Price, from 10/6 upwards.

Novelties and Specialties

for 1935

THE PICK OF THE WORLD'S BEST NOVELTIES FROM THE
WORLD'S BEST GROWERS.

ANTIRRHINUM

"ST GEORGE"—The colour is brilliant orange cerise. The individual flowers being placed close together. Quite distinct from any other Snapdragon. It is of the Nanum or Intermediate type. Recommended. 1/- packet.

"NANUM ROYAL ROSE"—A Regal variety. The raisers claim it to be the finest yet raised of its type. Colour, deep, rich rose. The spike is dense and compact. Intermediate type about 18 to 24 inches. Highly recommended. 1/- packet.

CALENDULA

"ORANGE SHAGGY"—A new break in the ever popular English marigolds. The petals are long and very fringed, and in many respects resembling the Chrysanthemum. Colour, deep, rich orange; stems long. 1/- packet.

CAMPANULA

(ANNUAL CANTERBURY BELL)

This new Canterbury Bell flowers six months after sowing. This should popularise a very beautiful plant, because the ordinary perennial type does not flower in W.A. 1/- packet.

COSMOS

"ORANGE FLARE"—This is a new early flowering yellow Cosmos which is claimed by the raiser to flower 90 days after sowing. The old yellow Klondyke took six months to flower, so this novelty is an acquisition. Colour, vivid orange. 1/- packet.

ERIGERON

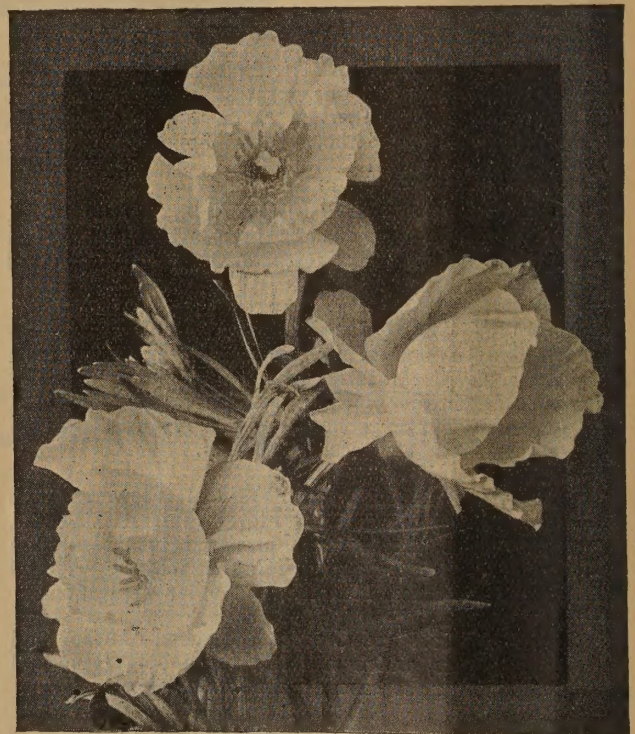
"DOUBLE AZURE BEAUTY"—A novelty flower of great merit, and highly recommended for W.A. gardens. The plant grows 2½ feet high, and is literally covered with attractive double flowers of azure blue, which are fine for cutting. It is a herbaceous plant. Seed 1/- packet.

ESCHOLTZIA

"MONARCH ART SHADES"—A new and distinctive strain of this fine plant. Escholtzias have unfortunately been very neglected in W.A. They are very hardy and floriferous, and give a great return for little effort. This new strain is a great improvement. The plants are more compact, and make excellent bedding plants. The colour range is more extensive and introduces some new shades, which range from yellows to orange and scarlet, and from light rose to deep rose and carmine. Their beauty is enhanced by an almost metallic sheen which gives added effect of brilliance. 1/- packet.



COSMOS—ORANGE FLARE



HUNNEMANNIA—SUNLITE

HUNNEMANNIA

"SUNLITE"—Semi-double tulip shaped flowers, distinct improvement on the old single type. Flowers bright canary yellow on a bush of light gray green. They like a sunny, well drained position. 1/- packet.

HOLLYHOCK

"DOUBLE TRIUMPH"—Beautifully fringed flowers in many new shades. 1/- packet.

"DOUBLE TRIUMPH "ORANGE PRINCE"—A new shade in Hollyhocks, being apricot orange. 1/- packet.

ICELAND POPPY

"GARTREF"—This new type of Iceland Poppy includes many new shades, the most attractive being the picotee type, of which there is a good percentage in the mixture. This type has flowers with a deeper border around the edges of the petals. 1/6 packet.

LOBELIA

CAMBRIDGE BLUE—Fine compact type, true cambridge blue colour. 1/- packet.

MIGNONETTE

"RED MONARCH"—The deepest red mignonette of all. This novelty should find favour everywhere. Of compact growth and strong foliage. Flower spikes of perfect formation, and of the deepest red yet in mignonettes. Strong perfume. 1/- packet.

MYOSOTIS

(FORGET-ME-NOT)

"MARGA SACHER"—(New)—The flowers of this compact new Forget-me-not are exceptionally large, about as big as a shilling. The colour, deep sky blue, and the leaves large also. Very attractive. 1/- packet.

NASTURTIUM

SCARLET GLEAM—(Fusilier Stock)—This is an improvement on the recently introduced Scarlet Gleam, by reason of its lack of runners and coarse plants. Colour is brilliant orange scarlet, intensified by the duplication of petals. Highly commended by the Royal Horticultural Society in trials of various strains at Wisley. 1/6 packet.



NASTURTIUM—SCARLET GLEAM

SCARLET GLEAM—Dazzling orange scarlet in colour, this forms a good companion to Golden Gleam. The blooms are large, and the fragrance pronounced. Plants semi-dwarf bearing short runners, on a well rounded free flowering bush. 1/6 packet.

"GOLDEN GLEAM"—This recently-introduced double sweet-scented Nasturtium has taken everyone by storm. Its golden flowers make a wonderful show. Highly recommended. Seed now 6d. pkt.

DWARF DOUBLE GOLDEN GLOBE—Everyone remembers the success which followed the introduction of Golden Gleam. It, however, had the disadvantage of throwing runners and spoiling the symmetry of the plant for certain purposes. This new introduction eliminates this fault and produces perfect plants for pot work and window boxes, etc. It gives an abundance of large, double, sweetly scented golden yellow flowers, carried well about the foliage. 1/6 packet.

DOUBLE GLEAM HYBRIDS—And now we offer a mixture of colours of the now popular double Nasturtium. The colour range varies from cream, orange, cerise, pink, salmon, and many other shades, the whole creating a blaze of colour in the garden. 1/6 packet.

PETUNIA

"HOWARDS STAR"—A very brilliant and showy Petunia. The ground colour is velvety purple, with a tapering band of white through the centre of each petal. 6d. packet.

"COCKATOO"—Violet blue ground with irregular white blotches at the point of each petal. 6d. packet.

"ATROPURPUREA"—(Height 10 inches)—This marvellous new dwarf compact Petunia seldom grows over 10 inches, forming a compact round plant. The flowers which literally cover the shapely plants are shining velvety purple-red. Recommended. 1/- pkt.

"MIKADO"—(Height 12 inches)—This new dwarf bushy compact plant, seldom grows more than 12 inches. The colour is white ground boldly striped with carmine-red. Very attractive. 1/- packet.

PANSY

"FRAGRANT"—A very fine acquisition to the Pansy section. A bowl of these will fill a large room with a delightful perfume. The perfume is not very pronounced when the flower is young but intensifies as the flower ages. Large flowers. 1/6 packet.

ZINNIA

TOM THUMB—Plants 4 inches to 6 inches high, compact and covered with well formed flowers of the lilliput type. All shades of colour. Excellent for borders or pot culture. 1/- packet.



ZINNIA—FANTASY (Description Next Page)

IMPROVED LILLIPUT, POM POM or BABY ZINNIAS—

The Lilliputs are fast supplanting all other types of Zinnias for cut flower use. The flowers are small, compact and symmetrical, on strong stems.

"Scarlet Gem" "Rosebud" "White Gem"
"Lilac Gem" "Golden Gem" "Valencia" (Burnt orange)
1/- packet, 6 packets for 5/-; mixed, which also contains other shades, 1/- packet.

"FANTASY"—New Zinnias are always welcome, and "Fantasy" is sure to appeal. The rounded flowers are composed of a mass of shaggy ray-like petals which give a delicate and refined appearance to the medium sized flowers. The colour range includes shades of reds, orange, pink and cream. 1/- packet.



ZINNIA—IMPROVED LILLIPUT

"CROWN O' GOLD"—This aristocrat maintains its place as an outstanding novelty among Zinnias. Each petal of the flower is overlaid with deep golden orange at the base, while carrying out the individual flower colour at the tip. 1/- packet.

"DESERT GOLD"—This type is the yellow and gold shades of "Crown O' Gold" and are the most attractive grown. Each petal is similarly overlaid at the base with a deeper golden yellow. Very attractive. 1/- packet.

The following novelties from Messrs.
Allwood's, the world famous Carna-
tion experts of England are worthy
of everyone's attention.

"ALLWOODII"

"ALLWOODII"—Double mixed (New). Award of merit. A new double form of the above. Colours very attractive and of many shades. 2/6 packet.

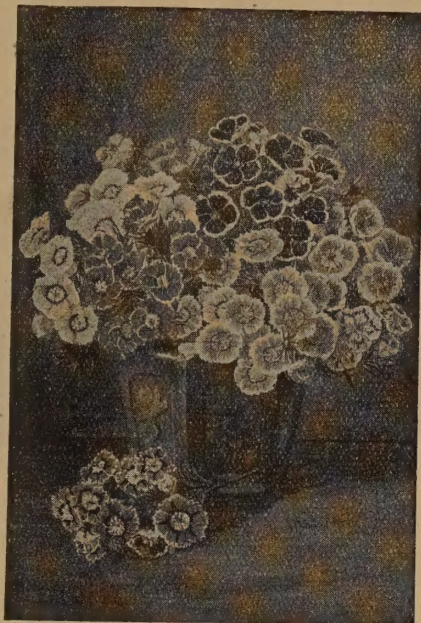


ALLWOODII

"SWEET WIVELSFIELD"

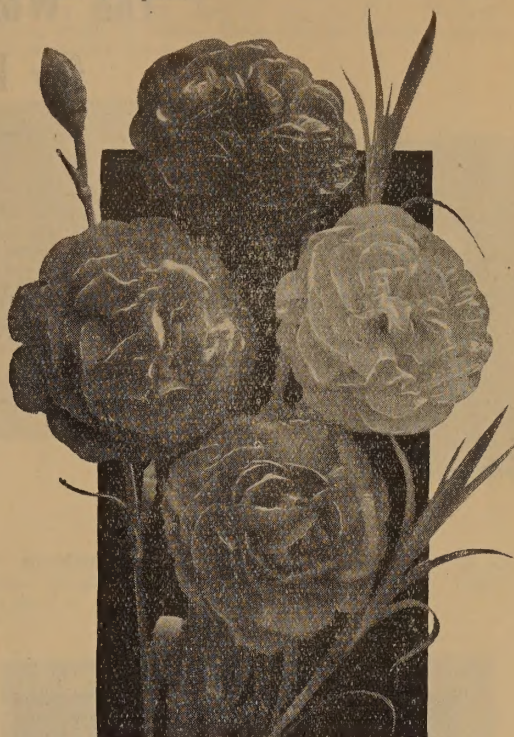
"SWEET WIVELSFIELD"—(Half Alwoodii-Half Sweet William). Infinitely superior to the old Sweet William, having a much wider range of colours, and greater freedom of growth and flowering. 1/6 packet.

"SWEET WIVELSFIELD"—(New Double mixed) A double flowered form of the popular Sweet Wivelsfield. A varied and most beautiful range of colours from white to richest crimson. Bushy and uniform growth, about 15 inches high. 1/6 packet.



SWEET WIVELSFIELD

PERPETUAL BORDER CARNATIONS—Border carnations are a most attractive type. The flowers are very uniform, compact, with smooth edges. They have a very wide range of colours. Plants are erect and compact. Recommended. 1/6 packet and 2/6 packet.



PERPETUAL BORDER CARNATION

PERPETUAL FLOWERING CARNATIONS—(Hand fertilised) The best type of Carnation to grow in our conditions. They grow and flower for nine months in the year, and many first class varieties are raised from this seed. 25 seeds 2/6, 50 seeds 3/6.

NEW GARDEN GUIDE

GARDENING SIMPLIFIED

We are this year reprinting our Garden Guide, which we published a few years ago. Many sections have been re-written and brought up to date.

This book is the finest of its kind, as it contains true instructions and advice, compiled from our own vast experience in gardening under W.A. conditions over a period of 35 years.

READY SHORTLY.

PRICE 2/- POST FREE

From WILSON & JOHNS, 74 BARRACK STREET, only.

Book your orders for Fruit Trees early and save disappointment

The following are some outstanding proved introductions from the World's best growers for last year (1934)

ANTIRRHINUM

"EN GARDE"—Distinct and beautiful. Differing from all others in the "Majus" or tall section. Flowering spike measures 12 inches, stem extra long and straight. Flowers more numerous than on any other Antirrhinum we know, and set closely together. Colour of the falls a delightful blending of coral pink and amber, with deep yellow lip. 9d. pkt.



ANTIRRHINUM—EN GARDE

NANUM "WELCOME"—Height 18 inches. An entirely new type named the "New Bedder." It is the finest of all crimson Antirrhinums and for bedding and massing it is outstanding; also excellent as a cut flower. Its crimson flowers show no magental whatever. 9d. pkt.



ANTIRRHINUM—NANUM WELCOME

BELLIS PERENNIS

(ENGLISH DAISY)

"HELICHRYSOIDES WHITE"—A distinctive new Daisy. form it closely resembles a miniature incurved Chrysanthemum. Nothing finer for border work. 6d. pkt.

"HELICHRYSOIDES DARK RED"—Similar to above, except colour. 6d. pkt.

BROOM

"NEW HYBRIDS"—An interesting and useful new strain of coloured Brooms, which is perfectly hardy and of such rampant growth that they reach 5ft. in height two years after planting. Colours include terra cotta, crimson, orange, orange scarlet, buff, pink, etc. 6d. pkt.



BROOM—NEW HYBRIDS

CHRYSANTHEMUM

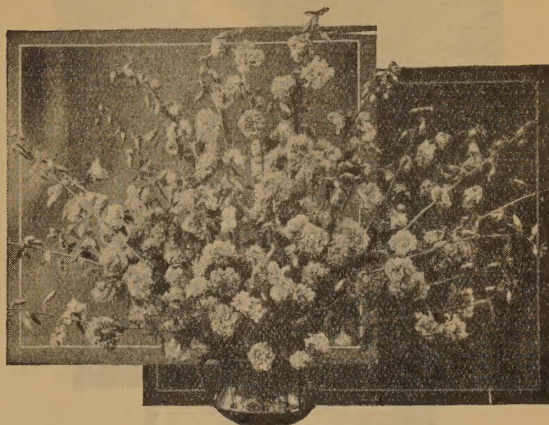
"GOLDEN GLORY"—Large, perfectly-formed single flowers measuring 3 to 4 inches across, of deep canary yellow on 2ft. stems. Such a plant must find favour, as it is an excellent cut flower. Centere same colour as flower. 6d. pkt.



CHRYSANTHEMUM—GOLDEN GLORY

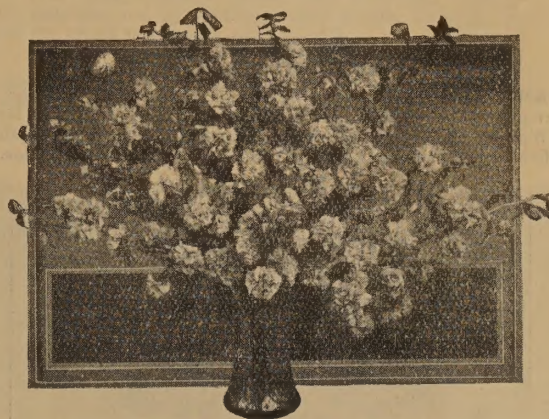
CLARKIA

"GLORIOUS"—The double Clarkias are neglected here, but there is nothing finer for show or cut flower. "Glorious" is a distinct break in colour, being brilliant crimson scarlet on a dark stem and foliage. 6d. pkt.



CLARKIA—GLORIOUS

"MAY BLOSSOM"—Another distinct and beautiful Clarkia. Colour glowing rose. Each bloom is a perfect "pom-pom." 6d. pkt.



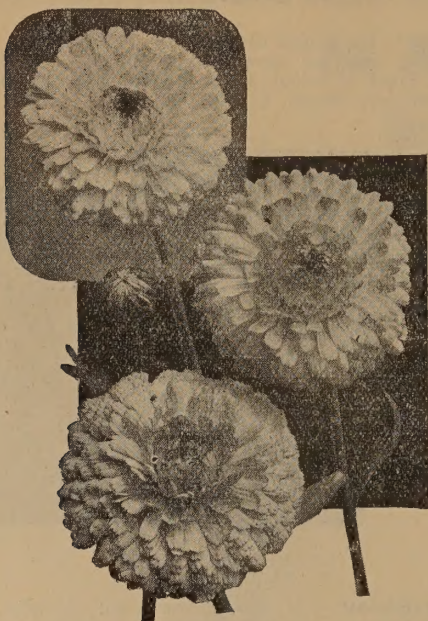
CLARKIA—MAY BLOSSOM

CALENDULA

"DOUBLE ART SHADES"—A very novel and attractive mixture of the now very popular English Marigold. It contains many tones not previously obtainable—apricots, picotees, orange, cream, infact every conceivable tint from white to deepest orange. 6d. pkt.

"CHRYSANTHA"—This new break has proved very popular in England, and rightly so. The petals are long, wide and drooping in the same manner as a Chrysanthemum. Colour clear buttercup yellow. 6d. pkt.

"RADIO GOLDEN BEAM"—Most people will remember the beautiful "Radio" Calendula, with its quilled petals. Now comes Golden Beam, which is a counterpart of Radio in every way, except coloru, which is bright golden. Highly recommended. 6d. pkt.



CALENDULA—DOUBLE ART SHADES

CARNATION

"GIANT BEDDING"—This is an excellent Carnation for all-round work. Flowers are of Marguerite type, but much larger. We had them regularly reach 3 inches across under ordinary field conditions. 1/- pkt. Plants available April, 1/6 doz.



CARNATION—GIANT BEDDING

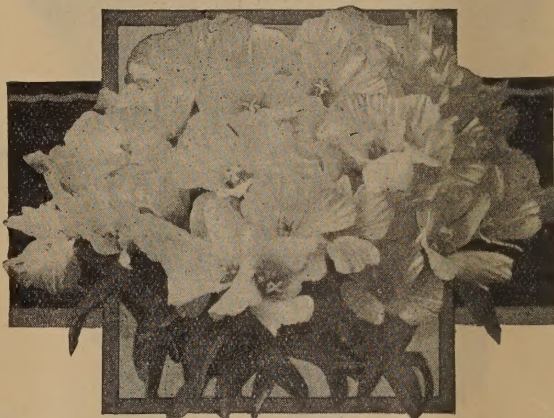


CALENDULA—RADIO GOLDEN BEAM

GODETIA

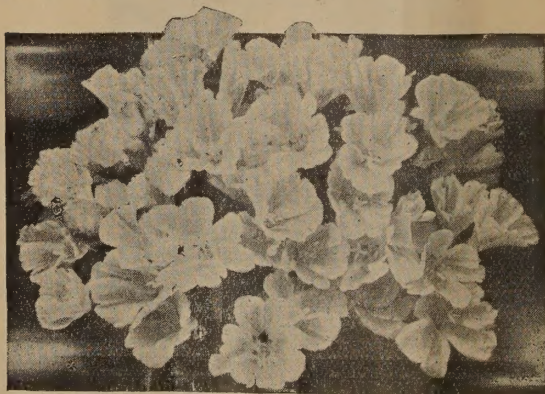
"WILD ROSE"—Distinct, delicate and beautiful. It is a gem for bedding. Growth about 10 inches high. The colour is a pure rose with a tint of carmine.

We can highly recommend anyone who requires something new and distinct to sow this fine novelty. The dwarf Godetias are indeed a great advancement in the flower world. 6d. pkt.



GODETIA—WILD ROSE

"SYBIL SHERWOOD"—Award of Merit R.H.S. Colour a glorious shade of bright salmon pink. A distinct colour in Godetias. Fine for borders and an excellent pot plant. Dwarf growth. 6d. pkt.



GODETIA—SYBIL SHERWOOD

LARKSPUR

"GIANT IMPERIAL"—This new race of Larkspurs is quite distinct from any other. The distinction is this: The old type had one or two tall stems from the base of the plant and a central spike of flower with many small side branches. The Giant Imperial has anything up to 10 or 12 leading spikes from the crown, but with a huge central spike of flower. We have the following varieties:—

"Blue Shire"—Deep Oxford blue.

"Carmine King"—Carmine rose.

"Exquisite Rose"—Rose Pink.

"Miss California"—Pink shaded salmon.

"Lilac Spire"—Beautiful lilac.

"White Spire"—Pure white.

Each 6d. packet or collection of 6 sorts for 2/6, post free.



PANSY—ULLSWATER

MARIGOLD

AFRICAN "GUINEA GOLD"—This fine new Marigold has proved very popular, and we wish to give prominence to it. Colour, burnt orange. Very showy and easy to grow. Lacks the strong smell of the old-fashioned type. 6d. pkt.



MARIGOLD - GUINEA GOLD

PETUNIA

"ALL DOUBLE"—Dwarf Giant fringed, (new).

Double Petunias, have in the past, been a very unknown quality. The percentage of double flowers being very small.

This unsatisfactory feature has now been overcome by careful selection and hybridisation, and Double Petunias are now offered by us as practically 100 per cent.

We planted out over 2,000 of these Petunias this past summer and they made a magnificent display. We did not see one single Petunia among the lot.

Be sure to ask for "All Double." 2/6 per pkt.



PETUNIA—ALL DOUBLE

PANSY

"ROGLI GIANTS"—A new race of giant flowering Pansies combining some new colours. Highly recommended. 2/6 pkt.

"GIANT PERFECTION"—This is an excellent Pansy of the very large flowered type containing some beautiful colours and shades. Moderately priced at 1/6 pkt.

"ULLSWATER"—Enormous flowers of wedgewood blue with deep blue markings. 1/- pkt.

PRIMULA

DAWKINS "CARMINE PINK"—Outstanding new introduction in *Primula Malacoides*. Colour is deep carmine pink. It has great freedom of flower and growth. Coloured plate can be seen at our shop. 1/- pkt.

"PRINCESS MARY"—Colour a deep rose pink. Flowers extra large and spikes longer than the ordinary type. Recommended. 1/- pkt.

RUDBECKIA

"KELVEDEN STAR"—A perfect long-stemmed flower for cutting. The flowers all vary both in form and colouring, but all have dark brown central discs, surrounded by a shining mahogany zone, on petals of deep golden. Reaches 3ft. in height. 1/- pkt.



RUDBECKIA--KELVEDEN STAR

SCHIZANTHUS

"MONARCH"—This is a superlative mixture of the giant type of schizanthus. All colours imaginable and growth exceptional. The individual flowers are as large as a shilling-piece, and above all it is easy to grow. 1/6 pkt.



PRIMULA--DAWKINS CARMINE PINK



SCHIZANTHUS--MONARCH

GENERAL LIST OF VEGETABLE SEEDS

FOR SEASON 1935.

IN presenting this Catalogue for 1935, we beg to inform our Customers that we have only listed the varieties of Seeds, Plants, etc., that we practically know to do well in this State, but should any variety other than those which appear in this Catalogue be asked for, we shall be only too pleased to procure same. The description given with the various kinds of Vegetables in this List below is, to the best of our belief, correct. Change of soil, modification of food supplies, and other changed conditions, influence the growth of plants so that it is impossible to give a guarantee of correctness, name, or quality, or other productiveness of Seeds, but as we select our Seeds from growers of great repute in England, the Continent and America, we have no hesitation in saying that with proper care and attention, our Seeds cannot fail to give good results.

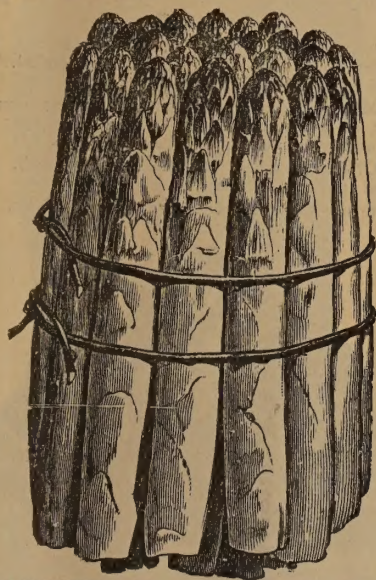
ASPARAGUS

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Sow in rich, light soil, in rows 18in. apart, and when large enough to handle, thin out to 9in. Care should be taken to keep weeds down for first year. Apply plenty of water or liquid manure during dry weather.

CONOVER'S COLOSSAL—A well-known variety, large size, tender, good quality.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS—Obtainable from May to September. Two-year-old plants, 2/6 doz.; 12/6 per 100.



CONOVER'S COLOSSAL ASPARAGUS

ARTICHOKE

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Sow the seeds in November and January in beds, Sow in September and October in a row where they are to remain; thin out to 1ft. or 18in. and transplant following year, allowing each plant 4ft. all sides.

JERUSALEM—Not procurable from seed, Plant the tubers in spring, in rows 18in. apart and 12in. in the row. Price fluctuates. Cheaper in quantity.

BEANS

(6d. per packet)

BROAD BEANS

Sow from March onward, in drills 3ft. apart and 1ft. in the rows, covering the seeds to a depth of about 2in. When the crop commences to flower, the top of each stem should be cut off to increase the growth of pods.

LEVIATHAN—A very long-podded variety; the best in cultivation; very prolific. 9d. lb.; postage, 9d. lb. extra.

BROAD WINDSOR—A very productive variety, with good large pods. 9d. lb.; postage, 9d. lb. extra.

DWARF FRENCH BEANS

(6d. per packet)



FRENCH BEANS

Sow from September in a warm part of the garden, and later crops should be sown in damp situation, in drills 2ft. apart, leaving 3in. or 4in. between the seeds. Beans require plenty of water during dry weather.

"BROWN WONDER"—The latest introduction in disease-resistant Beans. It is a dwarf grower, similar to Canadian Wonder, but is immune from Bean Wilt. The beans are fairly long and of excellent flavour. Seed is brown in colour and very scarce. 1/- pkt.

CANADIAN WONDER—The most prolific Bean in cultivation, bearing very fleshy pods; exceedingly tender. 1/- lb.; postage, 9d. lb. extra.

GIANT STRINGLESS GREEN POD—A decided improvement on the old dwarf French Bean; comes in very early and bears enormous crops; fleshy and brittle. 6d. per packet; 1/6 lb.

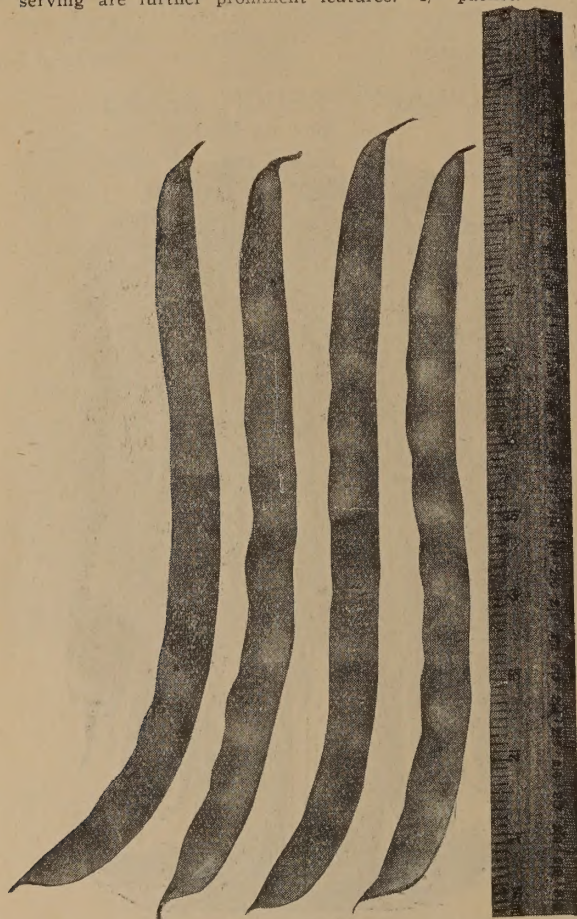
EARLY PALE DUN—Very early and productive. Pods are straight, 5in. to 6in. long; tender and succulent. 6d. packet; 1/6 lb.

FELTHAM PROLIFIC—This is the earliest and heaviest cropping Bean in existence. The dwarf plants bloom and pod like magic. Pods are medium size, delicious and tender, and by pinching both ends off, can be cooked whole. The seed is small and speckled. One pound is about equal to two pounds of Canadian Wonder. 6d. packet; 2/- lb. Postage extra 4d. on packet and 9d. on lb.)

RUNNER BEANS

EPICURE RUNNER BEANS—Seed, brown; pods are often 15in. long, thick, fleshy, stringless, tender and fine flavour. 6d. per packet.

EMPIRE RUNNER BEANS—White seeded. Pods are 13in. long or more, very prolific, starting early with the production of pods which cover the plant from top to bottom. Its productiveness, tastiness and exquisite usefulness for conserving are further prominent features. 1/- packet.



PROLIFIC—Excellent new white-seeded runner Bean. This is the one that is grown extensively at Osborne Park by the market gardeners. Bean long, almost straight, and flat, often reaching 12in. in length. Seed scarce. 1/- Quantity price on application.

SCARLET RUNNER—This variety is valuable as an ornamental climber; also very useful as a vegetable. It is very prolific and a continuous bearer. 6d. packet.

KENTUCKY WONDER—The most popular of the pole varieties, and should be in every garden where Beans are planted. It grows luxuriantly and bears for a long period. Pods are very long, very fleshy, and deeply crested or saddle-backed, green in colour, and stringless; seed, light brown. Price, 6d. packet; postage extra.

GREAT SNAKE or EXTRA EARLY ASPARAGUS—A very productive and vigorous growing variety, producing pods which sometimes measure 32in. in length. When young, the pods are very fleshy, and of delicate, agreeable flavour, resembling somewhat that of the Asparagus. 6d. packet; post free, 8d.

BUTTER BEANS

(6d. per packet)

The pods of these varieties are stringless and can be cooked whole. The flavour is excellent. Cultivation same as French Beans.

GOLDEN BUTTER WAX (Dwarf)—An exquisitely flavoured variety; immense cropper.

BEET

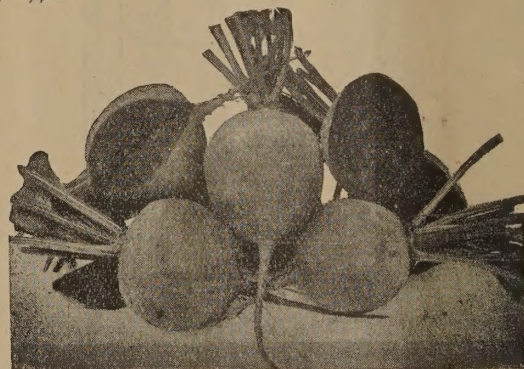
Requires a deep, open soil, digging the ground well and giving a good dressing with manure, which should be mixed up with the soil. Sow seeds in drills 18in. apart and 1in. deep; thin out when large enough to handle to 6in. apart. 2/- 1/2lb. (3d. and 6d. packet, post free.)

DETROIT—Perhaps the finest globe Beet grown. Leaves dark red and the root real blood-red; recommended. 3d. and 6d. packet; 9d. oz.; 1/9 1/4lb.

EARLY MODEL—This new Beetroot is proving popular in many States. It is fairly early, and of a globe shape; colour, dark red. 3d. and 6d. packet; 9d. oz.; 1/9 1/4lb.

ERFURT LONG BLACK RED—Long, smooth, red, almost black; best variety for table. 1/9 1/4lb.

ECLIPSE—Turnip-shaped, fine dark blood colour, very sweet. 1/9 1/4lb.



BEET—DETROIT

EGYPTIAN (Turnip-shaped)—Very distinct; flesh deep red; valuable for summer use, as it comes in early.

SUTTON'S CRIMSON GLOBE—The finest of all turnip-shaped varieties. Ready much earlier than the long-shaped Beets. 1/9 1/4lb.

SILVER or SWISS CHARD—The mid-ribs are used served up as Asparagus; they are of a silvery-white and very large. The leaves make a nice dish served up as Spinach. This variety is reproductive and will stand cutting, but the roots are not edible. Good for poultry.

BORECOLE or KALE

Sow seed from November to March, and again in June, and transplant as soon as large enough to handle, into rows 2ft. apart and 2ft. between. 3d. and 6d. pkt.

DWARF GREEN CURLED—A useful, hardy variety; best for table use. 9d. oz.

THOUSAND-HEADED—A splendid variety for poultry, stock, or pig feeding. 6d. oz.; 1/6 3/4lb.

JERSEY or TREE—Very valuable for stock and poultry. 6d. oz.

BRUSSELS SPROUTS

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Sow the seeds in November and January in beds, transplant into rows 2ft. apart and 1ft. between plants.

SCRYMGER'S GIANT—A very fine, valuable variety, producing very large sprouts in good quality. 1/6 oz.

CARROTS

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)



CARROT: EARLY MARKET

A deep, rich soil that has been previously manured and prepared is the best to grow Carrots properly. The soil should be made fine, and the seeds sown 1in. deep, and the ground pressed very hard after the seeds are sown, leaving 1ft. between the rows, thinning out when required.

CHANTENAY—This is the finest intermediate Carrot grown, of medium length, it ends in a stump root. It is the most economical for household use, and has a fine red, tender core. Our stock is grown from the finest selected stock roots. 6d. packet; 9d. per oz.

EARLY SHORT HORN—A well-known variety; largely grown for table use; medium size, very tender. 9d. oz.

LONG RED ALTRINGHAM—An extra fine sort; the roots grow to a large size. 9d. oz.

GUERANDE or OXHEART—It is intermediate between James' Scarlet and the Horn varieties, and is perfectly distinct. The shape is nearly oval and the colour and quality all that can be desired. 9d. oz.

EARLY MARKET—Best for market or home use. 9d. oz.

JAMES' SCARLET INTERMEDIATE—The standard variety for main crop, producing good long roots of good colour and excellent flavour. 9d. oz.

WHITE BELGIAN—A white variety of good size; invaluable for stock.

CABBAGE

CULTIVATION—This is one of the most important Vegetables, as it may be had in use every day in the year. A little seed may be sown once in every month, except May and June. When the plants are large enough to handle, transplant into rows from 2 to 2 1/2 ft. apart. 3d. and 6d. per packet.

APHIS-PROOF—An excellent glossy-leaved Cabbage for planting in the hot season, where the aphid is troublesome. It does not always give compact hearts, but even when it does not, the leaves make an excellent vegetable. 2/- oz.

BRUNSWICK LARGE WHITE—Heads very solid, of a large size; compact and flat; splendid garden variety.



CABBAGE: SUCCESSION.

CHINESE CABBAGE (Pe-tsai)—Grows similar to Silver Beet; cultivation same as for early Cabbages.

COPENHAGEN MARKET—This superb Cabbage is undoubtedly without a rival as the finest, large, round-headed early Cabbage in cultivation. The type is thoroughly fixed. The heads, maturing evenly, average about 10lb. each in weight; very solid, with fine core and of fine quality. The plant is short stemmed, the heads being produced almost on the ground level. We can highly recommend this variety to either private or market growers. 1/6 oz. (postage extra).

RED DUTCH—For pickling; good colour. 1/- oz.

EARLY DRUM-HEAD—This splendid Cabbage, whether grown for medium, early, main crop, or late use, is unsurpassed. It is of large size, perfect in shape, good colour, and of the finest quality. 1/- oz.

DANISH BALDHEAD—This excellent variety is very hardy, solid, and a splendid keeper; head very uniform; grows to a large size; of fine flavour and colour. 1/3 oz.

EARLY YORK—Very early sort; suit private gardens.

HENDERSON'S SUCCESSION—A variety largely grown for medium, early and late use; large heads, good shape and colour. 1/3 oz.

IMPROVED ENFIELD MARKET—Valuable winter variety; largely grown by market gardeners.

IMPROVED ST. JOHN'S DAY (Early)—One of the finest summer Cabbages; will heart during the hottest months and produces large, solid heads. It can be sown at any time of the year. It turns in quickly, and is all heart; leaves are dark green, short stemmed.

JERSEY WAKEFIELD—One of the earliest sorts; grows very uniform; the heads are pyramidal in shape, with a round peak.

ENKHUIZEN'S GLORY—Amongst many sorts of White Cabbage, none of them combines these two desirable qualities of being early and large so well as this sort.

SUGAR-LOAF—Distinct variety; excellent for private use; early.

GOLDEN ACRE—This is the earliest Drum-head type of Cabbage on the market. Solid round head, dark glossy green leaves. We can thoroughly recommend this Cabbage and can see a future for it when known.

CHINESE "WONG BOK"—The finest type grown, very quick grower, and heads very compact. It also has a finer flavour than the old type. Also used extensively for poultry. 3d. and 6d. packet; 1/6 oz.

SAVOY CABBAGE

CULTIVATION.—The general cultivation of Savoys is similar to that of the Cabbage. Savoys are generally preferred for winter use, being then of a better flavour. 3d. and 6d. packet, 1/- oz.

SAVOY, DWARF GREEN CURLED—A curly early variety, with compact head; one of the best.

SAVOY, DRUM-HEAD—A large variety, compact, and of excellent flavour; highly recommended.

CELERY

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Celery requires very rich deep soil, and a moist situation is the best. Sow seeds in beds or boxes in July, August and September. As soon as large enough to handle, they should be planted out into rich beds. Manure to a depth of 6in. should be dug into the trench, and as much liquid manure as possible to be given while the plants are growing.

COLE'S CRYSTAL WHITE—Large, crisp and fine flavoured; one of the best. 1/6 oz.

SOUP CELERY—A splendid substitute for stick Celery for flavouring. 6d. oz.; 1/3 ¼lb.; 4/6 lb.

HENDERSON'S WHITE PLUME—A self-protecting variety of delicious flavour; very early and of easy culture. 1/6 oz.; 5/- ¼lb.; post free.

CELERY: GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING—Thick golden yellow stalks, of splendid quality; tall and compact. 2/- oz.

CAPE GOOSEBERRY

(6d. per packet, post free.)

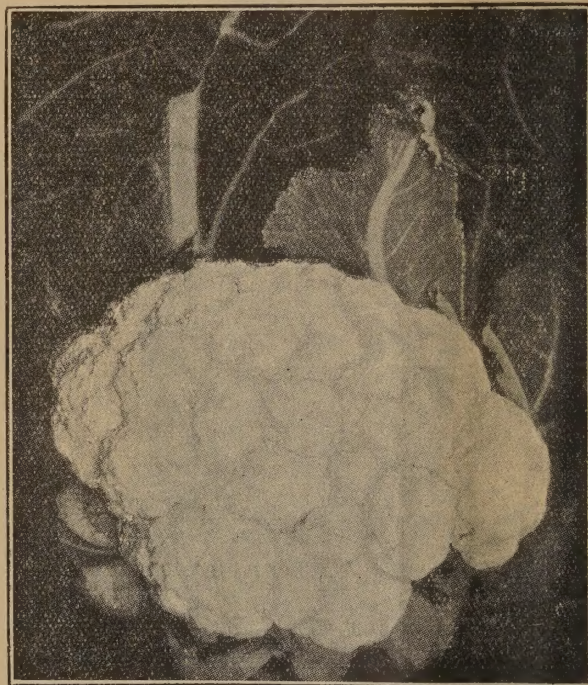
Sow in beds or boxes in September or October; plant out into rows 3ft. or 4ft. apart. The plants last some years, but require to be pruned annually to cut the old wood out.

CAULIFLOWER

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Except where specially priced.

CULTIVATION.—Cauliflowers may be obtained in this climate during at least half the year, under ordinary treatment, and in cool situations, or where water is plentiful, nearly the whole year round. The soil for them should be equally rich as for Cabbages, and where that for winter crops happens to be damp, it may be formed into ridges and the Cauliflowers planted on the top. For the first or autumn crop, the seed must be sown from December to February, and for later crops a little may be sown every month; but heads can rarely be obtained during the hottest months, except in cool districts or by abundant watering.



WILSON'S BEST EARLY.

"BRUNSWICK"—This variety has been grown in the Brunswick district for four years and carefully selected, until at present it is the best main crop Cauliflower we saw last year. Flower grows to fairly large size and is snow white and very close grained. It received top price in the market regularly last season. Seed, 1/- pkt., 6/- oz.

EARLY GREEN LEAF IMPROVED (Aphis-Proof)—We have been fortunate in securing a small quantity of this improved Cauliflower direct from the raiser of this splendid variety. It is aphis-proof and suitable also for arid conditions where other sorts fail. Its improvement is mainly more compactness and finer flower. This variety of Cauliflower has been well tried out and proved highly suitable for our conditions. Highly recommended. 1/- packet; 7/6 oz.

DRY WEATHER—Produces large, solid, pure white heads of excellent quality; sweet. It is especially adapted for growing in dry locations where other varieties fail. Make soil rich and give thorough cultivation. 1/6 packet.

ERFURT GIANT—An excellent variety, producing fine white heads, which remain a long time in perfection. 4/- oz.; 1/- pkt.

EARLY LONDON—A well-known, quick-growing, hardy variety, with fine white heads. 6d. packet; 2/6 oz.

AUTUMN MAMMOTH—One of the best Cauliflowers in cultivation; compact, dwarf grower, with very large white heads. 1/- packet; 4/- oz.

EXTRA EARLY DWARF SNOWBALL—It is extremely early, very dwarf and compact in its habit of growth, and produces large snow-white heads; highly recommended. 1/- packet; 5/- oz.

ECLIPSE—A splendid summer variety, with large, pure white heads; withstands drought well.

VEITCH'S AUTUMN GIANT—An exceedingly valuable variety producing heads large, white, compact and firm. 2/6 oz.

WILSON'S BEST EARLY—This fine Cauliflower is unsurpassable in every way. Large pure white solid heads, well protected by plenty of leaves. We can confidently offer this Cauliflower as one of the best yet grown. 1/- packet; 4/- oz.

WILSON'S MAIN CROP—This is a new Cauliflower, introduced last season by us. It is a true main-crop variety, with very large pure white heads. This Cauliflower is a local variety that has been grown here for the past five years, and has grown a first-class crop each year and commanded big prices in the markets. Another good feature is that it is a self-protecting type. Highly recommended. 1/- packet; 7/6 oz.

CAPSICUM or PEPPER

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Sow in beds or boxes in September or October; when large enough to handle, transplant into rows, leaving 2½ ft. between each plant.

ELEPHANT TRUNK—Fleshy scarlet, mild flavour.

RUBY KING—Bright red.

CELESTIAL—Charming variety.

SWEET CORN or TABLE MAIZE

(6d. per packet; 9d. posted.)

This is a delicious vegetable, served with white sauce or gravy. The cobs should be taken off as soon as the grains are fully formed and before they have begun to harden. Sow seed in August, September, October and November, in drills 3 ft. apart and the plants 1 ft. apart. 2/- lb. (postage extra).

Sweet Corn is a very healthy and delicious vegetable and should be eaten largely.

TRIUMPH—A very large extra early variety, producing a fine cob of very rich and sweet flavour.

GOLDEN BANTAM—This is the sweetest of the Sweet Corns. Although the ears are small, it is very hardy, and grows beautifully. Well-filled golden ears; unbeatable for table use.

EGG PLANT

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

This fruit may be treated in exactly the same manner as the Capsicum. The plants may stand 18 in. to 2 ft. apart, and if a finer sample is required the fruit must be thinned.

LEEK

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Leeks like a deep, pliable and rich soil. When as thick as a pen handle, transplant into deep holes made with a dibble.

LONDON FLAG—A well-known variety; largely grown. 1/- oz.

LYONS—Favourite exhibition variety; large, thick, solid and fine quality. 1/- oz.

LETTUCE

(3d. and 6d. per packet)

This salad may be had all the year round by frequent sowings and plantings, choosing a warm situation in the winter and a moist situation in the summer. For winter use the seed should be sown in beds and transplanted into rows when large enough to handle; but in summer it is better to sow where the plants are to remain.

ALL THE YEAR ROUND—A black-seeded variety of great merit, rarely running to seed. 1/- oz.; 3/- ¼ lb.

AUSTRALIAN YELLOW—A Cabbage Lettuce that will withstand our hot, dry summer without quickly running to seed, has long been wanted. They are similar in appearance to the Neapolitan, but very much lighter in colour, the leaves being yellowish-green. 1/- per oz.

WEBB'S WONDERFUL—Large size, tender and crisp, long standing. This valuable variety is a great acquisition to the Cabbage sorts of Lettuce, as it will remain a very long time in the bed when fully grown without bolting to seed, so that every Lettuce can be eaten. 6d. packet; 1/3 oz.

GREEN CURLED—Beautifully curled, dark green leaves; an excellent salad.

DRUMHEAD—Forms large heads, which are firm, crisp and tender; one of the best. 1/- oz.

ICEBERG—A large variety with solid, crisp heads, largely grown. 1/- oz.

NEAPOLITAN—Beautiful curled leaves, with firm, crisp, large, solid heads. 1/- oz.

NEW YORK—Crisp, solid, good quality, large size and long standing. 1/- oz.

PARIS WHITE COS—The best of the Cos variety.

HANSEN IMPROVED—An improved type of Cabbage Lettuce; splendid for summer planting. 1/6 oz.

BIG BOSTON—A large growing Cabbage Lettuce; crisp, curly leaves. 1/- oz.



LETTUCE—WONDERFUL

HERBS

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Sow seed in boxes, or in open rows, about 18in. apart; mulch during summer and keep the surface loose.

BASIL SWEET—For flavouring soups, stews, sauces, etc.

BORAGE—Useful for salads; excellent for bees.

CHERVIL—For flavouring soups.

DILL—For soups.

HOREHOUND—For medicinal purposes.

HYSSOP—Used for making Hyssop Tea, etc.

LAVENDER—Cultivated for its aromatic flowers.

MARJORAM—Used in soups and stuffing.

ROSEMARY—An aromatic Herb used for making hairwash.

RUE—Used for medicinal purposes and for roup in fowls.

SAGE—Used for stuffing and sauces.

SAVOURY—Greatly used for stuffings.

THYME—For soups, sauces and stuffings.

(Plants of Sage, Thyme, Mint and Marjoram can be supplied).

KOHL RABI or TURNIP-ROOTED CABBAGE

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

This is a delicious vegetable; it is greatly superior as a table vegetable to any kind of turnip, but must be eaten while young.

LARGE GREEN—2/6 ¾lb.

LARGE PURPLE—2/6 ¾lb.

ENDIVE

CULTIVATION—This vegetable is a suitable substitute for Lettuce during winter, and the treatment is similar. To secure delicate white heads, tie them up closely so that they may become blanched. 6d. per packet.

CUCUMBER

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

For the earliest crops, out of doors, seed may be sown in July, in bottom heat; harden off and plant out early in September. For later crops seed may be sown in the open ground, protected by a little hessian from wet weather in October and sow on till December in open ground.

APPLE SHAPED—This variety is much appreciated in this country, having a delicious flavour, and is absolutely the best for salads.

BOSTON MARKET—Fruits from 7 to 9 inches long, slightly tapered at ends; a splendid all-round variety, suitable for both market and private garden.

EARLY WHITE SPINE—A most popular variety, flesh crisp and of a fine flavour. 1/6 oz.

DAVIS PERFECT—This is a splendid early Cucumber. Grows 9 to 12in. long. Perfect in shape, colour and quality. 1/3 oz.

JAPANESE CLIMBING—This variety is very hardy; climbs freely, and is of excellent flavour. 1/6 oz.

STOCKWOOD LONG RIDGE—Early, heavy cropper; fine outdoor variety.

SHORT GREEN—Largely grown for pickling.

LONG GREEN GRECIAN—A valuable variety, producing long fruits of excellent flavour; dark green, crisp and firm. 1/6 oz.

LONG GREEN PRICKLY—A very hardy variety, good flavour, and abundant bearer. 1/- oz.

RUSSIAN CHERKIN—Very early; a valuable variety for small pickles. 1/6 oz.; post free.

CRESS

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Cress may be grown all the year round; in winter it may be sown in a warm border at the foot of a fence or other warm spot, by making shallow drills as near as possible with the finger or stick, sowing the seeds quite thick and beating the ground with the back of a spade, barely covering the seed. A shady spot should be selected for summer.

EXTRA FINE CURLED—A very fine variety. 1/3 ¾lb.; 6d. pkt.

WATER CRESS—Sow in a shady, moist place, or slow running stream. 6d. packet.

ROCK MELON

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

The soil should be fairly good, but it is not necessary to use very much manure except to give the plants a start. The seed should be sown in hills, leaving from 5 to 6 feet between each hill, placing 9 or 10 seeds in each, and, when the plants have two or three rough leaves on, thin out to about four plants.



EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK

EMERALD GEM—A deliciously flavoured variety; flesh salmon colour and sweet. 1/- oz.

EXTRA EARLY HACKENSACK—Flesh light green, nutmeg shape, heavily netted, nice flavour. 1/- oz.

HONEY BALL—This is a cross between a Cantaloupe and a Casaba Melon. Melon is perfectly round, slightly netted, has a very thick flesh of delicious flavour. Flesh green in colour. Small seed cavity. When fully ripe, Melon is light yellow colour, and easily carries away from the vine. The rind is tough, which makes this variety a good shipper.

LARGE YELLOW CANTALOUPE—A salmon flesh variety; very prolific.

LONG ISLAND BEAUTY—A very handsome Melon, very early, excellent quality, green flesh, and good shape. 1/- oz.

ROCKYFORD—A splendid early fruiting variety; fruit small and nicely netted; flesh light green, melting and luscious flavour. 1/- oz.

CASABA or WINTER ROCK MELON—A distinct class of Rock Melon, very popular in America, where they have a great reputation for their long keeping qualities. If stored in a cool shed or cellar, they can be kept throughout the winter. Cultivation similar to Rock Melon.

HONEY DEW—A remarkable late maturing and long-keeping Melon. Quite distinctive and promises to be of great value as a late market sort. Honey Dew is round, with a smooth cream skin. The flesh is emerald green, very thick, with a delicious flavour.

SALMON TINT POLLOCK—A fine Melon of medium size, heavily netted, with salmon tint flesh. Similar growth and shape to Rockyford. 3d. and 6d. packet; 1/6 oz.

WATER MELON

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

The water melon requires a richer soil than the Rock Melon, and if grown properly, will give a good return for the little care bestowed upon it. Sow seed in the same way as for Rock Melon. 9d. oz.

COLE'S EARLY—A very extra early variety, and good, prolific bearer; it is very solid, good colour, and delicious flavour.

HONEY BOY—This is a very fine new Melon, uniformly large, long and solid, weighing 40 to 50 lb., and every one a good one. The flesh is sparkling red, and of a delicious flavour. Rind dark, glossy green.

CUBAN QUEEN—One of the best; solid, heavy, early, and of excellent quality.

NEW WONDER—In shape somewhat resembling the Watson, only thicker. The colour is dark, solid green. Rind is thin, but tough. The flesh is red and heart solid. An exceptionally fine eating Melon for home and market.

FORDHOOK EARLY—Bright red flesh, very sweet; extra early, said to ripen three weeks earlier than any other variety; fruit of large size.

THE McIVOR SUGAR—Soft pale pink flesh, crisp, free from stringiness, even under unfavourable seasons; juicy and luscious sweetness.

TOM WATSON—Produces Melons 16 to 22in. long and 8 to 10in. in diameter. The dark green rind is thin but tough. Stands shipping well. Flesh deep red and melting, and of finest flavour. Finest of all Melons.

RATTLESNAKE—Good main crop sort; fruit oblong, large and juicy; skin dark striped, somewhat like Cuban Queen.

MANGO MELON

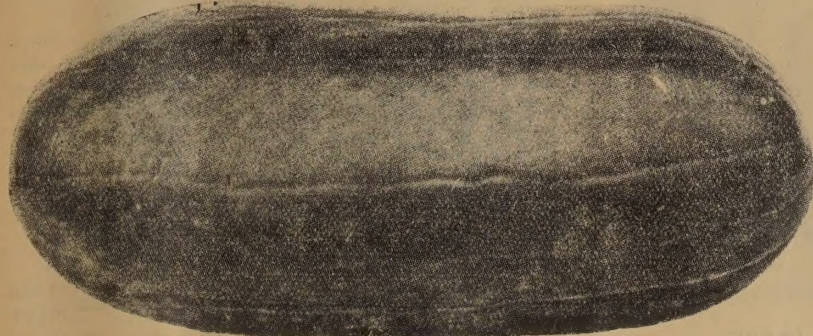
Splendid for cooking; makes excellent preserves. They grow on vines same as Melons, are of beautiful golden yellow, almost exactly resembling oranges in colour, shape and size. Very prolific, early and hardy. Directions given for the culture of Rock Melon will answer for these. Sow in September and October. 6d. per packet.

PRESERVING, PIG and PIE MELONS

(3d. and 6d. per packet)

CITRON (Green Seeded)—Excellent for Jams and Preserves, etc.; largely grown for pigs. 1/6 1/4lb.

CITRON (Red Seeded)—Excellent for Jams and Preserves; round and handsome. 2/- 1/4lb.



TOM WATSON

MUSHROOM SPAWN

Can be successfully grown in pots, boxes or beds, either out of doors or in a shed or cellar, during autumn or Winter months. The beds are made of fresh horse-dung, and fermented until the violent heat is gone. Make a bed 4ft. wide and 1ft. deep, beaten hard with the back of a spade, and left till the heat is steady at about 60 to 70 degrees, then pieces of spawn about the size of a walnut should be inserted an inch deep and 3 or 4in. apart all over the bed, which must be covered with 3in. of soil, such as mushrooms naturally grow in. Mushrooms may be expected about six weeks from time of spawning.

ENGLISH MUSHROOM SPAWN—1/6 per brick. Postage, 9d. extra.



MUSHROOM, 1/6 per brick.

MUSTARD

Treat same as Cress.

BEST WHITE—6d. per oz.; 1/- per 1/4lb.



CUBAN QUEEN

ONION

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Good Onion Seed is of the utmost importance.

Good loamy ground should be selected, which should be well worked and manured. Sow seeds in March to April in beds and transplant into rows 1ft. to 9in., with 12in. between the plants. Onion seeds should not be covered, but pressed firmly into the soil. As some of the plants transplanted are likely to start for seed, the flower heads must be pinched off as soon as they appear.

SPEARWOOD BROWN GLOBE—This Onion is too well known among market gardeners to need a long description. Grown on our Carmel seed farm. 1/6 oz.

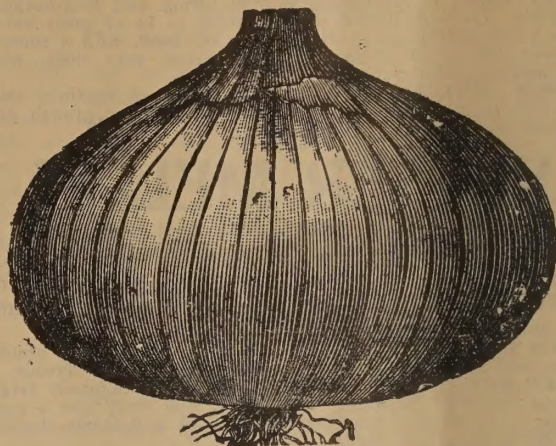
WHITE GLOBE—This is the finest White Onion at present in existence. Medium size, bulbs mild flavour and juicy. We are now growing this Onion for seed at our Carmel Seed Farm, where the strong loamy soil of this locality produces seed of strong vitality. 1/6 oz.; 5/6 1/4lb.

BROWN SPANISH (Colonial Grown)—Undoubtedly the very best variety grown; large bulbs, splendid keeper. 1/- oz.; 3/- 1/4lb.; 10/- 1lb.

EXTRA EARLY GOLDEN GLOBE—A beautiful Onion, of fine shape, and one of the earliest cultivated; excellent keeper. 1/6 oz.

NEW QUEEN—A silver skinned variety of quick growth and mild flavour; largely grown by market gardeners for an early crop. It attains a fair size, but if sown thickly produces fine picklers. 1/- oz.

GIANT ROCCA—A large reddish brown Tripoli, excellent for autumn or spring sowing; one of the best Onions grown, and one of the hardest. 1/- oz.



BROWN SPANISH ONION

ADRIATIC BARLETTA—An early small white Italian Onion for pickling; should be sown thickly. 1/- oz.

WHITE FLAT MAMMOTH (Tripoli)—A very large variety; very mild, and largely grown. 1/3 oz.

BROWN GLOBE—A splendid keeping variety. 1/- oz.

WHITE SPANISH—A very large Onion, of even shape, and a good cropper. 1/- oz.

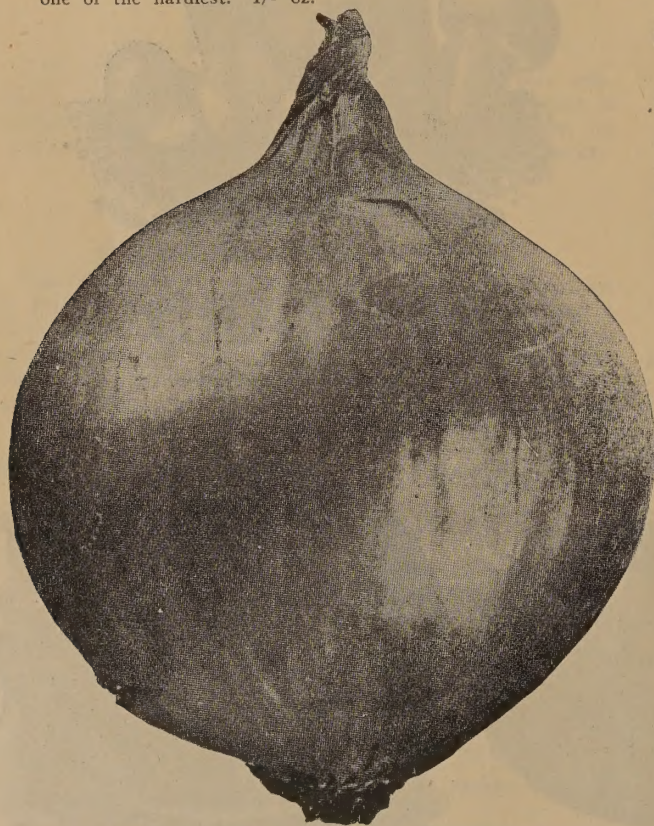
SILVER SKIN—Largely grown for pickling. 1/- oz.

ODOURLESS—This Onion, as its name implies, is quite odourless. It leaves no disagreeable taste or smell after eating; can be eaten like an apple. 1/- packet. Plants, 1/6 100.

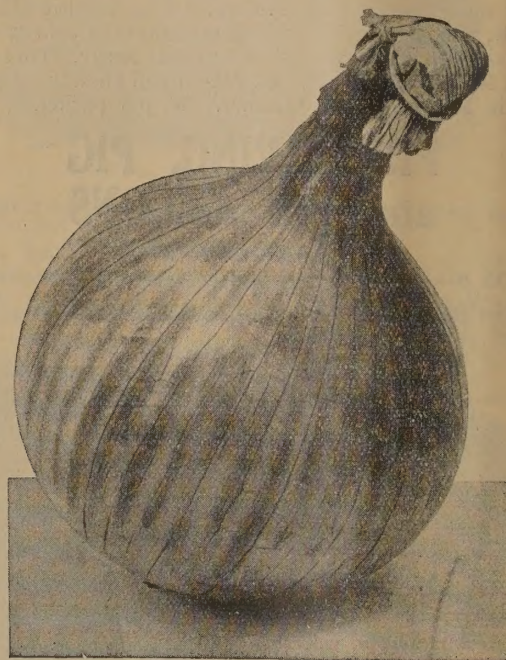
SHALLOTS—Seed, 6d. per packet.

EARLIEST OF ALL—Fine Onion for early cropping. Small, flat white Onion, similar to Bartletta, but earlier. Seed, 6d. pkt.; 1/3 oz.

AILSA CRAIG—A very large light brown skinned Onion. Bulbs are globe shaped, and notwithstanding its size, it keeps well and is mild in flavour. 6d. packet; 1/6 oz.; 5/- 1/4lb.



ONION: WILSON & JOHN'S WHITE GLOBE.



ONION—AILSA CRAIG

PUMPKIN

(3d. and 6d. per packet)

Sow in hills, from September to January, in well manured ground, each hill being 10ft. apart, placing 10 seeds in each hill, but do not allow more than 3 to run.

TURK'S CAP—A splendid table variety, and a good keeper. 9d. oz.; 2/- ¼lb.; 7/- lb.

IRONBARK SELECTED—Best variety grown, averaging 8 to 12 lb. weight; splendid keeper. 2/- ¼lb.; 7lb. lb.

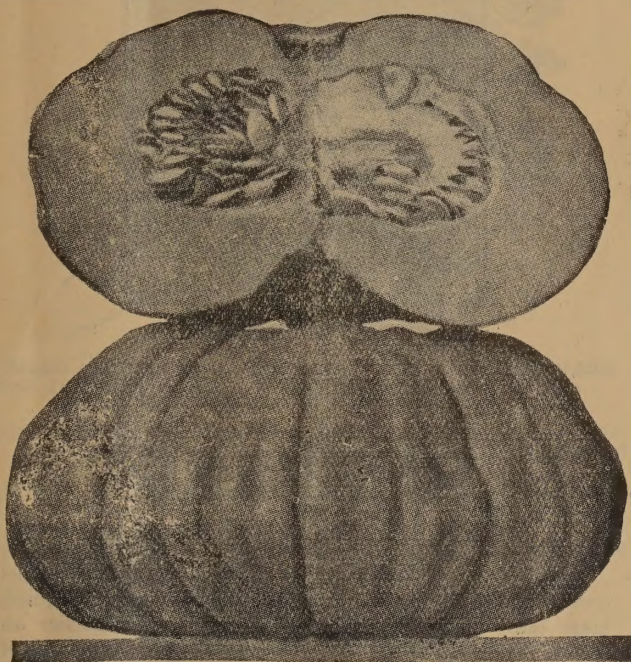
BUGLE (True)—A first-class table variety; prolific bearer. 1/- oz.; 3/6 ¼lb.; 12/- lb.

MAMMOTH KING—Splendid Pumpkin, large size, good keeper; nicely flavoured.

QUEENSLAND BLUE—A Pumpkin of exceptionally fine quality and flavour; dark skin, golden flesh, medium size. The flesh is dry and cooks beautifully. Queensland Blue is one of the most satisfactory varieties offered to-day. 1/- oz.

TRIANGLE—This has proved to be one of the best table Pumpkins we have. Of distinctive three-cornered shape and very thick flesh, and excellent flavour. 3/- ¼lb.

MAMMOTH—A very large, good-keeping variety. 2/- ¼lb.



PUMPKIN: TRIANGLE

POTATOES

Soil should be well manured and plenty of water applied during dry weather. Plant during May for first crop and on till January for an autumn crop. When well up, dig or hoe frequently between the rows, which should be 2ft. apart and 10in. to 12in. between the tubers. Prices on application. All varieties.

PARSLEY

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Sow seed in a warm border in winter and in a shady one in summer. Apply plenty of water in warm weather.

TRIPLE CURLED—A very curled variety; excellent for table. 9d. per oz.



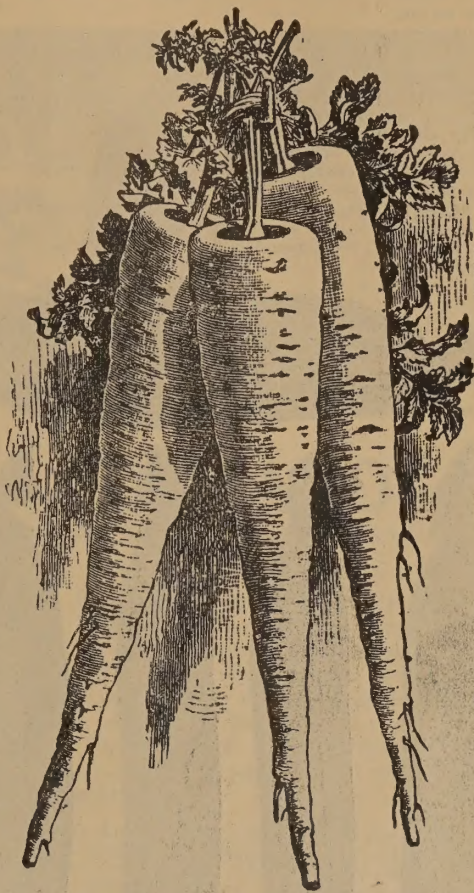
PARSLEY: TRIPLE CURLED

PARSNIP

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Treat same as Carrot, leaving rows 18in. apart and thinning out to 6in. or 8in., according to size of root required.

HOLLOW CROWN—Well-known variety; tender, sugary and fine flavour. 9d. oz.; 1/6 ¼lb.



PARSNIP: HOLLOW CROWN

PEAS

(6d. per packet; 9d. posted.)

Soil that has been manured for a previous crop preferred for Peas sown in winter, but for those sown in summer an additional dressing should be given. Sow in rows 3ft. apart and the seeds 2in. apart. To have a succession it is a good plan to sow seed when the previous crop is well above the ground. 6d. per packet; postage extra.

BLUE BANTAM—A very fine large-podded early variety, of very dwarf habit. It is earlier than American Wonder and pods are double the size; recommended. 1/3 lb.; 6d. packet.

BOUNTIFUL—This splendid new Pea we introduced recently, and have had many great reports of its wonderful cropping ability and excellent flavour. It grows about 2ft. 6in. high, and pods, which are very large, contain 9 and 10 peas in a pod. One lady customer stated she had as many as 13 peas in a pod. 1/6 per lb.; freight extra.

W. F. MASSEY—One of the earliest peas grown. Growth 18 in. Pods of very large size, containing up to 10 peas. This variety is highly recommended both for gardeners and home gardens.



LITTLE MARVEL.

LITTLE MARVEL—This is a splendid new Pea, and the earliest on the market. Pods fair size, containing 7 and 8 peas of average size. Matures in seven weeks. Recommended specially for Geraldton district. 6d. packet; 1/3 lb.

STRATAGEM—A very good cropping variety, with long pods, marrowfat. 1/- per lb.; postage extra.

DUKE OF ALBANY (5ft.)—A splendid Pea, unsurpassed as a main crop variety or for show purposes; pods of immense size. 1/- lb.

YORKSHIRE HERO—A well-known variety, fine flavoured, very productive; largely grown by market gardeners. 9d. lb.

SUGAR PEAS (Edible Podded)—Tall and dwarf; do not require shelling if picked young. Culture same as early varieties. 6d. packet.

WILLIAM HURST—A very early Pea; abundant bearer; marrowfat. 1/- per lb.

DAISY—A very popular variety; large, handsome pods, generally containing 7 to 12 peas in pod; delicious flavour. 1/- lb., postage extra.



GREENFEAST PEAS.

GREENFEAST—A recent introduction, combines many desirable qualities. Growth about 15 inches, of dwarf habit; very early and an immense cropper. 6d. per packet; 1/- lb.

RHUBARB

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Sow seed in August, September and October, in rich, loose soil, in drills for transplanting; sow seed thinly, plant out, leaving plants ½ft. apart. Do not gather any stalks from seedlings the first year, and apply plenty of manure and water during dry weather.

MYATT'S VICTORIA—A very large variety, of excellent flavour, and very prolific. 2/- oz.

TOPP'S WINTER (True)—A splendid variety, producing long crimson stalks during winter months. Should be largely grown. 2/- oz.

RHUBARB ROOTS—1/- to 1/6 each; 9/- to 12/- dozen.

SWEET POTATO

The best and cheapest way to grow Sweet Potatoes is from rooted cuttings, which should be planted in rows 2½ft. apart. Cuttings planted in moist land as late as January will produce a good crop in about four months. When thoroughly manured, the tubers should be taken up, stored in a warm place, packed in sand. 1/- per doz.; 7/- per 100; postage extra.

RADISH

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Sow seed in drills during the winter months and in beds during summer, in fairly thick soil, applying plenty of water, thinning out as in the case of all root crops. Seed can be sown fortnightly throughout the year, choosing a dry situation during the winter and a moist one in summer.

TURNIP-SHAPED, WHITE—Very early, crisp. 6d. oz.

TURNIP-SHAPED, RED—Early, crisp, mild flavour. 6d. oz.

BLACK SPANISH—Very hardy; attains a large size. 6d. oz.

FRENCH BREAKFAST—A very quick growing variety, oval shaped, scarlet, tipped with white. 6d. oz.

LONG SCARLET—A well-known variety; largely grown, good flavour. 6d. oz.



RADISH: LONG SCARLET

GIANT CRIMSON FORCING—This variety produces roots 6in. to 7in. in circumference, of the mildest flavour, firm and crisp, without getting pithy. 6d. oz.

WHITE ICICLE—Extra early variety of excellent flavour; short top, maturing in twenty-two days from the time of sowing seed; recommended. 6d. oz.

MAMMOTH WHITE CHINESE—A giant white variety, mild in flavour; tender and crisp. 6d. per oz.

SQUASH

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

CULTIVATION—The Squash is closely related to the Pumpkin and Vegetable Marrow, except the bush varieties, who do not run or require so much room.

EARLY WHITE SCALLOPED BUSH (Custard Marrow)—A nearly flat, scalloped shaped sort, of a light cream colour.

HUBBARD—Large size; flesh fine grained, dry, and of good flavour; a splendid keeper.

(3d. and 6d. per packet)

SPINACH

Sow seed thinly in drills, in rich soil, thinning out so as to leave plants standing 9in. apart. Spinach may be obtained throughout the year by sowing the proper varieties of seed.

PRICKLY—For autumn and winter use. 9d. oz.

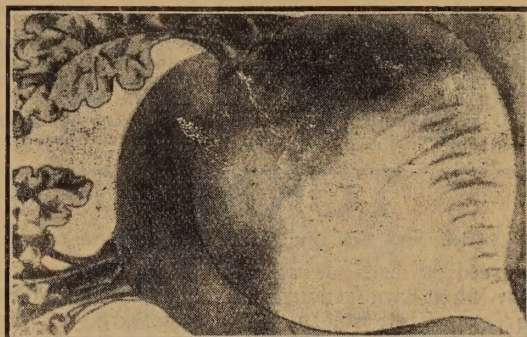
NEW ZEALAND—A rapid grower, and will stand transplanting. 6d. oz.

ROUND—For spring and summer use. 9d. oz.

SWEDES

IMPROVED PURPLE-TOP SWEDE—The best for general purposes; large, fine grained, yellowish flesh; a good keeper. 6d. packet, 3/- lb.

LANG'S GARDEN SWEDE—A splendid table Swede, handsome shape, excellent quality. 6d. oz.



SWEDE: SKIRVING'S IMPROVED PURPLE TOP

TOMATO

3d. and 6d. per packet, except where specially priced.)

Sow seed in boxes in July and transplant into pots as soon as large enough to handle, transplanting to open ground as soon as warm weather sets in, and for later crops seed may be sown in the open ground towards the end of August and September. The plants as they grow should be kept free of off-shoots, the weak laterals being picked off, and those that are to remain stopped at the flower; apply plenty of water during dry months.

BONNY BEST—An excellent new variety, already in demand. The fruit is very smooth, solid, and very uniform size, which is important for market. Medium size, bright red fruits, produced in clusters. 3/6 oz.

PEAR SHAPED—For preserves and pickling. 2/6 oz.

BURWOOD PRIZE (Second Early)—A most vigorous and hardy variety; an enormous cropper; smooth, oval-shaped fruit; an excellent market sort. 3/- oz.

DWARF CHAMPION—A very distinct early variety, potato-like foliage, sheltering its fruit from the sun; highly recommended. 2/6 per oz.

FREEDOM—Fruit of large size, round and extremely smooth, of a lovely scarlet colour. 2/6 oz.

EARLIANA—Large size, handsome shape; a lovely red colour and the most prolific Tomato grown. In solidity and extra fine quality is unsurpassed. 2/6 oz.

TREE TOMATO (Edible)—A sub-tropical shrub, the fruit of which somewhat resembles the Tomato, hence the reason for it being called "Tree Tomato." The fruit makes a good jam. 6d. per packet; plants, in pots, 1/6 each.

MARGLOBE—A very productive variety, and an excellent Tomato. Second early. Plants are large and erect, with plenty of shade. Fruit globular, large, red and smooth. 3/6 oz.

MIKADO—Produces fruit of bright scarlet colour; quite distinct foliage from any other variety; large size. 2/6 oz.

EARLY LARGE RED—A well-known hardy variety, crinkled fruit of excellent flavour. 1/- oz.

PONDEROSA—A very shy-seeding variety of a dark crimson colour, smooth, and of a delicious flavour. 2/6 per oz.

STONE—This is a splendid type of Tomato; large, smooth, and of bright red colour; early. 2/6 per oz.

BURBANK—Claimed to be the earliest Tomato in the world, and the best, bright crimson fruit; smooth skin, continuous bearer. 1/- packet.

CHALK'S EARLY JEWEL—Extremely early, large size; handsome smooth fruits. The growth is most compact; a plant in full fruit bears sixty to eighty fine large Tomatoes, of good size. Fruits are very solid, being almost round or ball-shaped; colour, brightest scarlet. 2/6 oz.

WILSON'S SUPREME (Wilt Resistant)—We desire to bring this new Tomato prominently before the public, as we consider it to be the finest and earliest on the market to-day. The fruit is round, slightly crinkled, dark red in colour, and of medium size that is best suited for marketing and table use. Habit of growth is dwarf and bushy. Extremely early and a splendid cropper. 3/6 oz.; Plants, 1/- doz.

TOMATO PLANTS—All the best varieties can be supplied from July to December. 1/- dozen; cheaper in quantities.

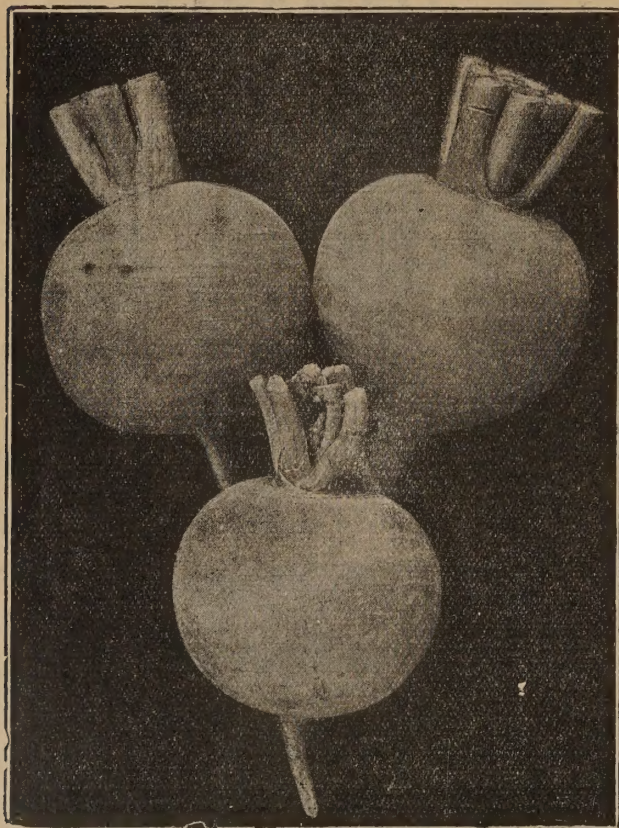
TURNIP

(3d. and 6d. per packet, post free.)

Sow seed in beds or rows in good, rich soil, and thin out when large enough to handle, always keeping the surface of the soil in a loose state, giving plenty of water during summer.

PURPLE TOP WHITE GLOBE—A very handsome early variety; pure white flesh and superior flavour.

EARLY WHITE STONE—A well-known variety; nice flavour, good shape, early. 6d. oz.



SNOWBALL—Largely grown by market gardeners; very early; good shape, fine flavour.

ORANGE JELLY—A splendid summer variety; withstands heat; medium size.

NEW CHAMPION—Fine white globe shape. The most profitable Turnip in cultivation, and is held in high esteem by all growers who have tried it.

NON-SEEDING WHITE—An exceedingly early white Turnip, and has a rich, sweet flavour which is entirely distinct from any of the early white fleshed sorts, being much richer and sweeter.

**SPECIAL RATES FOR MARKET GARDENERS
AND LARGE GROWERS.**

VEGETABLE MARROW

(3d. and 6d. per packet)

Same treatment as is required for Cucumber will suffice for Vegetable Marrow, planting the bush varieties 4ft. to 5ft. apart, and running varieties 8ft. 6d.

LONG WHITE BUSH—An excellent variety, abundant bearer, superior flavour. 2/- ¼lb.

CUSTARD—A bush variety, taking up little room; very prolific. 2/- ¼lb.

EARLY LONG WHITE—A quick-growing variety, trailer, excellent flavour; very prolific. 2/- ¼lb.

LONG GREEN—Similar to the above, excepting the colour, and cooks drier than the above. 2/- ¼lb.

VEGETABLE ROOTS & PLANTS

Ready about middle of March onwards. Healthy and well grown.

CABBAGE AND CAULIFLOWER PLANTS—6d. bundle, 1/6 100.

LETTUCE, BEET, SILVER BEET, and BRUSSELS SPROUTS—6d. bundle, 1/3 100.

ONIONS: Odourless—1/6 100; 10/- 1000.

Wilson's White Globe—1/3 100; 8/6 1000.

Bartletta, Brown Spanish, Brown Globe, etc.—1/- 100; 6/6 1000.

ONIONS, BULBS, &c.—Garlic, 1/6 lb. Obtainable all the year round.

Potato Onions—1/- lb. Obtainable from February to end of April.

Shallots—9d. lb. Obtainable from February to July.

Tree Onions—1/6 lb. Obtainable from February to end of April.

JERUSALEM ARTICHOKEs—Strong tubers. Obtainable from July to October.

White Jerusalem—A pure white variety, the tubers of which are clean, almost round, with few and very shallow eyes; flavour excellent. 6d. lb.

ASPARAGUS ROOTS—Obtainable from May to August.

Conover's Colossal—A well-known variety, of large size, tender, and of good quality. Two and three-year-old roots. 2/6 doz. to 12/6 per 100.

RHUBARB ROOTS (Topp's Winter)—This is an extraordinary variety, being in the greatest perfection during the winter months; namely, between the months of May and September, when every other variety is at rest. It is very hardy, being unharmed by the severest frosts. It is very prolific, stalks long, rather below medium size; the pulp and juice, when cooked, being highly coloured; flavour good. Price, 1/- each; 10/- doz.

Monthly Calendar for the Vegetable Garden

This Calendar applies to the Sowing of Seeds in the Perth District only. Our Clients will therefore make an allowance accordingly for sowing in the early and late districts of the State.

JANUARY—Beet, Kale, Brussels Sprouts, Cauliflower, Cabbage, Carrot, Celery, Cress and Mustard, French Beans, Radish, Kohl Rabi, Lettuce, Onion, Peas, Potatoes, Turnips and Swedes.

FEBRUARY—Kale, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage Cauliflowers, Carrot, Cress and Mustard, Celery, Endive, French Beans, Kohl Rabi, Leek, Lettuce, Peas, Potatoes, Radish, Spinach, Turnip and Swede.

MARCH—Cabbage, Cauliflower, Carrot, Celery, Cress, and Mustard, Endive, Kohl Rabi, Lettuce, Onion, Parsley, Parsnip, Peas, Radish, Spinach, Turnip and Swede.

APRIL—Asparagus, Broad Beans, Cabbage, Celery, Cress and Mustard, Endive, Garlic and Shallots, Kohl Rabi, Lettuce, Potato and Tree Onions, Onions, Peas, Radish, Spinach and Turnip.

MAY—Asparagus, Kale, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Cress and Mustard, Endive, Garlic and Shallots, Lettuce, Artichokes, Onions, Peas, Radish, Rhubarb and Spinach.

JUNE—Asparagus, Broad Beans, Carrot, Celery, Garlic and Shallots, Horse Radish, Artichokes, Leek, Lettuce, Onions, Peas, Radish, Rhubarb and Spinach.

JULY—Asparagus, Broad Beans, Brussels Sprouts, Kale, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Garlic and Shallots, Artichokes, Lettuce, Leek, Onion, Parsnip, Peas, Potatoes, Radish, Rhubarb, Spinach and Tomato.

AUGUST—Asparagus, Beet, Broad Beans, Cabbage, Cape Gooseberry, Carrot, Cauliflower, Celery, Cucumbers, Garlic and Shallots, Leek, Lettuce, Rock and Water Melons, Onion, Parsley, Peas, Potatoes, Radish, Rhubarb, Salsify, Spinach, Tomato, Vegetable Marrow, Pumpkin, Squash (sow in hot frame).

SEPTEMBER—Asparagus, Broad Beans, French Beans, Beet, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Capsicum, Carrot, Celery, Cress and Mustard, Cucumber, Egg Plant, Leek, Lettuce, Melons (Rock and Water), Onion, Parsnip, Peas, Potatoes, Radish, Rhubarb, Salsify, Sweet Corn, Spinach, Turnip, Tomato, Vegetable Marrow, Pumpkin and Squash.

OCTOBER—Asparagus, French Beans, Beet, Cabbage, Capsicum, Carrot, Celery, Cress and Mustard, Cucumber, Leek, Lettuce, Melons, Parsnip, Peas, Radish, Rhubarb, Salsify, Spinach, Sweet Corn, Turnip, Vegetable Marrow, Pumpkin and Squash.

NOVEMBER—French Beans, Brussels Sprouts, Kale, Cabbage, Celery, Cress and Mustard, Chinese Cabbage, Cucumber, Lettuce, Melons, Peas, Radish, Sweet Corn, Turnips, Vegetable Marrow and Pumpkin.

DECEMBER—French Beans, Kale, Brussels Sprouts, Cabbage, Cauliflower, Chinese Cabbage, Celery, Cress and Mustard, Lettuce, Parsnip, Peas, Spinach, Turnip and Swede.

The New Mushroom Spawn Culture

This is the latest special process of 100 per cent. production spawn.

It is a scientific production of the spores concentrated into small units and takes the chance out of mushroom production.

It is a lengthy process which cannot be hurried. Spawn is made up from the spores, crops grown from that, and determined from the crops, which the best spores were, which had been taken previously; then spawn is grown from these.

In this way unproductive varieties are eliminated, and only the most vigorous and perfect specimens used.

The old brick method was an unknown quantity which gave a very varying success. This new method has entirely superseded the old and mushrooms can be had with a fair degree of certainty. Method of preparation is similar to the old method.

Further particulars on application.

Prices

Small containers	2/-
Double size	3/6
Large bulk size	10/6

Post extra.

Farm Seed Department

FORAGE CROPS

A LEADING SPECIALITY OF OURS

When inquiring for Samples and Prices, please state approximate quantities required.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.—As we deal very largely in agricultural seeds of every description, and make them one of our specialities, we are enabled to supply large purchases on unusually favourable terms, and will be pleased to give any information regarding cultivation, sowing, etc.

During the past few years we have supplied the Government for Group Settlements with large quantities of various Clovers and Grasses.

This proves our ability to supply your requirements on very favourable terms.

Before being sent out, all seeds are cleaned in our recently-installed Wincrowing Machine of the latest model.

AUSTRALIAN SALT BUSH

This is one of the most useful of our natives. Particularly adapted for a dry climate like ours.

NUMMULARIUM (Old Man Saltbush)—One of the tallest, most fattening and wholesome of Australian pastoral Saltbushes, but not so much relished by grazing animals as some of the smaller species. Sheep and cattle pastured on Saltbush country are said to remain not only free from fluke, but to recover from this distoma disease and other allied ailments. 5/- lb.

SEMIBACCATUM—A perennial creeping variety very much liked by sheep: considered among the best of saline herbage of the Saltbush country. 5/- lb.

SUNFLOWER

A valuable plant, furnishing a large yield of excellent poultry feed. Sow the seed about September, leaving the plants about two feet apart, apply plenty of manure, and a good crop will follow. 7lb. of seed will sow an acre.

LARGE RUSSIAN—6d. per lb.; cheaper in quantities.

SHEEP'S BURNET

This fodder plant has proved itself to be eminently suitable for our dry inland country, where it would be futile to sow English grasses, and where the soil is not suitable for growing Lucerne. 1/6 lb. Price in quantities on application.

TAGASATE

(Commonly Called Tree Lucerne.)

Tagasate, commonly called Tree Lucerne, is a very vigorous fodder shrub, and one that will stand the severest frost or drought. Cattle and horses are very fond of it, eating it greedily and fattening upon it very quickly. The seed, which is very hard, should be steeped overnight in boiling water before sowing. About 4lb. of seed is sufficient to sow an acre. 6d. per oz.; 1/6 1/2 lb.; 5/- lb.

BUCKWHEAT

(50lb. to the Bushel.)

In China and Japan the seed is used for making bread, and in Europe it is employed for various purposes. It is an excellent food for poultry, and is useful for bees.

JAPANESE—This variety supersedes both the Silver Hull and the Common as regards enormous yields and earliness. The seed is distinct in size, shape and colour. 9d. per lb.

TARES OR VETCHES

The Tare or Vetch is a most valuable forage plant, and also makes excellent green food. The crop should be sown in autumn as early as the seed is able to germinate. It is most commonly sown with barley and rye (which helps to support it, and thus adds to its productiveness) at the rate of half bushel (60lb. to the bushel) to the acre, or singly, 2 bushels.

GOLDEN, GREY, or BLACK—9d. per lb.; Price for quantity on application.

COW PEAS

A valuable fodder plant, sheep being very fond of them when in flower, when they will eat the entire plant. It is also very suitable as a green crop to plough under. 1 to 1 1/2 bushels required to sow an acre. 9d. per lb. Price for quantity on application. Sow in spring.

FIELD PEAS

One of the most profitable crops. Valuable in rotation with cereals, and useful for land fouled by weeds. Whether grown for its seed or for fodder in mixture with oats, or for ploughing under, there is no crop we can recommend for more extensive culture. Like all leguminous crops, Peas have the power of extracting nitrogen from the air, and the soil from which a crop of Peas has been harvested is richer in nitrogen than before. The Pea, like the Bean, delights in a soil of a calcareous character, but succeeds best in light loam. If grown for green peas or seed on strong clay or soils rich in vegetable matter, the growth is too luxuriant, and if the season be wet, the pods will not fill out. Sow during the wet season, either broadcast at the rate of two bushels per acre, or in drills 2ft. apart.

**WHITE BRUNSWICK, GREY OR
PARTRIDGE DUNNS.**
(Prices on application.)

TANGIER PEAS**(Lathyrus Tingitanus.)**

This is an excellent fodder plant that has been grown with considerable success in many parts of this State, but from experiments it seems to be only a successful crop in the South-West and lower Great Southern districts, or in areas having over a 20in. rainfall, with good spring rains.

The plant stools largely, and will grow to a height of seven feet. Stock are very fond of it, and eat it to the last straw. It makes excellent silage. In light rainfall areas sow in autumn, and in heavy rainfall areas, sow about August. 10lb. of seed will sow an acre. Price, 1/- lb. small quantities; special price for quantities.

SOY BEANS

This bean will grow on a wide range of soils and

climatic conditions. In most cases, however, it is necessary to grow this crop more than once on the same ground to get the best results, as it takes a little time for the nitrogen-fixing bacteria to develop. The wider use of Soy Beans will enable the farmer to have a summer-growing legume crop which will give a hay of the feeding value of lucerne and clover if grown alone, or they can be used to bring up the feeding value of the more generally used summer crops. By planting a small proportion with the other seeds, the farmer will get the wonderful feed value of the legume in summer as well as winter.

Do not be disappointed if the first sowing does not come up to expectations, as once the bacteria has developed in the soil, subsequent sowings will show much more vigorous growth. Sow seed about 3 to the foot in drills about 2½ft. apart, after frosts are over. Price, 1/- lb. small quantities; special price for large lots.

PURE CLOVER SEEDS

A Special Line of ours. We handle large quantities of these valuable Fodders

Please state approximately quantity required. Prices for 14lb. to ton lots, with samples free on application.

TREFOIL OR HOP CLOVER

This Clover is very distinct, bearing a yellow flower, is erect and branching; and yields a large crop. It should be sown sparingly, otherwise it will smother the other clovers. It is useful for sowing with other grasses at the rate of 2 to 3 lb. per acre. If sown alone, it may be cut for hay. This is a Clover highly esteemed in England, where it is known under several different names. It grows on any soil that contains lime, and although it is an annual, it seeds itself so freely that it may almost be classed as perennial. Stock of all kinds like it, and it should be included in mixtures for all inferior soils. 20lb. required to sow an acre. 1/6 lb.

TRIFOLIUM SUBTERRANEUM

This Clover is one of the most nutritious plants known to agriculture, and is found growing on dry, sandy and gravelly soil. It is an annual, but may be passed as a perennial because it sows itself when once it gets a start, and this peculiarity cannot be claimed by any other members of the Clover family. The stems grow over each other to a depth of 6 or 7 inches, the lower ones being as healthy as those above; indeed the lower shoots are those that force their seed pods into soil in readiness for the following season's crop, hence the distinction applied to it, "Subterra." No other plant can develop or grow under such conditions. Of course, where stock graze continually, they keep it low, but even then are unable to eat it out on account of the lower stems clinging so closely to the ground. Where once introduced into grazing land, there it will remain until ploughed in. It may be thought that a plant growing and spreading so readily would be likely to become a pest, but the plant can be as easily destroyed as grown, by ploughing it in, thus enriching the soil by adding humus and nitrogen to it. We have now assembled a special cleaning plant to treat this Clover, which cleans a splendid sample. West Australian Subterranean Clover is the best in the world, germinating and coming into growth many days earlier than imported seed. Price for quantities on application.

VERY EARLY VARIETY (or "Dwalganup")—This variety is suitable only for districts on a rainfall below

19in. This is a great advantage, as it puts this fodder within reach of hundreds of farmers in districts where formerly it was useless sowing the later varieties.

It is quite useless sowing this variety in heavy rainfall areas, as it is not to be compared with the mid-season variety in bulk or feed. 2/- lb. Price for quantity on application.

MID-SEASON VARIETY—This variety applies to the great bulk of Sub. Clover pastures in this State, where the rainfall is 18in. and over. This is the variety to sow, and which gives the greatest bulk of fodder. It makes a heavy growth of foliage before flowering, which takes place from mid-September to late October, according to district and rainfall. 2/- lb. Price for quantity on application.

BURR TREFOIL

This Clover we recommend as the best variety of all, either Clovers or Grasses, for our dry districts. "It will grow anywhere and on any soil," but it has the special qualification that it will do better than any other grass in our dry districts. This is the plant that is grown all over the dry plains in the Western Districts of Victoria for sheep feeding. The seed should be sown before the first autumn rains so that the plant would get the benefit of every drop of rain that falls, "and this remark applies to every other kind of grass seeds except Rhodes and Couch Grass." The plant is a rapid grower and produces a great amount of good feed quickly. It dies off in the hot weather, but when dead it is good feed for sheep, and is readily eaten by them. It seeds very freely, and when once introduced is difficult to eradicate, as the seeds germinate with the first autumn rains each year. Price, 1/6 lb. Special price for quantities.

COW GRASS OR PERENNIAL RED

This is distinct from the Common Red Clover, possessing a strong and more penetrating root, and is less affected by either drought or frost. It is of quicker growth than the other varieties, and yields an immense crop, which is highly nutritious. This should be introduced into all permanent pastures. 20lb required to sow an acre by itself, or 4lb. mixed with other grasses. 2/- lb.

BOKHARA CLOVER

A very coarse growing Clover, but is found to do well in our country and other districts. We would advise a trial of this in dry situations; it is a good drought resister, the roots penetrate very deeply into the sub-soil, and it remains green and continues to grow long after everything else is dried up. It is a splendid plant for bees, or would make good ensilage. 1/6 lb.

TRIFOLIUM INCARNATUM
(Crimson or Italian Clover.)

A very heavy cropping annual Clover. It can either be grown for hay crop or for green soiling (ploughing in). All the Clovers absorb their nitrogen from the atmosphere, and when ploughed in are nearly as good as a dressing of stable manure. It is very useful as a stubble plant, sown either alone or with Rye Grass after the grain crop is removed, when it will produce an enormous crop very early in the following spring, much relished by all stock. Autumn is the best season to sow, and 12lb. to 15lb. of seed is required for an acre. The land should be well rolled after sowing, otherwise this crop will not succeed. Even after taking off a heavy hay crop, the land will be found much enriched. 1/6 lb. Cheaper over 14lb.

ALSIKE OR HYBRID CLOVER

A perennial variety, hybrid between the red and white, but of much stronger growth than the latter, and will do well on all kinds of soil, yielding a heavy crop where no other Clover will succeed. Alsike Clover is highly valuable for permanent pasture. 12lb. is required to sow an acre by itself, or 2lb. mixed with other grasses. 2/- lb.

YELLOW SUCKLING CLOVER
(*Trifolium Minus*)

This is an annual Clover, native of Europe, which must have been introduced many years since, and has proved its suitability to the conditions of Western Australia by spreading all over the older settled districts. It seeds freely, and once introduced becomes permanent, coming up after the first rains. Sow from 10 to 20 lb. to the acre before the first rains. A dressing of Thomas' Phosphate helps it wonderfully. 1/6 lb.

EGYPTIAN CLOVER
(Or Berseem.)

This variety grows a little taller than Lucerne, and yields an immense crop of very succulent fodder, which is much relished by stock. The best time to sow is with the first autumn rains, the first cutting can then be made before the winter, and the second growth is better fitted to withstand the cold. 1/6 lb. Price on application for quantity.

MELILOTUS OFFICINALIS
(King Island Fodder Grass.)

This is nearly related to Bokhara Clover, and has the same strong smell and deep rooting habits. It is a wonderfully successful fodder plant on King Island, off the coast of Tasmania. It grows there most luxuriantly, and the cattle fatten rapidly upon it. The farmers there have a very high opinion of it, but we consider that it should be sown with caution, as the smell may taint the milk from cattle fed upon it. 1/- lb.

LOTUS MAJOR
(The Great Birdsfoot Trefoil.)

A deep-rooted perennial Clover, producing an enormous amount of fodder. It is highly nutritious, and is eaten with avidity by cattle and sheep. From the great depths its roots penetrate to, it is not liable to be affected by

drought. It does particularly well in most localities, attaining its greatest luxuriance in land that has some peat in its composition. Sow 10 to 12lb. to the acre. Price fluctuates; write for quotes. 4/6 lb.

DROOPING-FLOWERED CLOVER
(*Trifolium Cernuum.*)

According to the late Mr. W. C. Grasby, it has been known to occur in Western Australia for at least twenty years, being first noted by him at Gingin, and known as Gingin Clover. It is now widely distributed throughout the South-West, the South Coastal and Great Southern districts. The plant is known in the south-eastern districts of South Australia, but has not yet been recorded in Victoria or the other Australian States.

Unlike Sub. Clover, the Drooping-Flowered Clover prefers moist, or even wet soils, and will withstand inundation in the winter months, but in drier soils it is not as successful as Subterranean Clover. The two clovers complement each other, one confined to moist depressions and the other to the better-drained soils, the line of demarcation being frequently quite distinctly marked.

In favourable places, Drooping-Flowered Clover is as prolific as Subterranean Clover, has finer stems, and is as readily eaten by stock, if not preferred. The seed is light yellow, and very small. It is produced in great quantity, and resembles that of Cluster Clover. Unlike Subterranean Clover, which has the seeds contained in "burrs," the seed of Drooping-Flowering Clover falls out of the small pods, and may be seen as a yellow layer covering the soil when the mat of clover is lifted after it has dried.

In making hay from Drooping-Flowered Clover, the plants should be cut when in flower, as the ratio of fibre increases as the seeds develop. This Clover responds readily to top-dressing.

As the seed closely resembles Cluster Clover, our advice to purchasers is to buy only from the most reliable sources. 3/6 lb. Price for quantity on application.

LOTUS CORNICULATUS

This perennial Clover deserves cultivation on light inferior soils, and will yield a greater amount of fodder than any other cultivated Clover. Deep rooting, and not easily injured by drought. 10 to 12lb. to the acre. Price fluctuates; write for quotes. 2/6 lb.

WHITE DUTCH CLOVER

This Clover is used very extensively for sowing with pasture grasses. It spreads quickly, especially in moist situations. Widely used on the North Coast of New South Wales, in Paspalum and Rhodes grass pasture, giving a splendid pick during the winter, when these two grasses are more or less dormant. Succeeds in a wide variety of soils and climates. 2/- lb.

CLUSTER CLOVER
(*Trifolium Glomeratum.*)

This Clover spreads rapidly and yields an abundance of good pasture. It is purely an annual, which seeds freely, and so maintains itself, even in dry, sandy soil. It is a splendid plant for improving bare arid pasture land. 1/6 lb.

STRAWBERRY CLOVER

An excellent variety for low, wet or swamp land, subject to floods or inundations. The plant has a trailing habit, and thrives where no other Clover or grasses will grow. Very fattening; cattle do well on it. 6/- lb.; subject to alteration without notice.

NATURAL GRASSES

BLUE PANIC GRASS

(*Panicum antidotale*)

This grass bids fair to become a very prominent crop, its draught-resisting qualities being of the utmost importance to W.A.

In Queensland, where it has been tried extensively, it has proved all that has been said about it.

It can be sown from seed at practically all seasons of the year. It can also be planted out from plants, by which method it establishes very quickly. A trial in Queensland last year proved this. Roots were planted in January, and in two months had attained a height of 6ft., which is remarkable.

It stools well and recovers very quickly after cutting.

In food value it ranks close to lucerne, actually being 6 per cent. higher in protein but slightly less in fat and carbohydrates. It must be cut or grazed regularly, otherwise it is apt to become coarse.

Trials greatly recommended to farmers and graziers.

Seed is expensive yet. 1/3 oz., 12/6 lb.

ITALIAN RYE GRASS

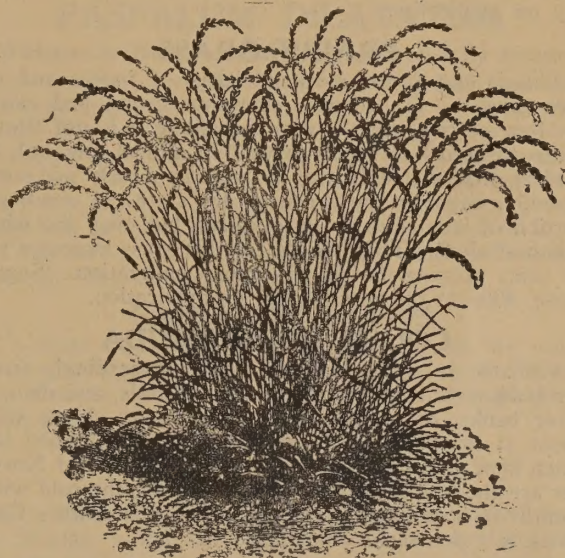
This grass is really only biennial, but practically will last for many years, if it is not eaten too close in the late spring, as it readily propagates itself by seeding. It should, however, not be allowed to seed the first year. It



is one of the earliest grasses to come in the spring, and it is also most useful to sow alone or with Red Clover. We would recommend a small surface sowing of this variety early in the autumn in all paddocks deficient in Rye Grass; it would give a good amount of winter and early spring feed. If sown alone, 2 bushels are required per acre. Heavy cleaned samples, 1/- lb. Price for quantity on application.

PERENNIAL RYE GRASS

This is one of our most largely cultivated and valued grasses, and its merits are becoming more and more recognised every year. It adapts itself to almost any soil, germinating freely from seed, is easily propagated, and seeds abundantly. It is of upright habit, bearing abundance of foliage, which is at all times relished by stock; it stools out very freely, but does not grow in tufts; its roots are fibrous and penetrating, giving it a permanency that does not belong to many others. In selecting this seed, it is advisable to obtain the heaviest samples, which although perhaps a little more expensive at the outset, will always prove the most satisfactory in the end. Sow, if alone, 40lb. to the acre. 1/- lb.; cheaper in quantity.



PERENNIAL RYE GRASS.

"NEW ZEALAND CERTIFIED."

(Mother Seed.)

This is a true perennial type, localised in certain high-production areas, some of which have been under grazing for up to 60 years. Fields of this type are accepted for certification as mother seed, provided they are over five years old, pass a field inspection when in flower, and prove true to type by plot trial. When passed each bag of seed when cleaned carries the Government sealed tag setting out the registered area number. 1/6 lb.

RYE GRASS WESTERNWORTHS

Everybody should grow this wonderfully quick-growing Rye. Has been cut three times in a year, last cutting being 3ft. high. It is the quickest-growing grass known. It will thrive on almost any soils, but best results have been had from land of a moist character. It may be sown in spring or autumn at the rate of 20lb. per acre, or 4lb. per acre in a mixture. As the seed is indistinguishable from ordinary Italian Rye, buyers should be careful to secure seed true to type. Our stock is true, and the best obtainable. Price, 1/- lb.

WIMMERA RYE GRASS

(*Lolium Subulatum*.)

This is a comparatively new grass, and is being grown with great success in all the States. It is planted very largely here, where it has a great reputation.

In many ways it is similar to Italian Rye, the main difference being its great drought resistance. It is an annual and will provide green feed for seven or eight months in the year. When it dries off it is very nutritious as dry feed, the seed remaining attached to the dry straws for a long period.

Sow, if alone, from 6 to 15lb. to the acre, according to the district. With other crops, 4lb. is sufficient.

Once sown, it will seed itself down every year and come up with the first autumn rains. 1/- lb. Price for quantity on application.

PRAIRIE GRASS

This is one of the most nutritious of fodder and pasture grasses. It produces enormous crops, and can be cut four or five times a year, providing it is not allowed to go to seed. It succeeds well in almost any soil, but prefers that which is wet or moist. Stock will eat it greedily, either in the green or dry state. A small proportion of it is valuable in mixtures, but upon the whole, it is best alone. The demand for this grass increases year by year, proving that it will repay cultivation. Sow, if alone, 40lb. to the acre. Price on application.

COUCH OR BERMUDA

Valuable in dry situations. It is exceedingly useful for binding railway embankments and hills, and dam and river banks, on account of long creeping shoots which shoot at every joint. It also makes a very good lawn when kept well cut. March, April, October and November are the best months to sow, as during the cold winter months it is unlikely to germinate if put down. Couch roots, 6/- per sack. Seed, 2/6 lb.

KENTUCKY BLUE GRASS

Thrives well in ordinary soils, and withstands drought well. It makes a good early feed, and is also used a good deal for lawns. Sow 40lb. to the acre. 2/6 lb.

VELDT GRASS

(*E. Calycina*.)

This grass has caused a considerable amount of interest of late. It is a perennial grass, a native of South Africa. It has been growing in King's Park for a long time, and seems to thrive in the poor, sandy soil of the locality.

We have it established in a dry sand patch, but the grass, as in King's Park, makes healthy growth.

It is a deep-rooted grass, and produces an abundance

of feed as it grows to a height of 4ft., and seems destined to play an important part in improving the pasture of our light lands, where it seems to be suited. It would certainly do on heavier soils. Write for prices.

WALLABY GRASS

(*Danthonia Semiannularis*)

A valuable and permanent native grass for poor soils. Grows equally well in the coastal districts and in the interior. It is highly nutritious and all stock eat it readily.

Wallaby Grass roots penetrate to a great depth, which enables the plant to withstand long spells of dry weather. 2/6 lb. Prices for quantity on application.

PHALARIS TUBEROSA

(*Syn. Bulbosa*)

The popularity of this grass is growing rapidly, and its value as a fodder is being appreciated, and a knowledge of its growth and habits understood. Since the early days, when its value as a fodder grass was first noticed, it has been greatly improved by re-selection of the most persistent and perennial types.

Great confusion was evident a few years ago because of the sale by unscrupulous dealers of Phalaris Minor, an annual type and by comparison a very inferior type. By the seed it could not be distinguished from the Perennial except by experts. This deception is now defeated because of the introduction recently of a scheme of certification of the true Perennial type.

Phalaris Tuberosa should be sown on fallowed land, well cultivated to keep the weeds down, as it is slow to establish the first year; in consequence does not like competition. It is a mistake to sow it in mixtures or with crops of wheat or oats. Once established, though, it will compete with any other grasses or clovers, which can be sown later.

The New South Wales Government Certified Seed is the best procurable, of which we have a good supply. It is not plentiful, though, and the price, although expensive now, is likely to go higher. Price, 5/6 lb. Subject to fluctuations and supplies.

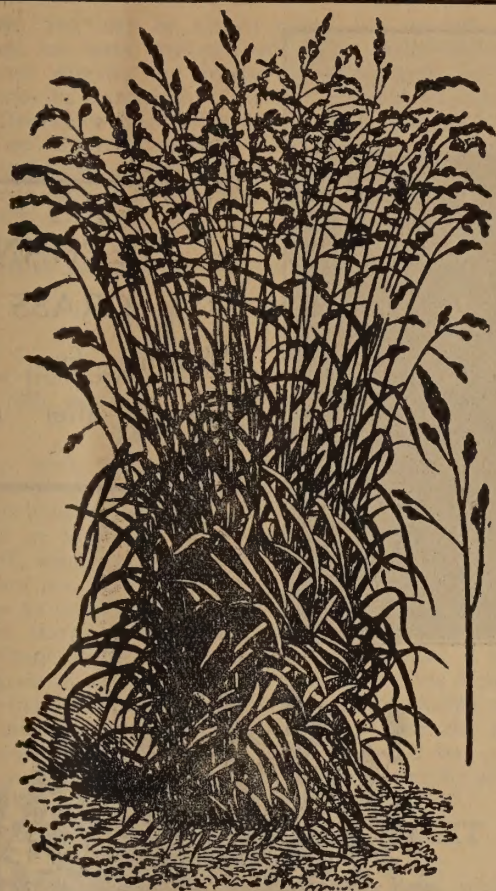
COCKSFOOT

Or ORCHARD GRASS

Cocksfoot has now become the greatest favourite with stock-holders and farmers, and is considered a most excellent permanent pasture grass. All kinds of stock are fond of it; sheep fatten on it, and eat it most readily. It yields a large quantity of herbage, and from the rapidity of its growth after cutting or feeding off, it is a very desirable grass to introduce into all pastures; it is perhaps the hardiest of all the perennial varieties. We have no hesitation in recommending this as a pasture grass that must prove of the highest value to all who are engaged in pastoral or agricultural pursuits. Sow on scrub lands 20lb. to the acre. 1/6 lb. Prices for quantities on application.

CRESTED DOGSTAIL

A valuable fine short grass. It forms a close dense turf of graceful nutritive herbage, and is little affected by extremes of weather. Stock of all kinds, especially sheep, are very fond of it. From 3 to 6lb. per acre with other grasses. 2/- lb.



**COCKSFOOT
TIMOTHY GRASS**

This grass thrives best on moist soils on rich wheat-bearing alluvial clay lands, also on newly re-claimed soils. It is of strong growth, and yields abundantly. Sow, if alone, 30lb. to the acre. 1/3 per lb.

RIB GRASS

Is one of the best known of our grasses, and holds a place in almost every pasture. Sow with other grasses, 2lb. to the acre. 1/- lb.

**KIKUYU GRASS
(*Penisetum Clandestinum*)**

This wonderful grass was introduced into Australia from South Africa a very short time ago. On account of its drought-resistant qualities, it soon became popular in all the States. It is a perennial grass with a strong system of surface and underground runners. On this account it spreads rapidly. Particularly valuable for poor clay and sandy soils, where it is difficult to grow anything. It naturally gives a correspondingly better result on good soils. It does not seed, and must be propagated by roots. It is a good plan to sow up to 1 lb. of White Dutch Clover to the acre with it, or Subterranean Clover, as this keeps the soil in good heart, as well as giving a more balanced ration. Roots, 2/6 per 100; freight extra. 12/6 sack.

RHODES GRASS

An introduction from South Africa, which is finding

great favour, but we do not recommend it for districts where cold winters are experienced as it goes down with the first heavy frost. It is a very strong grower, rooting at the joints and soon covering a large area; on this account it should not be planted in land intended for cultivation. It should be tried in semi-tropical moist climates. It is said to be the only grass that will hold its own with Paspalum in hot, moist climates, and it is largely sown in mixtures with Paspalum. It is not suitable for cold or very dry districts. The seed is very light, 4 lb. being a fair seeding per acre. Price, 2/6 lb. Special quotations for quantities.

CHEWINGS FESCUE

This is the best variety of the Fescues. Valuable for fodder on account of its hardiness and drought-resistant qualities. Used extensively for lawns, tennis courts, golf links, etc.

CREEPING BENT

A good feeding grass with abundant fine-leaved foliage. Palatable to all stock. Prefers damp soil. Valuable for golf links and grass mixtures.

SHEEP FESCUE

A portion of this grass should be included in all mixtures for dry districts, especially for sheep grazing, as they greatly relish it. 1/6 lb.

The Wonderful Fodder Grass:

PASPALUM DILATATUM

Withstands Drought and is not affected by Frosts

This wonderful Fodder Grass is one of the most valuable ever introduced into Australia, for it not only withstands droughts, but frosts will not kill it. It should be sown only during the Spring and early Autumn months, say, from September to April, when it will germinate easily in a month. According to our experience, it succeeds best in light, sandy soils. It takes 6 to 8 lb. to sow an acre. Price for prime hand-shaken Paspalum seeds, 2/- lb; cheaper in quantity.

PASPALUM ROOTS

To those who wish to obtain quick results, we would advise planting roots, which come away at once. Planted at a distance of 3ft. each way, it takes 4,840 plants to do an acre.

STRONG ROOTS, 10/6 per sack.

SOUDAN GRASS

An annual variety of Johnson Grass, introduced from the Soudan, where the summers are very hot and dry, like our own. It is purely a summer grass, growing up to 6ft. high, and giving a heavy yield of excellent hay. In favourable seasons it will yield two or three cuttings. Price, 9d. lb.; postage extra.

ELEPHANT GRASS

(*Pennisetum Purpureum*)

Although not strictly speaking a pasture grass, this recent introduction has proved a valuable acquisition as a fodder plant. Grows from 12ft. to 15ft., and under good conditions will produce up to 50 tons of fodder per acre.

It can be grazed or cut, and by analysis shows a very satisfactory food value. Do not allow it to grow coarse.

Cuttings should be planted 3ft. in and between the rows. Rooted cuttings, 6/- per 100; freight extra.



ELEPHANT GRASS

Showing five weeks
growth after cutting

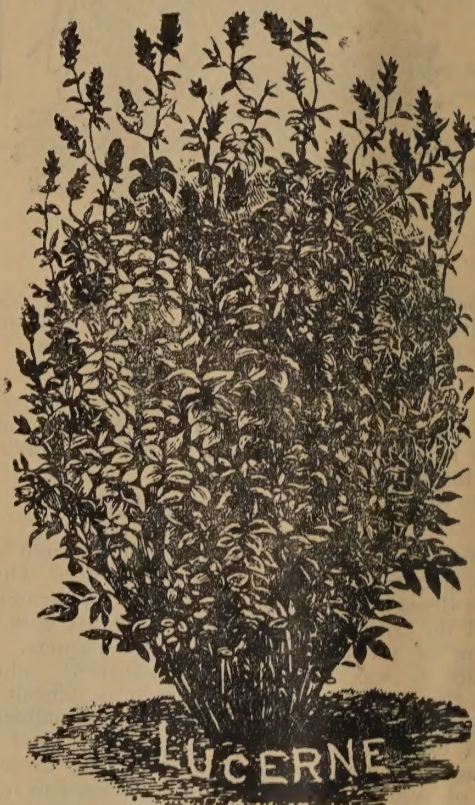
LUCERNE

Should be grown by every Farmer

HUNTER RIVER (Saved Seed)

The droughts which have been experienced in many parts of Australia during past seasons should awaken those who have not already prepared for such emergencies to taking time by the forlock and laying down a certain portion of land in Lucerne, as, owing to its deep rooting qualities, it withstands drought excellently, and with only a shower or two of rain, produces an abundance of fodder which is eaten by horses, cattle and sheep with great relish. It can be depastured on during the winter months, if cut during summer, without destroying its permanence. It excels all other fodder plants for the purpose of hay, our climate and deep soil being especially adapted to its growth. In a very favourable season it will produce four to five cuttings from the beginning of August to the latter end of March, each cutting producing from 1 to 2 tons per acre, according to the character of the soil. The seed should be sown in good deep, rich land, the roots penetrating to a great depth. The more the land is worked the better chance there will be of producing a crop. It should be subsoiled during the summer to as great a depth as possible. After this, cross plough, harrow and roll, until staple is well pulverised, and the surface as smooth as it is possible to get it. Care should be taken to eradicate all couch grass from the land before the seed is sown, as it is very injurious to a Lucerne crop. The thicker the crop, the finer and better will be the quality of the hay. The seed should be sown in Autumn and Spring, 5 to 6 lb. in drills, or 10 to 12 lb. broadcast required to sow an acre.

(NOTE.—All seed is specially machined and hand-sieved before being sent out.) 2/6 per lb. Price for quantity on application.



LUCERNE—HUNTER RIVER

SORGHUMS

All the following are most excellent fodder plants for dairy cows; they will give an enormous yield in suitable

seasons, and may be grown either for summer or for autumn, or early winter feed. The early crop should be sown directly the frosts are over, and the second crop may be planted up to the end of January—November and December being the best months. In rich, moist land, and where fineness is desired, 60lb. is not too much to sow broadcast per acre, but in drier situations, 30lb. is ample, and it is a good method in such land to sow in drills 3ft. apart and keep the land between the rows cultivated.

SORGHUM SACCHARATUM—The old variety; hardy. 9d. lb.

MILLET

Sow from September to December, in drills 3ft. apart, 8 to 10lb. per acre. Broadcast 15lb. per acre.

JAPANESE MILLET

The most wonderful fodder plant ever introduced. Should be grown by all dairy farmers. This Millet has proved itself to be one of the most popular forage plants grown in W.A. It is an annual of exceedingly rapid growth, standing six to eight feet high, and yields 10 to 12 tons per acre of green fodder, which, when cured, makes an excellent quality of hay. If cut before flowering, it starts again rapidly, and yields a second crop. Its drought-resistant qualities will also render it a valuable green food when pastures are short. This Millet will prove most desirable, being rich in milk producing properties, and yields a much heavier crop than the grasses and clovers generally used. When ripe, it has a large loose seed-head, and the seed is greedily eaten by all kinds of birds. 6d. lb. Cheaper in quantity.

EGYPTIAN or PEARL MILLET (*Penicillaria*)

A very productive and useful forage plant, which has been grown in New South Wales with great success. It is a strong grower and yields a great amount of green fodder. When the plant first comes up the stems are prostrate, but assume an upright position when two feet long. Stock eat it with great avidity. It can be cut three or four times, sprouting readily and growing rapidly after each cutting. 1/6 lb. Cheaper in quantity.

HUNGARIAN MILLET

A very quick-growing variety, excellent for a summer crop, and producing in a moist season two crops of hay. For warm districts it cannot be excelled. 6d. lb. Cheaper in quantity.

JOHNSON GRASS or EVERGREEN MILLET

(*Sorghum Halapense*)

A valuable perennial variety of Sorghum, which has now come largely into use. It thrives well in almost all soils and situations, however warm or dry; but where it can be irrigated it produces enormous crops. Cattle, horses and pigs are excellently fond of it. The seed takes a long time to germinate. 8 to 10lb. per acre; broadcast, 15lb. per acre. 1/6 lb. Cheaper in quantity.

BLUE LUPINS

This article refers to the Blue Lupin growing wild in many parts of the State, which just recently has been recognised as a valuable sheep feed and soil improver.

A great advantage in feeding sheep on lupins is its

carrying qualities. Sheep are invariably in prime order when they reach market. They carry their condition well, and stand the rigours of a long train journey in the heat much better than sheep fattened on softer fodder.

Endorsement of the proposal that steps should be taken to encourage the use of Lupins for stock feed and for building up the fertility of light lands was given by the Director of Agriculture (Mr. G. L. Sutton). "After having been regarded not so very long ago as a noxious weed," Mr. Sutton said, "the Lupin is gradually becoming more appreciated, but how great its value to the State can be is at present recognised only by the few. Any movement for stimulating the more extensive cultivation in Western Australia is in the interest of the State, and is certainly worth while."

"The ability of the Lupin to exploit our soils for its minerals, and the atmosphere for its nitrogen, makes it a plant of the greatest economic value, particularly for those sandy and less fertile soils upon which it will thrive. As a result of its ability to collect free nitrogen from the air, its value for maintaining and increasing the fertility of light lands for cultivation purposes has been recognised in European countries for many years, but in this State it has, in addition, an equal, if not greater value because of its ability to improve the stock-carrying capacity of such lands when their distance from railways, or other reasons, render them unsuitable for cultivation. In this connection the great value of the Lupin is due mainly to the fact that the grain produced by it is readily eaten by sheep, not only without injury to them, as was expected by those with European experience, but with considerable advantage to the sheep, and profit to their owner."

Price for quantity on application.

FIELD CABBAGE

The Cabbage can be cultivated in two ways: by raising your plants in a seed bed and transplanting, and by sowing the seed in drills where the crop is to grow. For the former style, 1lb. is sufficient for an acre; for the latter, 4 to 6lb. is required.

GIANT DRUMHEAD—A late variety, growing an immense size; very solid; largely cultivated. 1/- oz.

KALE

CHOU MOELLIER—A very valuable fodder plant of rapid and vigorous growth, highly nutritious, and eagerly sought after by stock. It belongs to the Kale family, and is perfectly hardy. The plant should stand from 12 to 14in. apart, and 2ft. between the rows, thus giving each other support when they are standing in exposed positions. 2lb. in drills and 1lb. transplanted is sufficient to plant 1 acre. Price, 9d. oz.; 4/- lb.

THOUSAND-HEADED CABBAGE or KALE—This is invaluable as a fodder for sheep, cows, etc., on account of the immense quantity of food it produces. It grows to a height of from three to four feet, and may be fed off twice and sometimes thrice. It is a plant that produces more food per acre than any other; does not disagree with any stock, and does not impoverish the land, and never causes sheep or lambs to blow or scour. Excellent for poultry. 9d. oz.; 1/6 ¼lb.; 3/6 lb.

JERSEY COW KALE—A valuable fodder for cows, sheep, etc. highly recommended. 6d. oz.; 1/6 ¼lb.

TIVICATA LUCERNE

(THE NEW LUCERNE)

This variety has been raised in New Zealand and is the result of a distinct cross between two varieties of Lucerne, not just merely a selected plant.

It is claimed by the introducer to grow in drier conditions than ordinary Lucerne, also in sandy ground where the ordinary type will not flourish.

It has a tendency to bury the crown of the plant, which makes it suitable for pasturing, as stock will not damage the crown as with the ordinary type.

It is very deep rooting and the plant makes large, bushy growth, as can be seen by the accompanying block.

Roots are available only.



We have accepted the W.A. agency and are booking orders for Autumn delivery. Clients requiring roots are requested to forward their orders immediately, as roots are limited. All orders booked subject to supply.

Prices: £2/12/6 per 100, £1/10/- for 50. Smaller quantities slight increase in price. All prices on rails, Perth.

RAPE

DWARF ESSEX is the Genuine Dwarf

Broad-Leafed Rape.

Rape is, without doubt, one of the most useful plants for fattening sheep, containing, as it does, about 80 per cent. of carbo-hydrates, two per cent. albumen, and a little fat. It succeeds best in the cooler districts during the winter and in the warmer districts during the winter. It likes well-cultivated land, fairly moist, and, if sown in August or September, will give a good summer crop. If sown early in April, just after the first autumn rains, it will provide good winter feed. The seed should be sown broadcast and on a finely harrowed

surface, and the roller passed over it. This is sufficient covering, for if buried too deeply it will not germinate. Stock should never be turned into rape when hungry, otherwise they will become blown and many may die. One acre will fatten about a dozen lambs. If not eaten too bare, its broad foliage enables it to smother the weeds, and by judicious grazing, it will last throughout the season, and leave the land in good condition. It is also exceedingly valuable as a green manure, for which purpose a top-dressing should be given immediately after harvest. It may be ploughed in as soon as large enough, or a flock of sheep may be fed on it for a few days previous to ploughing. 4 to 6lb. is required to sow an acre.

EVERY SHEEP FARMER SHOULD GROW IT.

Price on application.

ROOT CROPS

CARROT

Sow 4lb. per acre.

The best soil for the field growth of Carrots is a loose, sandy friable loam of about 18in. depth. Soils of almost any kind are suitable which possess the requisites of depth, openness and freedom from stones.

IMPROVED WHITE BELGIAN—Grows to a very large size, and produces a heavy crop. 1/9 ¼lb.; 5/6 lb.

LONG RED ALTRINGHAM—An extra fine sort. The roots grow to a large size of excellent quality. 1/9 ¼lb.

SWEDES AND TURNIPS

Turnips and Swedes can be grown with comparative ease in W.A., and have proved excellent for sheep and pigs.

Sown early they are ready in the autumn, and if pulled and stored, the roots, which possess good keeping qualities, can be used during the Winter. Sow about 3lb. per acre in drills.

SWEDES

Skirving Purple Top	2/6 lb.
Champion Purple Top	2/6 lb.
Elephant	2/6 lb.
Bell's Improved	3/- lb.

TURNIP

Purple Top Yellow Aberdeen	3/- lb.
White Globe	2/6 lb.
Purple Top Mammoth	2/6 lb.
White Stone	2/6 lb.

RYE GRAIN

Very useful for sowing on poor soils for green fodder, often sown with tares. Price on application.

BARLEY—Skinless and Cape. Prices on application.

MAIZE

HICKORY KING—A quick-growing, white-seeded variety.

NINETY-DAY—A very early variety.

YELLOW DENT—A yellow-seeded early variety. Prices on application.

SILVER BEET**(The New Sheep Fodder)**

The plant is grown for the green tops, not for the roots, as with other Beets, and it is found that the foliage is reproduced so quickly after being eaten down, that it makes one of the most profitable plants for sheep fattening. Plant in rows 30 inches apart, so that the land can be hoed, and thin from 9 to 12in. apart in the rows. Sow 3 to 4lb. per acre. 3/6 lb.

SUGAR BEET

Culture same as Mangels, excepting that the roots can be planted closer, as large roots are not desirable for sugar making. This is the root from which nearly all the sugar is made which is not produced from sugar cane, though it is not grown here for that purpose. Sugar Beet requires very deeply-worked ground, so that the roots may easily penetrate it, as it is the thin part of the roots than contain the most sugar. It is excellent feed for cattle and pigs. 2/- lb.

TOBACCO

The growing of Tobacco for commercial purposes seems to be an established industry here now.

There are, of course, the drawbacks, as in any industry. The main one here seems to be "Blue Mould" disease, to which the tobacco plant seems very susceptible, and the Department of Agriculture have taken drastic steps to keep down this disease.

It is compulsory to have all seed treated by the Department in absolute alcohol before it can be sold.

We sell only treated seed, and give a guarantee to this effect. It would be wise for those who purchase seed to make sure that it is so treated for their own security.

Our prices for first-class plants are very reasonable. We cordially invite enquiries from growers, and are prepared to make arrangements to raise any quantities of seedlings. We advise growers to do this instead of waiting until they are ready to plant and then not being able to get their requirements, as happened last season with a lot of planters.

VARIETIES

HICKORY PRIOR, which is the most important.

CONQUEROR and **WHITE STEM ORINACA**.

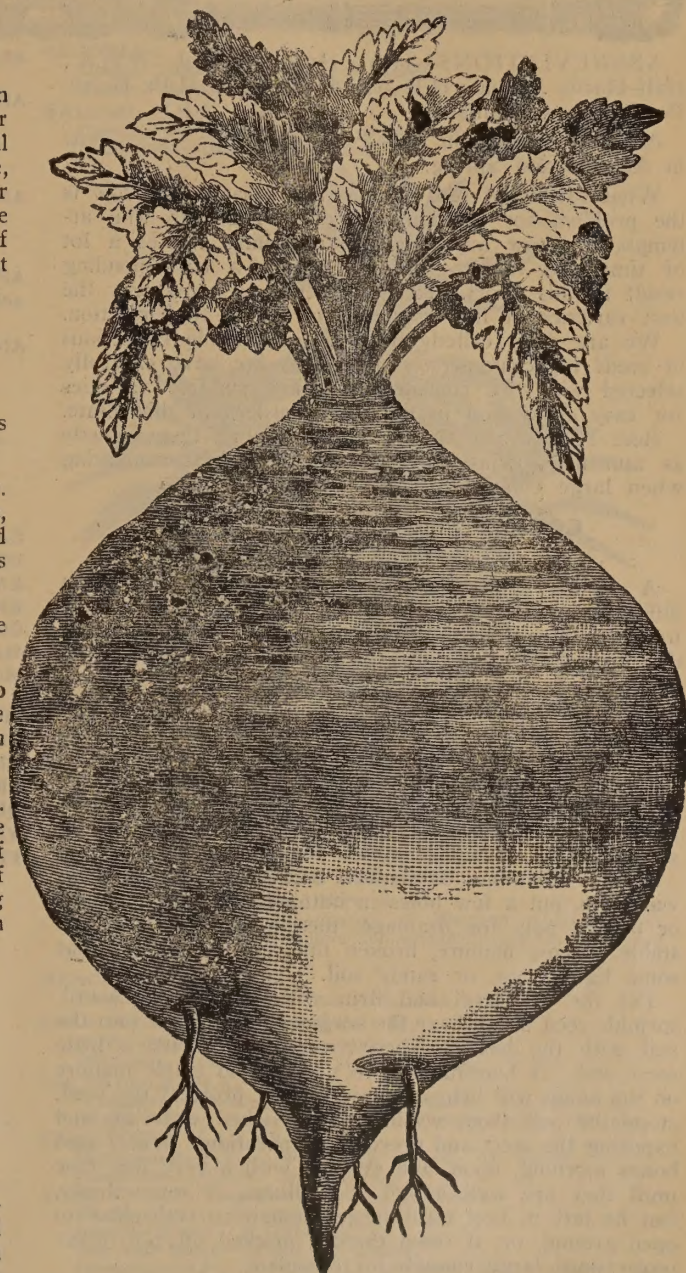
MANGEL WURZEL

The ground for Mangels should be deeply and thoroughly worked by ploughing and harrowing twice, roll and harrow lightly. Sow seed in drills 4ft. apart, thin out to 12 to 18in. from plant to plant. Seed can be sown in spring or early autumn. 1/- 1lb.; 2/- lb.; postage extra. Sow 4 to 6lb. per acre.

MAMMOTH LONG RED—The heaviest cropping Mangel grown and the best variety for deeply-worked land. 2/- lb.

CHAMPION YELLOW GLOBE—An excellent variety of splendid feeding value. Best for shallow soils. 2/- lb.

For dairy farmers this is one of the most valuable crops grown, as cows fed on Mangels give a greater quantity of milk.



CHAMPION YELLOW GLOBE MANGEL, 2/- lb.

GENERAL LIST OF FLOWER SEEDS

ABBREVIATIONS—H.A., Hardy Annual; H.H.A., Half-Hardy Annual; H.B., Hardy Biennial; H.P., Hardy Perennial; C., Climber.

A.—Sow in Autumn. S.—Sow in Spring. A.S.—Sow in Autumn and Spring.

What variety of seed to sow, and what not to sow is the problem for the amateur. The gardener who attempts to grow anything and everything wastes a lot of time and energy, without getting a corresponding result for his effort. It is far better to grow only the best varieties of flowers and grow them to perfection.

We are daily called on to select suitable collections of seeds for customers, consequently we have carefully selected what we consider the most suitable varieties for easy cultivation in the open borders in this State.

Best results are obtained by treating them mostly as annuals, sowing in seed boxes, and transplanting when large enough to bear shifting.

CORRECT METHOD OF SOWING FLOWER SEEDS

A number of people every year seem to have great difficulty in getting seeds to germinate, so we give the following directions as a guide. It must be remembered that flower seeds are mostly very small, and want careful handling. An important point to remember is to keep a fairly even temperature, because a sudden cold snap during the germinating period will cause the seed to damp off or rot. The best months for sowing seeds are:—For Autumn planting, March, April and May; and for Spring and Summer planting, September and October. In early or dry districts, sow in August. Avoid sowing seed in depth of winter unless you have a glass house.

Take a fillet box or shallow box similar, or earthenware pan, put a few holes in bottom and some charcoal or broken pots for drainage, then a thin layer of old stable or cow manure, broken fine, and on top of that some light loam, or sandy soil.

Pat the soil level and firm with a piece of board, sprinkle seed thinly over the surface, and press it into the soil with the board. Then cover lightly with a little more soil. A handful or two of fine, old stable manure on top again will help immensely, as it protects the seed, stops the soil from washing away when watering and exposing the seed, and prevents evaporation. Water seed boxes morning, noon, and evening with a very fine rose until they are well up. The seedlings, if sown thinly, can be left in box until large enough to transplant to open ground, or, if sown thickly, pricked off into other boxes until large enough to transplant.

For late Autumn or early Spring planting, a sheet of glass placed over the box will draw the heat and materially help germination.

AGERATUM: H.A., A.S.—

Imperial Dwarf—6in.; splendid for borders. 3d. packet.

ALYSSUM: H.A., A.S.—

Alyssum Benthami—Miniature White. Height, 2in.; pretty plants for dwarf borders or edgings. 3d. packet.

Maritimum—Sweet Alyssum; pretty dwarf plants for edgings and rock work. 3d. packet.

AMARANTHUS: H.H.A., S.—

Tricolour—Mixed, 3ft. (St. Joseph's Coat); magnificent border plants with the most brilliant coloured foliage. 3d. and 6d. packet.

AFRICAN DAISY (See Gerbera).

ANCHUSA: H.B., A.S.—

Capensis (Cape Forget-Me-Not)—1ft. 3d. packet.

ANEMONE: H.P., A.—

St. Brigid—A beautiful strain of double and semi-double flowers. 6d. packet.

Coronaria—Single, mixed. 3d. packet.

ANTIRRHINUM, H.P.A.S.

Majus Grandiflorum. Tall long-stemmed type,
3ft. or more.

CARMINE KING—Brilliant carmine. 6d.

DEFIANCE—Orange scarlet. 6d.

EN GARDE—(See Novelties). 6d.

ENCHANTREES—Pure rose. 6d.

GOLIATH—Salmon rose, shaded apricot. 6d.

HARMONY—Rich pink, buff tip. 6d.

MONARCH SELECTED—Deep velvety crimson, immense size. 6d.

MOONLIGHT—Golden apricot and old rose. 6d.

PEACHBLOW—Peach colour. 6d.

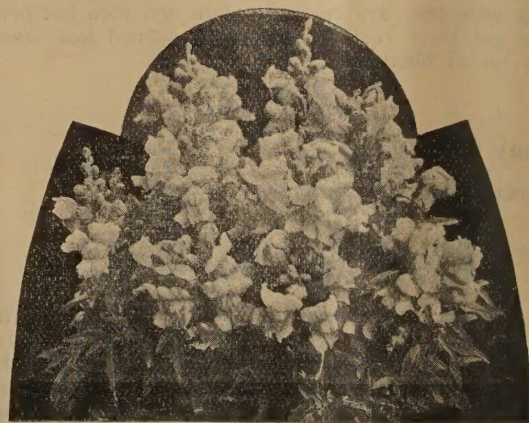
PINK DOMINO—Clear rose pink. 6d.

PRINCE OF ORANGE—Brilliant gold and orange. 6d.

QUEEN VICTORIA—Pure white. 6d.

YELLOW KING—Deep yellow. 6d.

FINEST MIXED—6d.



ANTIRRHINUM—COMPACTUM

ANTIRRHINUM

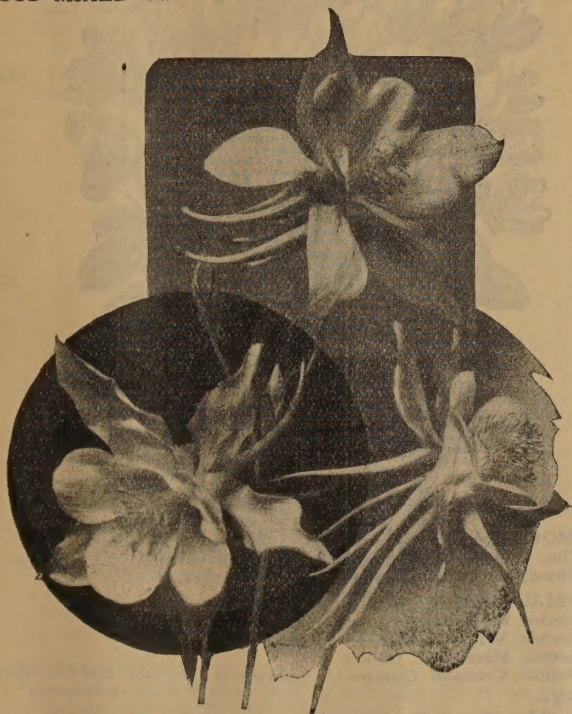
Majus Nanum varieties. Intermediate growth, 18in. to 24in.

ADVANCE—Brilliant orange scarlet. 6d.
AMBER QUEEN—Yellow overlaid pink. 6d.
AURORA—Orange scarlet, white throat. 6d.
BEACON—Salmon rose. 6d.
BLACK PRINCE—Foliage and flower deep crimson. 6d.
BONFIRE—Orange. 6d.
CARMINE KING—Intense carmine. 6d.
COCCINEA—Brilliant scarlet. 6d.
CRIMSON KING—Blood red. 6d.
ECLIPSE—Fiery crimson. 6d.
EXQUISITE—Silvery pink, cream lip. 6d.
FASCINATION—Rose pink. 6d.
FLAME—Orange scarlet. 6d.
GOLDEN MONARCH—Golden yellow.
GOLDEN QUEEN—
HIS EXCELLENCE—Purest scarlet. 6d.
LADYBIRD—Cherry-pink, white margin. 6d.
MAJESTIC DELIGHT—Salmon pink and apricot. 6d.
" **GOLDEN DAWN**—Chamous overlaid salmon. 6d.
" **SUNSET**—Terra cotta and salmon. 6d.
" **TWILIGHT**—Rosy salmon. 6d.
MALMAISON—Deep silvery pink, dark foliage. 6d.
MORNING GLOW—Orange scarlet, pink throat. 6d.
NELROSE—Silvery pink. 6d.
PICTURE—Yellow ground and apricot. 6d.
QUEEN OF NORTH—Pure white. 6d.
ROSE ECLIPSE—Rose pink. 6d.
SUNRISE—Old rose suffused terra cotta. 6d.
THE BRIDGE—White. 6d.
WELCOME—(See Novelties).
FINEST MIXED—6d.
GOOD MIXTURE—3d.

NANUM, TOM THUMB or BEDDING TYPE

Ideal for Borders and Bedding Growth. 10in. to 12in.

ALBUM—White. 6d.
APRICOT QUEEN—Apricot and rose.
CRIMSON KING—Foliage and flowers dark crimson. 6d.
DELICATE PINK—Shell pink, white throat. 6d.
SCARLET QUEEN—Orange scarlet. 6d.
YELLOW PRINCE—6d.
FINEST MIXED—6d.
GOOD MIXED—3d.



AQUILEGIA—LONG SPURRED

AQUILEGIA (Columbine): H.P., A.S.—

Long Spurred—1/- packet.
Fine Mixed—3d. packet.

ASPARAGUS: P.—

Sprengeri—This variety splendid for hanging baskets. 6d. pkt.
Plumosus Nana—Very graceful. 6d. packet.

ASTER: H.H.A., S.—

Crego—A fine strain of sturdy growth; mixed, 2ft. 3d. and 6d. packet.

Tasmanian Branching—Long and strong stems. In separate colours; pink, lavender, white, crimson, and blue. 3d. and 6d. packet.

Comet—Decorative for borders and good for cutting. 3d. and 6d. packet.

American Beauty—Tall branching. 3d. and 6d. packet.

BEGONIA—

Double Tuberous Rooted—2/6 packet.

Single Tuberous Rooted—2/6 packet.

BALSAM, H.H.A., S.—

Camellia Flowered—Splendid double flowered. 3d. packet.

Monstrose—Mixed. 6d. packet.



BALSAM

BELLIS PERENNIS (Double Daisy): H.P., A.—

BORONIA MEGISTIGMA: H.P., S.—

Sweet Scented Boronia—Native of Western Australia; renowned for its distinctive and wonderful perfume. 6d. and 1/- packet.

BRACHYCOME: H.A., S.—

Swan River Daisy—A West Australian native.

CALENDULA (English Marigold): H.A., A.—

Ball's Improved—Golden orange. 3d. packet.

Officinalis Meteor—Double apricot orange. 3d. pkt.

CALENDULA—H.A., A.—

"Campfire"—Flaming orange, large flower. 6d. pkt.

"Radio"—Deep orange, quilled petals, very double. 6d. pkt.

CALLIOPSIS: H.A., A.S.—

Drummondii—Yellow, with dark centre. 3d. packet.

Grandiflora—Yellow. 3d. packet.

CAMPANULA (Canterbury Bell): H.A., A.—

Single—Mixed. 3d. packet.

Double—Mixed. 3d. packet.

Cup and Saucer—Mixed. 3d. packet.

Carpatica—H.P., A.—Dwarf Canterbury Bell, splendid for rockeries. 6d. pkt.

CALCEOLARIA—

(Greenhouse Plant)—Saved from a splendid strain. 2/6 packet.

CANDYTUFT: H.A., A.S.—

Empress—Pure white flowers; 1ft. 3d. packet.
 Finest Mixed—1ft. 3d. packet.

CANNA: H.P., A.—

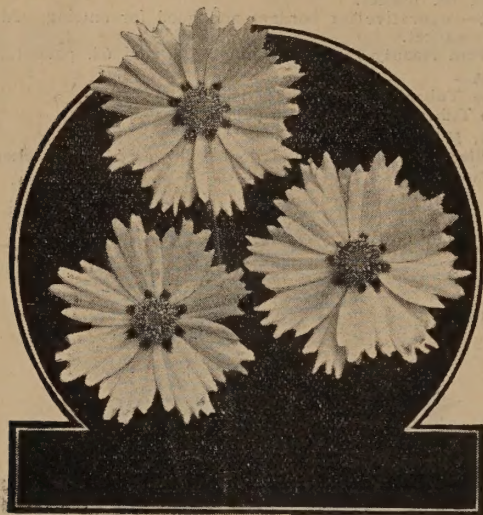
Crosby Hybrids—3 to 4ft. 3d. packet.

CENTUREA (Cornflower): H. A., A.S.—

Cyanus Minor—Mixed. 3d. packet.
 Emperor William—Pretty blue flower. 3d. packet.
 Suaveolens (Sweet Sultan)—3d. packet.

CORREOPSIS—

Lanceolata—Rich yellow flowers. 3d. packet.

**CORREOPSIS—AURICULATA SUPERBA****CARNATION: H.P., A.S.—**

Speciality Prize—Strain. 2/6 packet.
 Margaret—Double. 3d and 6d. packet.
 Border—Double (good). 6d. packet.
 Riveira Market—Splendid for cutting. 1/6 packet.
 White—6d. packet.
 Yellow—6d. packet.

Perpetual Flowering—Hand fertilised seed from Messrs. Allwood Bros., the renowned English carnation specialists. Packets of 25 seeds, 2/6; packet of 50 seeds, 3/6.

Hardy Perpetual Border Carnations—This is a very productive carnation, flowering early and continuously. Packets, 3/6 each.

CELOSIA (Cockscomb): H.H.A., S.—

Glasgow Prize—Crimson comb. 3d. packet.
 Pyramidalis—Long plumes of various shades. 3d. packet.
 Thompsoni Magnifica—Finest strain of feathered Cockscomb. 3d. packet.

CHRYSANTHEMUM: H.A.—

Burridgeanum—Tricolour. 3d. packet.
 Carinatum—Mixed. 3d. packet.
 Prutescens (White Marguerite)—6d. packet.
 Chrysanthemum Hybridum (Shasta Daisy) — Pure white, spring flowering Marguerite. 6d. packet.

CONVOLVULUS: C., H.A., A.S.—

Major—3d. per packet.
 Minor—1ft. bedding. 3d. per packet.
 Morning Glory—3d. per packet.

CLIANTHUS: B., A.S.—

Damperrii (Sturt's Desert Pea)—This is a trailing plant; very showy. 6d. packet.

CLARKIA: H.A., A.S.—

Elegans—Double mixed. 3d. packet.
 Elegans—Single mixed. 3d. packet.

CLEMATIS: C., A.S.—

Mixed—Excellent for trellis. 6d. packet.

COLEUS, H.P., A.S.—

Finest Mixed—1/6 packet.

COWSLIP: H.P., A.S.—

Yellow Common Cowslip—6d. packet.

CINERARIA: H.H.A., A.—

Grandiflora—Acclimatised seed. 1/- packet.
 Cineraria—Good mixed. 6d. packet.

**CINERARIA.****CYCLAMEN: H. P., A.—**

Persicum Giganteum—Mixed. 1/6 packet.

**CYCLAMEN****COSMOS: H.A., S.—**

Fine Mixed—Combines large range of colours. 3d. packet.
 Klondyke—Golden Yellow. 3d. per packet.

DOUBLE COSMOS: H.A., A.S.—

Double Pink Beauty—1/- packet.
 Double White Queen—1/- packet.
 Double Mixed—6d. packet.
 Double Crimson Queen—1/- packet.

DAISY—

Double—(See Bellis Perennis).

**COCKSCOMB EMPRESS****DAHLIA: H.P., S.—**

Double Mixed—From a fine collection. 6d. packet.

Cactus, Mixed—1/- packet.

New Giant—Double; a splendid strain. 1/- packet.

Single, Mixed—3d. packet.

DIDISCUS COERULEUS: H.A., A.S.—

(Blue Lace Flower)—This is a native of Western Australia; clear light blue. The blooms, formed of a number of florets, are about 3in. across, and carried on long, stout stems. 6d. packet.

DELPHINIUM: H.P., A.S.—

Giant Victorian Strain.—We have been growing and reselecting this strain for several years, and have brought it to a high pitch of perfection. Has won numerous prizes. 1/6 per packet.

Hollyhock Strain—Immense spikes of large individual flowers and beautiful colours. 1/- pkt.

"Belladonna"—Height about 2ft. 6in. 1/- pkt. Excellent for cutting.

Good Mixture—3d. and 6d. packet.

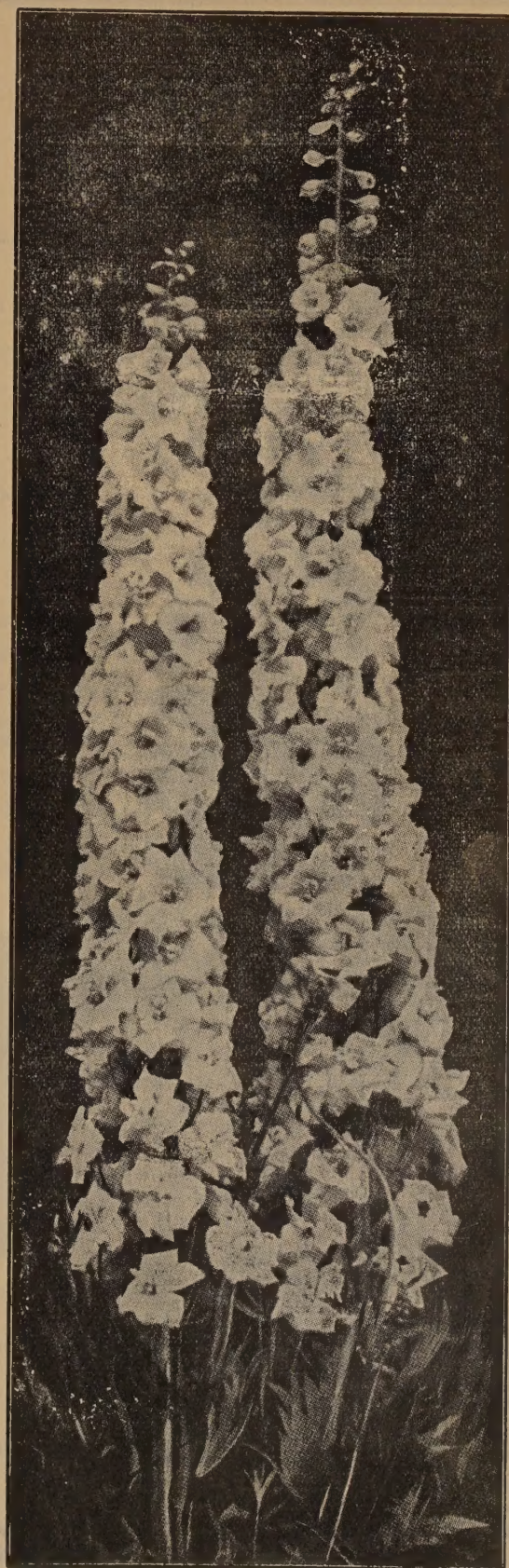
Blue Butterfly—A compact growing variety about 15in. high. 3d. and 6d. packet.

DIGITALIS (Foxglove): H.A., A.S.—

Fine Mixed—3d. packet.

**DIGITALIS (FOXGLOVE)****DIMORPHOTHECA: H.A., S.—**

Aurantica—Rich orange gold colour; also known as the new Golden African Daisy. 3d. packet.

**HOLLYHOCK DELPHINIUM**

DIANTHUS: H.B.—

- Barbatus (Sweet William)—3d. packet.
 Barbatus—Double mixed. 3d. packet.
 Chinensis (Indian Pink)—Double. 3d. packet.
 Heddiwigi—Single, mixed. 3d. packet.
 Heddiwigi—Double flowers, fringed. 3d. packet.

FOXGLOVE See Digitalis—**FUSCHIA: H.P., A.—****GAILLARDIA: H.B., A.S.—**

- Grandiflora—3d. packet.
 Lorenziana—Double mixed. 3d. packet.
 Tangerine—Fine colour. 1/- packet.
 Portolo Hybrids—Excellent strain of large flowers. 6d. pkt.

ESCHOLTZIA: H.A., A.S.—

(Californian Poppy)—3d. packet.

GERBERA (South African Daisy): H.P., S.—

- Jamesonii Hybrids—Colours, from white to deepest red. 1/- packet.

GEUM: H.P., A.—

- Very pretty perennial border plants.
 Mrs. Bradshaw—Crimson. 1/- packet.
 Lady Stratheden (New)—Double yellow. 1/6 per packet.

GODETIA: H.A., A.S.—

Finest Mixed Colours—3d. packet.

GOMPHRENA: H.A., S.—

(Globe Amaranth)—Purple. 3d. packet.

GLOXINIA: H.H.P., A.S.—

Blooms of immense size and brilliant colours. Leaves have a velvety appearance. 1/6 packet.

**GLOXINIA****GYSOPHYLLIA: H.A., A.S.—**

- Elegans—White; fine for bouquets. 3d. packet.
 Paniculata (Baby Breath)—White. 3d. packet.
 Paniculata—Extra double. White. 1/- packet.

GODETIA—

Sweetheart—Dwarf double. The flowers are a beautiful tone of cream-pink, and the habit of growth closely resembles the wonderful Azalea. The blooms are produced in such profusion as to almost completely hide the foliage. 6d. packet.

HELIANTHUS (Sunflower): H.A., S.—

Chrysanthemum Flowered—Tall, double, with lacinated petals. 3d. packet.

Nanus, Fl., Pl.—Dwarf double. 3d. packet.

Purpureus—Purple. 3d. packet.

Sutton's Red—6d. packet.

Miniature—Golden yellow. 3d. packet.

Miniature—Fl. Pl. Double. 3d. packet.

Miniature—Lilliput; extra dwarf. 3d. packet.

Miniature—Orion, with twisted petals. 3d. packet.

Miniature—Ruby Hybrids. 3d. packet.

Perennis—"Perennial Sunflower." Fine summer plant. Excellent for cutting. Plants last for years. Seed 1/- pkt.

HELICHRYSUM: H.A., S.—

Monstrosum—Double everlasting flowers. 3d. per packet.

HELIOTROPE: H.P., A.S.—

Finest mixed—3d. packet.

HOLLYHOCK: H.P., A.—

Double Mixed—An excellent strain. 3d. and 6d. packet.

HUNNEMANNIA: H.A., S.—

Fummarlaefolia—Bright yellow tulip-like flowers; long stems. 3d. packet.

IPOMAE: H.P., C., A.S.—

Learrii—Rapid climber with blue flowers. 6d. per packet.

KOCHIA TRICOPHYLLA—

(Summer Cypress)—Compact growth, pyramidal habit, vivid green shade, changing to russet-crimson in Autumn; growth about 2ft. 3d. per packet.

LATHYRUS: C., H.P., A.S.—

Pubescens—Blue, everlasting pea. 1/- packet.

White Pearl—6d. packet.

LEPTOSYNE: H.A., A.S.—

Maritima—Large golden yellow flowers. 3d. and 6d. packet.

LINARIA: H.A., A.S.—

Aurea Reticulata Purpurea—Golden-purple. 3d. packet.

LINUM (Flax): H.A., A.S.—

Rubrum—Brilliant scarlet; 1ft. 3d. packet.

LOBELIA: H.A., A.S.—

Crystal Palace Compacta—Dark rich blue; for carpet bedding or ribbon borders. 3d. and 6d. packet.

LARKSPUR: H.A., A.S.—

Dwarf Double Rocket—Mixed. 3d. packet.

Emperor—3d. packet.

Stock Flowered—Blue, violet, rose, lilac, pink, and white shades. Separate colours. 6d. packet.

**LARKSPUR—ALL DOUBLE****LUPINS: H.A., A.S.—**

Pink Pearl—Delicate pink. 3d. packet.

White Pearl—3d. packet.

Blue Gem—Deep blue. 3d. packet.

Mixed Varieties—3d. packet.

Polyphyllus (H.P.)—Mixed perennial sorts 6d. packet.

LOVE IN A MIST (See Nigella—**MARVEL OF PERUS: H.A., A.S.—**

Border plant, brilliant coloured flowers. 3d. per packet.

MATHIOLA: H.A., A.S.—

Bicornis (Night-scented Stock)—Lilac flowers, most deliciously perfumed. 3d. packet.

MALOPE: H.A., A.S.—

Crimson—3d. packet.

MANDAVILLEA: C., H.P., S.—

Suaveolens—Fine climber; fragrant. 6d. per packet.

MARIGOLD: H.A., S.—

African—Mixed. 3d. packet.

French—Mixed. 3d. packet.

MARIGOLD, ENGLISH (See Calendula)—**MAURANDYA: C., H.P., A.S.—**

Splendid climber; flowers in clusters; mixed. 6d. packet.

MEDEOLA ASPARAGOIDES: C., H.P., A.S.—

Similax or Bridal Creeper—Shiny leaves. 6d. per packet.

MIGNONETTE: H.A., A.S.—

Machet—Bushy growth; highly scented. 3d. per packet.

Large Flowering—Tall grower. 3d. packet.

MESEMBRYANTHEMUM: H.P., A.S.—

Tricolour—Trailing habit; most suitable for rock work. Pink, red, and carmine tricolour. 6d. per packet.

MIMULUS: H.P., A.S.—**Tigrinus (Monkey Musk)**—6d. packet.**Moschatus (Musk)**—Sweet scented yellow flowers. 6d. packet.**MYOSOTIS (Forget-me-not): H.P., A.S.—****Alpestris**—Blue. 3d. packet.**NASTURTIUM: H.A., A.S.—****Lobbianum**—Tall, very showy. 3d. packet.**Tall**—Mixed. 3d. packet.**Tom Thumb**—Dwarf mixed. 3d. packet.**NEPETA MUSSINI (Cat Mint)—**

Fine for borders or edging work; produces a cloud-like spray of lavender-blue flowers right through the summer. 1/- packet.

NEMOPHILA: H.A., A.S.—**Dwarf flowers for border**, 6in.; mixed. 3d. packet.**NEMESIA: H.A., A.S.—****Strumosa Suttoni**—1ft. 3d. and 6d. packet.**Grandiflora Compacta**—Large flowers, but of more compact habit. 6d. packet.**Blue Gem**—Soft azure blue; for edging and small beds. 6d. packet.**Orange Prince**—Compact dwarf growth. 6d. per packet.**NICOTIANA: H.H.A., S.—****Affinis**—White tubular flowers; scented. 3d. per packet.**NIGELLA: H.A., A.S.—****Miss Jekyll**—Cornflower blue. 3d. packet.**Fine Mixed** 3d. packet.**NIGELLA****PELARGONIUM: H.P., A.S.—****Zonale**—From a good strain. 6d. packet.**PENSTEMON: H.P., A.S.—****Finest Mixed**—6d. packet.**PANSY: H.P., A.—**

A great specialty with us. We handle only the very best strains and have received testimonials from various sources praising our seeds.

Bath's Empress—A well-known strain of brilliant marking. 2/6 packet.**Masterpiece**—A remarkable type, petals conspicuously curled and waved. 1/6 packet.**Bugnot's Blotched**—Flowers of great substance and size, characterised by large blotches of deepest shades. 1/- packet.**Caissers**—Blotched and stained; fine range of colours. 1/- packet.**Trimadeau**—Mixed, flowers large size; fine range of colours. 6d. packet.**Good Mixture**—3d. packet.**PETUNIA: H.P., A.S.—****Superbissima**—Choicest mixed, large flowers, beautifully veined in the throat. 1/6 packet.**Fimbriata**—Single fringed, fine colours. 1/6 per packet.**Fimbriata Double**—Charming double, fringed flowers of delicate colourings. 2/6 packet.**Giants of California**—Immense single fringed flowers and beautiful colours; truly remarkable size. 1/6 packet.**Inimitable**—Striped and blotched. 6d. packet.**PETUNIA****Purple Prince**—Bedding Petunia of purple blue shade; compact. 6d. packet.**Rosy Morn**—Single dwarf; pink, with white throat. 6d. packet.**Feltham Beauty**—1ft.; dwarf and compact; great variety of colours from white to deepest rose. 1/- packet.**Fine Mixed**—3d. packet.**Nana Compacta**—Dwarf bedding Petunia, fine mixture of colours. 6d. packet.**"Alderman"**—Dwarf bedding type of deep velvety violet. 6d. pkt.**"Rose of Heaven"**—Dwarf bedding type of deep rose pink. 6d. pkt.**POLYANTHUS: H.P., A.S.—****(Primrose)**—Finest mixed. 6d. packet.**POLYANTHUS—GIANT MIXED**

POPPY: H.A., A.S.—

Shirley—Mixed. 3d. packet.

**POPPY—DOUBLE SHIRLEY****POPPY ORIENTALE—**

Excelsior Mixture—All the newest shades. 3d. packet.

Single Giant—White. 3d. packet.

Flanders Field—Brilliant scarlet. 3d. packet.

ICELAND POPPY: H.P., A.S.—

Sunbeam—In length of stem and size of flowers this strain is unrivalled. We have crossed and re-selected them for the past four years, and have the finest strain yet offered. 1/- packet.

Sanford Giants (New)—Very free flowering, with extra large flowers, many measuring 5 inches across. Their beauty is enhanced by a dense ring of yellow anthers on bright green stamens. Stems thick and strong, from 2 to 3 feet. Wide range of colours, from blood-red to orange, yellow, lemon, flesh, apricot, buff, rose-pink. 1/- packet.

Coonara Pinks—A distinct new race of Iceland Poppy, containing all the shades of pink and rose. 1/- packet.

Iceland Poppy—Good mixture. 3d. and 6d. packet.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI: H.A., A.S.—

Grandiflora—Flowers of this strain contain a wide range of beautiful colours. 3d. and 6d. packet.

Alba—Pure White. 6d. packet.

Altro Purpurea—Purple. 6d. packet.

Brilliant—Rose, dark eye. 6d. packet.

Chamois—Rose. 6d. packet.

Coccinea—Brilliant Red. 6d. packet.

Isabelina—Light yellow. 6d. packet.

Rosea—Rose. 6d. packet.

Stellata Splendens—Brilliant scarlet; large eye. 6d. packet.

Drummondii Nana Compacta—A dwarf compact growing Phlox; splendid. 6d. packet.

Cuspidata (Star Phlox)—Finest mixed. 6d. packet.

Decussata (Perennial Phlox)—Finest mixed. 1/- packet.

PORTULACCA: H.A., S.—

Single—Mixed. Brilliant colours. 3d. packet.

Double—Mixed. 6d. packet.

These do well in warm climate.

POOR MAN'S ORCHID (See Schizanthus)**PRIMROSE (See Polyanthus)**

Elfin—White.

PRIMULA: H.P., A.—

Single—Mixed. Best fringed varieties. 1/6 packet.

PRIMULA MALACOIDES: H.P., A.—

Malacoides—A delicate shade of lavender; produced on graceful spikes. 3d. and 6d. packet.

PRIMULA (Obconica): H.H.P., S.—

This is a very handsome Primula, greatly improved. Colours range from white to deep rose. 1/6 packet.

PYRETHRUM—

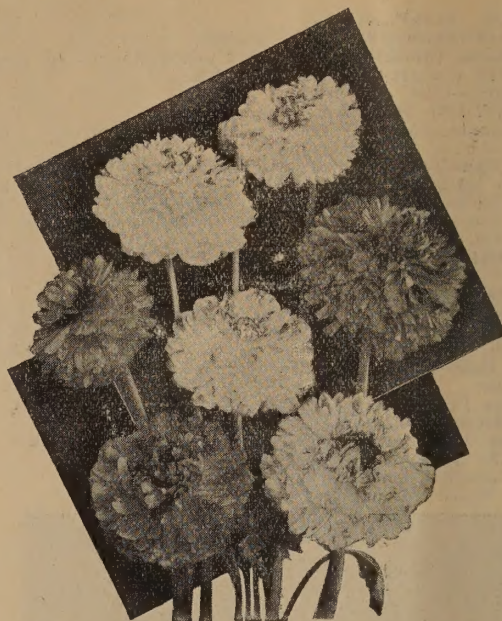
(Goden Feather)—For borders. 6d. packet.

PYRETHRUM: H.P., A.S.—

Double—Mixed. 6d. packet. Good for cutting.

RANUNCULAS ASIATICUS: H.P., A.—

Splendid mixture. 6d. packet.

**RANUNCULUS****SALVIA: H.P., S.—**

Splendens Glory of Stuttgart—Brilliant scarlet. 6d. packet.

Bonfire—Glowing scarlet. 6d. packet.

Harbinger (New Dwarf)—An excellent Salvia. Growth very dwarf; excellent for borders. 1/- packet.

SALPIGLOSSIS: H.A., S.—

Grandiflora—Finest mixed. 3d. packet.

Emperor—Large flowers, veined with gold. 3d. packet.

**SALPIGLOSSIS, EMPEROR****SCABIOSA: H.A., A.S.—**

Dwarf—Double mixed. 3d. packet.

Tall—Double mixed. 3d. packet.

Snow Ball—White. Useful cut flowers. 3d. packet.

STOCKS

(HIGH PERCENTAGE OF DOUBLES)

BEAUTY OF NICE RE-SELECTED.

Salmon Apricot
Pale Apricot
Purple Nice
Yellow Prince
Etingelente (Scarlet)

Violet
Mauve
Salmon Pink
Crimson
Xmas Pink (Old Rose)

6d. Packet, 6 Packets for 2/6.

Fine Mixed, 6d. pkt.

Special Mixture from named sorts, 1/- pkt.

GIANT PERFECTION OR DRESDEN

Blood Red
White
Canary Bird
Moonlight (Royal Purple)

La France (Light Pink)
Queen of the Belgians (Mauve)
Antique Copper (new), (Red
overlaid Copper)

6d. packet, or 6 packets for 2/6.

Special Mixture from named sorts, 1/- pkt.

Fine Mixed, 6d. pkt.

Ten Week, 6d. pkt.



STOCK—GIANT PERFECTION



STATICE

STATICE: H.P., A.S.—

This is a splendid flower to grow, both for the amateur and florists. Of easy growth, up to 18in. high, and lasts a long time when cut.

Sinuata—Rose A. 3d. packet.

Sinuata—Blue. 3d. packet.

Sinuata—White. 3d. packet.

SCHIZANTHUS (Poor Man's Orchid): H.A., A.S.—

Wisetonensis—Compact plant; flowers in curious form, resembling an orchid. 3d. packet.

SNAPDRAGON (See Antirrhinum)

SWEET SULTAN (See Centaurea)

SWEET PEAS (See Special List)

SWEET WILLIAM (See Dianthus Barbatus)—

THALICTRUM DIPEROCARPUM: H.P., A.—

Herbaceous perennial. Flowers profusely during the Summer.

The plants carry long stems, each carrying a number of dainty lavender flowers, with yellow anthers. The foliage is also beautiful. 1/- packet.

TITHONIA (Mexican Sunflower): H.A.—

Handsome orange-scarlet flowers; showy. 6d. packet.

URSINIA ANETHOIDES: New Hybrids—

This is a splendid summer flowering annual. The plants grow about 18 inches high and about the same width through. The flowers are daisy-like, being all of an orange shade. The distinction being the wonderful variations of colour of the central disc, which varies in width and colour from ruby-red to dark purple, spangled with jewel-like spots. 1/- packet.



URSINIA ANETHOIDES

VERBASCUM PHONICEUM: H.P., C.—

A hardy herbaceous perennial, growing about 3ft. high, and bearing long spikes of flowers in abundance. 1/- packet.

VINCA: H.P., S.—

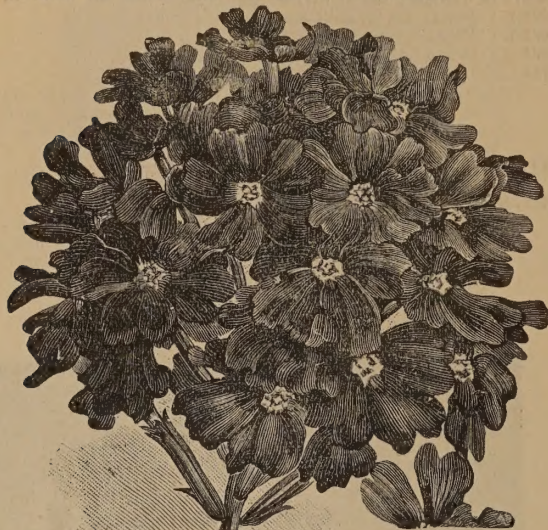
Rosea—Rose. 6d. packet.

Alba—White. 6d. packet.

Best Mixed—6d. packet.

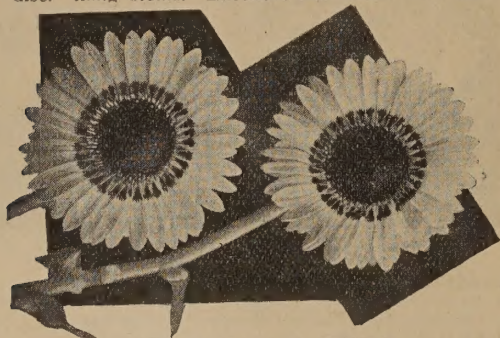


VIOLA CORNUTA (Tufted Pansies): H.A., A.—
 Lutea—Light yellow. Purple Queen—Lilac.
 Mauve Queen. Papilio—Purple. 6d. packet.
 Blue Perfection. Rose—Rose. 6d. packet.
 6d. packet, except where otherwise priced. The Violas are
 a beautiful border plant.
VIOLA ODORATA (Sweet Violet): H.P., A.S.—
 The Czar—Blue. 6d. packet.
 Alba—White. 6d. packet.
VIRGINIAN STOCK: H.A., A.S.—
 Suitable for small beds or borders or edgings; 6in. 3d. pkt.



VERBENA

VENEDIUM—H.A., A.—
 Fastuosum.—Large daisy-like, orange flowers, with a maroon
 disc. Long stems. Excellent cut flower. 1/- pkt.



VENEDIUM—FASTUOSUM

VERBENA: H.P., A.S.—
 Mammoth—A splendid variety, with large heads of flower.
 6d. packet.
 Hybrida—Fine mixed. 3d. packet.
WALLFLOWER: H.P., A.S.—
 Single Mixed—3d. packet.
 Double Mixed—6d. packet.

WALLFLOWER—
 Earliest Paris (Annual)—This is the best type to grow in
 warm climates like W.A. Planted in late Summer, these
 will flower the following Spring. 6d. packet.

ZINNIA: H.A., S.—
 Elegans—Double, mixed. 3d. packet.
 Elegans Alba—White. 3d. packet.
 Elegans Tom Thumb—Dwarf. 3d. packet.
 Robusta Plenissima—Double flowers of immense size. 3d. and
 6d. packet.

GIANT DAHLIA (FLOWERED)—
 This distinct new race of giant Zinnias is a vast improve-
 ment on existing varieties. The large, perfectly formed
 flowers closely resemble the decorative Dahlia, and are
 carried erect on strong stems. All colours from white to
 dark red. 6d. and 1/- packet.



ZINNIA, DAHLIA FLOWERED

VINES AND CREEPERS

FINE FOR COVERING UNSIGHTLY FENCES AND COVERING TRELLIS, ETC.

- Those marked *—sow in the Spring.
- ***ARISTALOCCHIA ELEGANS (Dutchman's Pipe)**—Flowers of extraordinary shape; perennial. 1/- packet.
 - CARDINAL CREEPER**—(See Ipomea).
 - ***COBAEA SCANDENS**—Bell-shaped flowers of violet blue; perennial. 6d. packet.
 - CONVOLVULUS MAJOR (Tall Morning Glory)**—Mixed colours; annual. 3d. packet.
 - DOLICHOS, LABLAB (Hyacinth Bean)**—Vigorous grower; purplish pink flowers; annual. 6d. packet.
 - DOLICHOS LIGNOSUS**—Vigorous hardy perennial; colours white and pink. 6d. packet.
 - ***GOURDS**—Ornamental, rapid growers. Sow when the frosts are over; mixed varieties. 6d. packet.
 - ***IPOMEA CARDINALIS (Cardinal Creeper)**—A fine, brilliant creeper. Rapid grower. Fine cut foliage. Covered with a blaze of red flowers; annual. 1/- packet.
 - ***IPOMEA QUAMACLIT (Cypress Vine)**—Feathery foliage, star-shaped flowers; annual. 6d. packet.
 - KUDZU VINE**—(See Pueraria).
 - ***MINA LOBATA**—Thrives in warm situations; flowers red and cream; annual. 6d. packet.
 - ***PASSIFLORA EDULIS (Passion Fruit Vine)**—Rapid grower; bears heavy crops of delicious fruit. 6d. packet.
 - ***PHASEOLUS CARACALLA (Snail Creeper)**—Flowers light purple, curiously twisted and curled. Warm district; supplies uncertain. 1/- packet.
 - PUERARIA THUNBERGIA (Kudzu Vine)**—Very rapid grower, covered with rosy purple pea-shaped flowers; perennial. 6d. packet.
 - ***TAXONIA MOLLISSIMA (Banana Passion)**—Quick evergreen creeper; blooms similar to passion vine, only pink; fruit long, yellow colour; perennial. 6d. packet.
 - TROPAEOLUM CANARIENSIS (Canary Creeper)**—Pretty yellow butterfly-like flowers; annual. 6d. packet.

Winter Flowering Spencer SWEET PEAS

The early flowering Sweet Peas are the best to grow in Western Australia. Sow from end of January to May, and they will flower throughout the Winter up till November. PRICE: Separate varieties, 6d. packet; 5/- doz. Mixed, small packet, 3d.; 6d. and 1/- packet. Bulk packet, 2/6 and 5/-

CREAMS

CANARY BIRD—Rich Cream.
PRIMROSE—Deep cream.
ZYRIS CREAM—Deep cream.

PINKS AND CERISE

ALBURY BEAUTY—Orange pink.
ARTHUR YATES—Rose pink.
ALBURY CARMINE—Rich colour.
CONCORD COUNTESS—Pink.
DELIGHTFUL—Terra-cotta cerise.
HAIDEE MOTTE—Large pink bicolour.
MOANA—Soft shell pink.
MOTTE'S BLUSH—White ground, tinted pink.
MOTTE'S BLUSH CREAM—Very attractive.
MOTTE'S CHAMPAGNE—Tawny Pink.
MOTTE'S PINK—Mid pink.
PEERLESS PINK—Pink on cream ground.
PINK PROFUSION—Sparkling rich pink.
PINK CHEROKEE—Salmon pink on cream ground.
SUPERIOR PINK—Pink, suffused soft salmon.
YARRAWA—Rose pink.
ALLEN'S FIELD DAISY—Cream, edged pink.
DAYBREAK—Cream, edged buff.
MRS. MAY HASSETT—Deep cream pink.

CRIMSON AND RED

A. J. QUARRELL—Bright crimson.
EMPEROR—Rich crimson.
GRENADIER—Sunproof scarlet.
GIANT CRIMSON—Large flowers.
MOTTE'S CRIMSON—Fine colour.
MOTTE'S RED INDIAN.
PAULINE—Deep crimson.
VULCAN—Orange scarlet.

LAVENDER

ALBURY LAVENDER.
ASTA OHN—Lavender and mauve.
FASCINATION—Lavender.
MONTANA—Lavender blue.
WINSOME—Tinted lavender.
SWEET LAVENDER—Soft lavender.

ORANGE AND SALMON

ALBURY SALMON—Fine variety.
BURPEE ORANGE—Glowing orange.
ELDORADO—Orange.
FLAMINGO—Orange salmon.
GLITTERS—Fiery orange.
MRS. KERR—Clear orange.
WARFLAME—Orange salmon.

FLAKES

HARLEQUIN—Crimson flake.
HELIOTROPE FLAKE.
GRAY FLAKE.
COLUMBINE—White flaked crimson.

PURPLE, BLUE AND VIOLET SHADES

AGINCOURT—White, edged violet.
BLUE PICOTEE.
BLUE BIRD—Mid blue.
CONCORD PURPLE—Mauvy purple.
MRS. WARREN G. HARDING—Bright blue.
MOTTE'S PLUM—Plum shade.
MOTTE'S MAUVE—Deep mauve.
ROYAL BLUE—True royal blue.

WHITES

ALL WHITE—Good variety.
MILKMAID—Purest white.
QUEENSLAND FIELD DAISY—Creamy white.
SNOWFLAKE—Pure white.
ZYRIS WHITE.

The following are the ELFIN strain:—

Elfin—Mid pink.
Elfin—Scarlet.
Elfin—Maroon.
Elfin—Pink.
Elfin—Violet flush.
Elfin—Mid blue.
Elfin—Lavender.
Elfin—Cream.
Elfin—Navy blue.

Choice Flower Seedlings

We are now growing these in exceptionally large quantities, and can supply in unlimited numbers. They are all grown out of doors, and well hardened off.

The following are available from March to August at 6d. per dozen, except where otherwise priced. Freight extra.

Antirrhinum (Snapdragon)	6d.	Clarkia	6d.	Mixed	6d.
Aquilegia	6d.	Cineraria	1/-	Fringed	1/6
Calliopsis	6d.	Cineraria, Best	1/6	Double Fringed	2/6
Calendula (English Marigold),		Delphinium, Blue Butterfly	6d.	Rosy Morn	9d.
Mixed	6d.	Foxglove	6d.	Blue Bedder	9d.
Calendula (Radio and Golden Beam)	1/-	Gaillardia	6d.	Poyanthus	1/6
Candytuft	6d.	Hollyhock	6d.	Poppy—	
Canterbury Bell	6d.	Larkspur	6d.	Iceland, Mixed	6d.
Carnations, mixed	6d.	Lobelia	6d.	Iceland, Sunbeam	1/-
Carnations, Chauband Giant	1/6	Marigold	6d.	Iceland, Coonara Pink	6d.
Cornflower	6d.	Nemesia	6d.	Phlox	1/-
Chrysanthemum (annual)	6d.	Penstemon	1/-	Primula Malacoides	1/-
Cosmos	6d.	Pansy—		Stocks, Best Mixed	1/-
English Daisy	6d.	Mixed	6d.	Scabiosa	6d.
Delphinium, mixed	6d.	Cassiers	1/-	Viola, Mixed	6d.
Delphinium, Giant Strain	1/6	Bath's Empress	2/6	Verbena	6d.
Dianthus, single and double	6d.	Petunia—		Wallflower	6d.
				Viola, Yellow and Blue (separate)	9d.

THE FOLLOWING CAN BE SOWN FROM SEPTEMBER ONWARDS:

Antirrhinum	6d.	Kochia	6d.	Salvia	2/-
Amaranthus	6d.	Marigold	6d.	Vinca	1/-
Aster	6d.	Petunias—		Verbena	6d.
Balsam	6d.	Mixed	6d.	Zinnia, Mixed	6d.
Carnation	6d.	Fringed	1/6	Zinnia, Dahlia Flowered	1/-
Dahlias	1/6 and 6d.	Blue and Pink	9d.		
Helichrysum	6d.	Phlox	6d.		

Freight or Postage extra.

Wilson & John's Flower Seed Calendar

The following table will be found very useful for those who, at a glance, want to know what to plant at any particular time of the year, comprising the most popular annuals:—

FOR DESCRIPTION, SEE GENERAL FLOWER SEED LIST.

FROM AUGUST TO NOVEMBER

Amaranthus	Balsam	Hunemannia	Salpiglossis, 3d.	Zinnia, 6d. and 1/-
Arctotis	Cockscomb	Marigold (African), 3d.	Salvia	
Aster	Dahlia, 6d. and 1/-	Portulacca, 3d.	Vinca	

FROM FEBRUARY TO APRIL

Anemone	Cornflower	Godetia	Marigold (French)	Ranunculus
Aquilegia	Daisy	Iceland Poppy	Nemesia	Scabiosa
Calliopsis	Delphinium	Larkspur	Nigella	Shirley Poppy
Candytuft	Dimorphotheca	Leptosyne	Pansy	Sweet Pea
Chrysanthemum	Forget-me-not	Lobelia	Penstemon	Sweet William
Cineraria	Foxglove	Lupin (Pink Beauty)	Petunia	

FROM AUGUST TO NOVEMBER AND FEBRUARY TO APRIL

Antirrhinum	Dianthus	Lupins	Pyrethrum	Verbena
Canterbury Bell	Gerbera Jamesonii	Mignonette	Snapdragon	Wallflower
Carnation	Gaillardia	Phlox	Stock	
Cosmos	Hollyhock	Polyanthus	Sunflower	

SEED TESTING

This is a very important branch of our business. Regularly we test every variety of seed according to its season, and any that does not show strong germination is thrown out. Our customers, and also intending ones, can buy with confidence from us.

ROSES

Ours take the lead for trueness to name and strong growth, due to our use of the best under stock.

We grow our roses at Carmel, in the Darling Ranges, where the strong loam produces hardy, clean, vigorous plants.

This gives them a stronger constitution than those raised in light sandy or swampy soils, and, what is important, they transplant better for the same reason.

We use two stocks—

- (1) *Special briar, which has proved over thirty years' trial to be the best yet.*
- (2) *Fortuniana stock, which is preferred by some rose growers.—Limited number this year.*

Each year varieties considered inferior are discarded.

ABBREVIATIONS.—H.T., Hybrid Tea; H.P., Hybrid Perpetual; B., Bourbon; N., Noisette; T., Tea; P., Polyantha; C., China; Per., Pernet; Cl., Climber.

STANDARDS.—Varieties grown on standards as well as dwarfs, marked *. 2/9 each, 30/- dozen. Extra two-year plants, 3/6 each, 36/- dozen.

ROSES IN POTS.—Many varieties are grown in pots for summer planting. Price, 2/6 each, 24/- doz.

PRICES.—See at head of each group.

Varieties marked *— we can supply in standards.

Recent Introductions in Bush and Climbing Roses

AUTUMN (H.T.)—A beautiful salmon pink rose. Fine form. An ideal double rose having about 50 petals and lasting well when cut. This rose has shown good promise at our Nursery. 2/-.

CATHERINE KORDES (H.T.)—Without doubt one of the finest introductions. Colour, fine deep scarlet. Flowers erect and lasting. Growth good. 2/- each.

CLIMBING DAME EDITH HELEN (H.T. Cl.)—As a dwarf this rose has been one of the most popular roses grown. Now it is available as a Climber also, its popularity should vastly increase. Colour, bright rose pink; flowers very large and double. Undoubtedly one of the finest introductions in the climbing section. The growth our stock has made is truly remarkable. 2/-.

EDITOR McFARLAND (H.T.)—Large, full flower. Colour, bright rose, shaded salmon. Vigorous erect grower. Awarded two gold medals in Europe. 2/-.

HEINRICH WENDLAND (H.T.)—Reverse of petals is deep gold yellow, inside vivid nasturtium red with yellow base, lightening as flower ages. A very richly coloured rose, large, full and well formed. Vigorous growth. Recommended. 2/6.

LEON CHENAULT (H.T.)—Rich salmon, nicely shaped blooms, fairly large and full. 2/-.

MDME. S. PIERRE DU PONT (H.T.)—A fine all-round rose; habit of growth very good. Colour, deep orange. A first-class habit is its freedom of sturdy growth, and good flowers in the summer. Its colour seems to intensify instead of fading, as many do. 2/-.

MALAR ROS (H.T.)—A fine, newly-introduced deep red rose, of great promise. Growth and habit good. 3/6 each.

PRESIDENT HOOVER (H.T.)—Large, long-pointed buds. Open flowers large and semi-double. Outer petals claret-red flushed crimson; inner petals deep salmon. Borne singly on long, stiff stems. A free bloomer. Outstanding rose. 2/-.

TWELVE BEST ROSES

Following is the voting in "The West Australian" plebiscite to select the best twelve roses. One of the most gratifying features of the plebiscite was the response from suburbs in which the soil is generally regarded as unsuitable for rose-growing. Many lists received from such quarters were accompanied by luxuriant blooms that proved conclusively the possibility of growing roses in apparently hungry sand, provided, of course, that the necessary care is taken in the preparation and fertilisation of the beds.

GARDEN ROSES

FIRST TWELVE

	Votes
Dame Edith Helen	69
Lord Charlemont	65
Ophelia	54
Hadley	49
Souv. de H. A. Verschuren	39
Rev. F. Page Roberts	39
Talisman	38
Mrs. H. Brocklebank	36
Etoile de Hollande	35
Gloden Dawn	33
Mrs. Dunlop Best	26
Ethel Somerset	25

SECOND TWELVE

	Votes
Una Wallace	24
Frau Karl Druschki	23
E. G. Hill	22
Madame Butterfly	22
America	17
Golden Ophelia	17
Kaiserin Auguste Viktoria	15
Lorraine Lee	15
Phoebe	14
Madame Abel Chatenay	14
Mrs. Herbert Stevens	12
Los Angeles	12

THIRD TWELVE

	Votes		Votes
McGredy's Scarlet	11	White Ensign	8
Golden Emblem	11	Jonkheer J. L. Mock	8
Lady Margaret Stewart	10	Catherine Kordes	7
Rose Marie	10	Madame Pierre S. du Pont	7
Mrs. H. R. Darlington	9	Julien Potin	7
Shot Silk	8	Sensation	7

CLIMBING ROSES

FIRST SIX

	Votes
Climbing Rose Marie	43
Climbing Maman Cochet	35
Climbing Ophelia	31
Climbing Golden Emblem	30
Blackboy	29
Climbing Lord Charlemont	27

SECOND SIX

	Votes
Kitty Kininmonth	24
Climbing Mrs. H. Stevens	20
Climbing Golden Ophelia	17
Climbing M. Segond Weber	16
Climbing Lady Hillingdon	15
Climbing Hadley	13

We have all these Roses in good strong plants. Grown on our Special Stock proved by exacting trials to be the best yet.

PRICES:

Strong one-year-old Plants	1/6 each	15/- dozen
Special two-year-old Plants	2/- each	21/- dozen
Standards	2/9 each	30/- dozen

Place your order as early as possible, as there is an extra big demand this year, and the Plebiscite Roses are selling fast.

Remember the success of the Rose is controlled by the under stock on to which it is budded. We have the best stock.

GENERAL LIST OF BUSH ROSES

The planting time here for roses is from June to September, inclusive. But it is advisable to book your order any time ahead and avoid disappointment.

Prices: 1/6 each; 15/- doz.; Two-year-old, 2/- each; 21/- doz., except where otherwise stated.

ADELE CROFTON (H.T.)—Cadmium yellow, overlaid scarlet orange, toning down as flower develops to rich apricot.

AUREATE (H.T.)—Orange in bud, opening to large, well-shaped bloom of sunflower yellow, shaded orange-scarlet. Moderate, erect growth; scented. Gold Medal Nat. Rose Society, England.

ABOL (H.T.)—Pure white, moderately double. Good grower.

ADMIRAL WARD (H.T.)—Crimson red. *

AROMA (H.T.)—Bud large and ovoid; flower large, double, and very lasting and extremely fragrant. Colour, crimson, after the style of "Étoile de Hollande," but brighter red. Vigorous and bushy growth.

***ALEXANDER HILL GRAY (T.)**—Pure yellow; good.

AMERICA (H.T.)—Bud long and pointed, and opening to immense fragrant rose-pink flowers.

ANNIE LAURIE (H.T.)—Flesh pink, with deeper edges and showing a yellow base, good petalage.

***ANGELE PERNET (H.T.)**—Shiny bronze-green foliage. Colour distinct vivid orange, yellow shaded fiery red, outside of petals golden yellow.

ASPIRANT MARCEL ROUYER (H.T.)—Deep apricot, lighter on outside of petals; recommended.

AUTUMN TINTS (H.T.)—Coppery red, shaded orange.

BARBARA RICHARDS (H.T.)—Maize-yellow flushed rose. Blooms are large and of good form. Growth bushy and free. A general purpose rose.

BELLE SIEBRECHT (H.T.)—Bright rosy pink, good form.

BETTY (H.T.)—Coppery Rose shaded yellow. Formed, long and pointed, and of large size; colour intense saffron yellow with golden centre.

***BETTY UPRICHARD (H.T.)**—Most attractive shade between salmon pink and carmine; reverse of petals coppery sheen.

***BRIAR CLIFF (H.T.)**—Sport of Columbia; brilliant pink colour; petal very floriferous; long bud. Recommended.

BRIDESMAID (T.)—Bright pink; good.

BRITISH QUEEN (H.T.)—White flushed with palest pink.

CARINE (H.T.)—Orange carmine, long pointed buds.

CAROLINE TESTOUT (H.T.)—Clear bright rose; good.

***CHATEAU DES CLOS VOGERT (H.T.)**—Velvety crimson, shaded fiery red; good.

CHERRY (H.T.)—Outside of petals yellow, inner side bright rose; veined; large, full flowers of perfect form.

CHRISSIE MacKELLAR (H.T.)—Orange shaded with deep pink, very free flowering.

CHAS. P. KILHAM (H.T.)—Brilliant orange. Orient red, which when fully open fades to Lincoln red; foliage to date not showing mildew.

CLARA WATSON (H.T.)—Salmon pink; "good."

CLARICE GOODACRE—Biscuit chrome on ivory white.

CLOVELLY (H.T.)—Rich carmine rose, shaded salmon, perfect form; petals reflexed.

CAPT. F. S. HARVEY CANT (H.T.)—Rich salmon pink, faintly veined with scarlet, suffused with yellow.

***CALADONIA (H.T.)**—Pure white. of splendid form, richly perfumed.

CANARY (H.T.)—Canary yellow, very vigorous and free blooming, 40 petals.

***COMTESSE VANDAL (H.T.)**—This new and distinct rose is of an unusual and new colour combination. The bud is reddish copper with reddish golden bronze, which lightens as the bud develops. The inner side of the petal is salmon, graduating to gold at the base; the reverse is deep coral, producing a most unique contrast in colouring. The flower attains an exceptional size with a high centre.

***COMTESSE DE CASTILLEGA (Pernet)**—Colour, orange-flamed vermillion. Blooms large and highly perfumed; mildew-proof foliage.

COUNTESS OF GOSFORD—Salmon pink, shaded rose.

***C. V. HAWARTH (H.T.)**—Intense black scarlet, free growing.

***COLUMBIA (H.T.)**—Bright pink; free flowering leathery petals; very fine variety.

***DAME EDITH HELEN (H.T.)**—Pure glowing rose pink, without any other shade. The blooms are quite full and represent one of the highest standards yet attained for a garden and exhibition rose. Growth good and sweetly perfumed.

***DAILY MAIL SCENTED ROSE (H.T.)**—Colour, deep rich velvety red. Vigorous and free blooming, excellent shape. Awarded "Daily Mail" Gold Cup for true rose scent. Also gold medal of National Rose Society.

DUCHESS OF YORK (H.T.)—Strong and vigorous; colour, deep golden yellow with tangerine centre.

DESMOND JOHNSTON (H.T.)—The colour is brilliant scarlet, very heavily flushed orange and claret, with a deep orange base. Flowers have a faint tea-scent. Foliage is large, glossy, and mildew-proof. Already awarded one gold medal and certificate of merit.

DRUSCHKI RUBRA—Growth upright, dark green foliage; colour dark blood-red, free bloomer.

DEAN HOLE (H.T.)—Silvery carmine, shaded salmon.

DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND (H.T.)—Delicate rosy pink.

EARL HAIG (H.T.)—Deep reddish crimson of immense size and substance; sweet perfumed exhibition rose.

EDGAR M. BURNETT (H.T.)—Flesh-tinted rose; sweet.

EDWARD MAWLEY (H.T.)—Rich velvety crimson; fine

***ETHEL SOMERSET**—Shrimp pink, edged coral pink; flowers large, full, with high pointed centre; free flowering.

EMPIRE QUEEN (H.T.)—Clear cerise with orange occasionally, long buds, expanding into a well shaped flower.

EMILY DODD (H.T.)—Colour creamy yellow, changing to milk white in the old flower; it is outstanding for its floriferousness, size of bloom, and continuity of flowering.

***ETOILE DE HOLLAND (H.T.)**—Dark red buds, opening to bright red; semi-double to double, and fragrant. This rose has caused quite a sensation. Colour does not fade.

EDITH NELLIE PERKINS (H.T.)—Outside of petals Orient red, heavily shaded cerise at top, orange at base, perfumed.

- ***E. G. HILL (H.T.)**—Dazzling scarlet, changing to pure red, long stems and full double flowers. This rose does well with us; highly recommended.
- ***FEDERICO CASAS (Pernet)**—Colour, yellow shading to red at upper half of petals. Flower fairly large, and of good form.
- FELICITY (H.T.)**—Colour a beautiful shade of mellow pink, shading to cerise at edge of petals, with a soft creamy suffusion at the base.
- ***FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI (H.P.)**—Snow white; magnificent flower.
- ***F. W. DUNLOP (H.T.)**—A vigorous growing variety, producing perfectly shaped blooms of deep rich pink, of exhibition standard, fragrant.
- FLORENCE IZZARD (H.T.)**—Colour, buttercup yellow; blooms long and pointed, and delightfully perfumed. Gold medal, National Rose Society.
- GAIETY**—Large, long pointed buds, open flowers large, semi-double, lasting well on long stems. Colour: orange, Indian red and silver. A vigorous grower and continuous bloomer.
- ***FEU JOSEPH LOOYMANS (Pernetiana)**—Colour yellow, with vivid apricot, large and fairly full; buds well formed. Gold Medal Rose.
- ***GENERAL McARTHUR (H.T.)**—Rich salmon, fine, very free flowering; fragrant.
- GEORGE ARENDS (H.P.)**—Pink; good.
- GEORGE DICKSON (H.T.)**—Velvety black, scarlet and crimson.
- GEORGE SCHWARTZ (T.)**—Canary yellow.
- ***GOLDEN OPHELIA (H.T.)**—Golden yellow; perfect flower, lasting well.
- GISSY LASS (H.T.)**—Scarlet crimson with darker shadings. Fairly full flower; very fragrant. Flowers carried on long erect stems. Branching, vigorous habit.
- GOLDEN EMBLEM (H.T.)**—Deep orangeyellow; good.
- GLADYS HOLLAND (H.T.)**—Colour, buff haded orange. A fine exhibition rose. Gold medal, National Rose Society.
- ***GOLDEN DAWN (H.T.)**—A splendid Australian raised rose. Rich sunflower yellow, flushed deep old rose. Growth most vigorous. Produces regular blooms of a high order; rich tea scent.
- HILDA (H.T.)**—Colour, bright carmine, inner petals light pink. Resembles a double Betty Uprichard.
- ***HADLEY (H.T.)**—Glowing scarlet, very free flowering.
- ***HOOSIER BEAUTY (H.T.)**—Glowing crimson, one of the best.
- HUGH DICKSON (H.P.)**—Brilliant, crimson; large.
- ***HUGO ROLLER (T.)**—Lemon yellow, suffused crimson.
- IRISH FIREFLAME (T. Single)**—Brilliant salmon colour.
- INDEPENDENCE DAY (H.T.)**—Buds olive shaped, with flame coloured stains; petals of sunflower gold, overlying orange apricot; fragrant. Gold medal, National Rose Society.
- IVY MAY (H.T.)**—Pretty rose pink, running to amber at base of petals, flushed with gold. Sweetly scented.
- JAMES GIBSON (H.T.)**—Crimson scarlet with a velvet sheen; flowers full and perfect form; mildew proof.
- JAMES REA (H.T.)**—Colour, rose pink, flowers huge size, perfect size and substance. Glorious perfume. Awarded Gold Medal of National Rose Society.
- JOSEPHINE THOMAS (H.T.)**—Flowers very double; colour, orange salmon, shading to cream; disease-resistant foliage.
- JULIA COUNTESS OF DARTREY (H.T.)**—The colour is pure "Tyrian Rose," with a yellow base. The flowers are fine for exhibition; foliage, large, leathery and mildew-proof. The flowers have a very strong and delightful fragrance. Awarded gold medal of the National Rose Society.
- JONCKNER J. L. MOCK (H.T.)**—Imperial pink, large bold flower.
- JOSEPH HILL (H.T.)**—Salmon pink, shaded yellow.
- JOY (H.T.)**—Colour tangerine, red shaded coppery bronze and orange. Flowers full and well shaped. Strong fruity perfume. Bronze green foliage resistant to mildew. 2/- each.
- ***JULIEN POTIN (H.T.)**—Colour rich golden yellow, deepening with age. Buds shapely, sweet scented; highly recommended. 2/- each.
- JUDITH BLACK (H.T.)**—Rich dark red; beautiful colour; sweetly scented.
- JOANNA HILL (H.T.)**—Sulphur yellow, showing a distinct pink flush.
- KONIGIN LOUISE (H.T.)**—Large full, perfectly formed flowers; colour white; described as improved K. A. Victoria.
- ***KAISERIN AUGUSTA VICTORIA (H.T.)**—Pure white, yellow centre.
- KIRTSSEN POULSEN (Poly, H.T.)**—A truly remarkable rose, really should be classed Hybrid Tea. Growth 3 ft., flowers bright carmine scarlet, borne in clusters; although single it lasts as long as any double rose. Very decorative.
- KONIGIN CAROLA (H.T.)**—Light pink, perfect shape.
- LILLIAN MOORE (H.T.)**—The 10,000 dollar prize rose, Colour deep pure Indian yellow, with slightly deeper centre; flowers large and full.
- LORD ALLENBY (H.T.)**—Blooms large size, full colour, rich crimson suffused with scarlet.
- ***LORD CHARLEMONT (H.T.)**—Long pointed buds; clear crimson. Perhaps the finest red rose.
- LORD ROSSMORE (H.T.)**—Creamy white shaded and margined towards edge of petals. The flowers are of great size. Mildew-proof foliage. "Tea" perfume. Awarded gold medal, National Rose Society. Price, 2/- each.
- ***LADY HELEN MAGNOLA (H.T.)**—Brilliant crimson red, with dark markings; sweetly scented. Awarded Clay Cup for fragrance.
- LADY LOVE (H.T.)**—A seedling from Ophelia and somewhat like that variety, rich tea scent.
- LADY MARGARET STEWART (H.T.)**—Carmine madder veined, crimson on outside, inside petals apricot, flushed orange. Rich fruity scent.
- LUNA (H.T.)**—Bud colour is yellow, opening to pale yellow flowers; blooms are large.
- LADY INCHQUIN (H.T.)**—Orange cerise delicately perfumed.
- LOUISE CRINER (H.T.)**—Flower white, with cream centre; large and double.
- ***LADY MARY ELIZABETH (H.T.)**—The colour is brilliant carmine pink; long pointed blooms delightfully fragrant.
- LORD CASTLEREAGH (H.T.)**—Deep rich crimson; probably the darkest rose in cultivation.
- LADY ASHTON (H.T.)**—Pale rose and silvery pink; good.
- LADY BATTERSEA (H.T.)**—Rosy crimson; good in bud.
- LADY DUNLEATH (H.T.)**—Creamy white, with yellow toning.
- ***LADY CRENALL (H.T.)**—Saffron orange and creamy white.
- ***LADY HILLINGDON (H.T.)**—Orange yellow; long buds.
- LADY MARY WARD (H.T.)**—Rich orange, shaded deeper apricot orange.
- LADY PLYMOUTH (H.T.)**—Deep ivory, cream flushed.
- LADY URSULA (H.T.)**—Flesh pink; free.
- ***LA FRANCE (H.T.)**—Bright lilac rose, wonderful perfume; one of the best.
- LESLEY DUDLEY (H.T.)**—A rose of pretty shades. Carmine, orange, rose and soft pink all blended. The shapely flowers are very fragrant and borne on long stems. Few thorns. Gold medal National Rose Society.
- LAURENT CARLE (H.T.)**—Brilliant velvety carmine; good perfume.
- ***LOS ANGELES (H.T.)**—Shrimp pink, deeper centre; good.
- ***LORRAINE LEE**—An exquisite ever-blooming rose; colour luminous orange salmon; foliage, mildew and disease proof.
- LADY SOMERS (H.T.)**—A clear flesh pink rose of good form and habit; fine cut flowers; Australian raised.
- ***MADAME SEGOND WEBER (H.T.)**—Long pointed buds of salmon pink; one of the best roses.
- MABEL MORSE (H.T.)**—Clear, bright golden yellow without shading; mildew-proof; perfumed.

- *MADAME BUTTERFLY (H.T.)**—A sport to Ophelia. A harmony of bright pink, apricot and gold.
- MABEL DREW (H.T.)**—Deep cream and canary yellow; fine.
- *MADAME ABEL CHATENAY (H.T.)**—Carmine and salmon rose.
- *MDME. RAYMOND GAUJARD (Pern.)**—The bud is very long and pointed. The petals are broad, and the bloom is magnificent in every stage of development. The colour is a lustrous dark Oriental scarlet, with a bright golden base and a marvellous velvety sheen on the petals. 2/-
- *MADAME EDWARD HERIOT (H.T.)**—Coral red, shaded yellow and bright rosy scarlet. "Daily Mail" prize rose.
- *MAMAN COCHET (T.)**—Flesh coloured rose, shaded carmine and salmon.
- MARIE ADELAIDE (H.T.)**—Deep orange yellow; good.
- MARGARET DIXON HAMIL (H.T.)**—Maize straw colour; very good.
- *MARGARET MCGREDY (H.T.)**—Colour, orange scarlet. Flowers have faint perfume, are large, full and of perfect form. Foliage is large, bright green, leathery and mildew-proof. Awarded gold medal National Rose Society.
- MABEL LYNAS (Pernet)**—The colour is dark crimson, with a yellow base. The flowers have probably the strongest and sweetest scent of any rose in cultivation. Foliage glossy green and mildew-proof. Awarded gold medal, National Rose Society.
- MAX KRAUSE (H.T.)**—Flowers are of immense size, full, fine pointed form. Colour beautiful deep reddish orange, changing to lighter tone as bloom ages. Strong, erect growth, and glossy green foliage.
- *MARION CRAN (H.T.)**—The colour is deep buttercup yellow, margined and flushed cerise and rosy scarlet. Foliage is mildew-proof, dark green and glossy. Awarded certificate of merit, National Rose Society.
- MELODY (H.T.)**—Saffron yellow, with primrose edge; splendid variety for standard; fragrant.
- *MEVROUW V. A. VAN ROSSEM (H.T.)**—The flowers are heavily flamed, and shaded dark orange and apricot on a deep golden yellow ground. The reverse of the petals often bronze or nearly brown. Growth disease-proof. Two gold medals and one certificate; a splendid rose.
- MEV. HENRI DAENDELS (H.T.)**—Growth vigorous and bushy. Blooms large, well formed and sweetly scented. Colour in the bud is flesh coloured pink, the open blooms apricot yellow. An improved "Rev. Page Roberts."
- MRS. S. PATON (H.T.)**—Orange scarlet carmine, orange base; good size and perfect shape; mildew-proof.
- MRS. H. R. DARLINGTON (H.T.)**—Creamy white, sweetly scented; splendid exhibition rose.
- MRS. GEORGE SHAWYER (H.T.)**—Deep china rose.
- MRS. CHAS. LAMPLOUGH (H.T.)**—Soft lemon; sweetly scented.
- MRS. BRYCE ALLEN (H.T.)**—Colour, carmine rose, strong moss perfume; a splendid rose for all purposes.
- *MRS. HENRY MORSE (H.T.)**—Bright rose, with vermilion veneering.
- *MRS. A. R. BARRACLOUGH (H.T.)**—Solid carmine pink, with a yellow base, an attractive colour.
- MRS. BECKWITH (H.T.)**—Moderate grower; long bud, medium size; colour, buttercup yellow.
- *MRS. DUNLOP BEST (H.T.)**—Reddish apricot, with a coppery yellow base; sweetly scented flowers.
- MRS. R. C. BELL (H.T.)**—Deep red, fairly vigorous growth.
- MRS. A. R. WADDELL (H.T.)**—Long buds of brilliant apricot.
- *MRS. GEO. GEARY (H.T.)**—Bud very large and long pointed. Flowers large, double and extremely fragrant. Colour, glowing orange cerise shaded cardinal. Continuous bloomer and vigorous growth.
- *MRS. H. WINNETT (H.T.)**—A beautiful double red rose, not quite so dark as Hadley; good grower and free-flowering, holding its colour well; mildew-proof and fragrant.
- MRS. PAUL GOUDIE (Pernet)**—Colour, deep buttercup yellow, each petal heavily margined carmine scarlet. Flowers are full with a rich fruity fragrance. Foliage, glossy green and mildew-proof. Certificate of merit N.R.S. with a reddish tint.
- MRS. ALF WEST (H.T.)**—Colour, carmine pink, with deeper colour at edge of petals.
- MRS. TOM SMITH (H.T.)**—Colour, glowing cerise, dark green foliage; fragrant. Gold medal.
- *MRS. H. BROCKLEBANK (H.T.)**—Creamy white, tinted salmon rose; good.
- MOLLY SHARMAN CRAWFORD (T.)**—Pure white; good.
- MRS. AARON WARD (H.T.)**—Indian yellow; fine in bud.
- MRS. DAVID McKIE (H.T.)**—Creamy yellow, one of the best.
- MRS. FOLEY HOBBS (T.)**—Ivory white, tinted pink; delightful perfume.
- *MRS. HERBERT STEVENS (T.)**—Pure white, fine long buds.
- MRS. HUGH DETMAN (H.T.)**—A fine pillar rose; colour bright apricot yellow.
- MDME. HENRI QUENILLE (H.T.)**—Salmon rose, with yellow shading. Strong tea perfume; recommended.
- *MCGREDY'S IVORY (H.T.)**—Creamy white, merging into a yellow base. Excels Mrs. H. Stevens without the pendulous habit. Gold medal National Rose Society.
- *MRS. SAM MCGREDY (H.T.)**—Scarlet coppery orange, flushed Lincoln red on outside of petals. Flowers large size and perfumed; mildew-proof, few thorns. Gold medal, National Rose Society.
- MRS. T. B. DOXFORD (H.T.)**—Salmon carmine, marked strawberry red on reverse of its very large petals, developing to peach blossom. Fragrant, free and perpetual flowering.
- *MCGREDY'S SCARLET (H.T.)**—Brilliant rich scarlet, with deep velvety sheen; delicate "tea" perfume; mildew-proof foliage. Awarded certificate of merit of the National Rose Society.
- MRS. W. C. EGAN (H.T.)**—Deep flesh pink with a golden glow at base of petals. Slightly fragrant. All round rose; at its best in summer.
- NELLIE PARKER (H.T.)**—Colour, creamy, with white, often flushed with blush at the tips of petals. Gold medal, National Rose Society, and silver gift medal.
- NIGHT (H.T.)**—This is the darkest rose yet raised. Deep blackish crimson, medium in size, full, and of perfect form, very sweetly scented, and unaffected by adverse weather; few thorns. Certificate of merit of the National Rose Society.
- *NORMAN LAMBERT (H.T.)**—Outside petals cadmium yellow, flushed tomato red, inside russet. A dainty decorative rose of 24 petals.
- OLD GOLD (H.T.)**—Reddish orange and coppery apricot shadings.
- *OPHELIA (H.T.)**—Salmon flesh, shaded with rose.
- *PATIENCE (H.T.)**—The colour is deep orange at base, shading to orange scarlet. Flowers large, full and of perfect form, quite exhibition size, and has a delicate perfume. Foliage, glossy and mildew-proof. Awarded gold medal, National Rose Society.
- *PENELOPE (T.)**—Rosy carmine with creamy shade.
- PERLE DES JARDINS (T.)**—Pure golden yellow; large.
- *PHOEBE (H.T.)**—Colour, creamy white, slightly deeper in centre; perfect form.
- PILGRIM (H.T.)**—Silvery pink, with outside of petals rose pink. Splendid shape, with delightful fragrance; mildew-proof.
- PORTADOWN (H.T.)**—Rich deep crimson, with velvety sheen; bushy growth.
- PRINCE CAMILLE DE ROHMAN (H.P.)**—Crimson maroon.
- PORTADOWN GLORY (H.T.)**—Colour clear canary yellow. Flowers perfectly formed and have a tea perfume. Growth vigorous and practically thornless. Glossy green foliage, tificate of merit, N.R.S.
- PERFUME (H.T.)**—Deep velvety red colour. Fragrance extra strong; vigorous growth, few thorns; perpetual flowering. Won already one cup and two certificates of merit.
- POLLY (H.T.)**—Buds, gold, flushed with pink; sweet scent; not liable to mildew.

***PORTADOWN FRAGRANCE (H.T.)**—Flowers are very large, full, and of perfect formation. Colour, brilliant orange salmon pink, heavily flushed throughout with orange scarlet. Growth vigorous, free, and branching. Strongly perfumed.

PORTADOWN BEDDER (H.T.)—Outside petals yellow, centre deep apricot; as the flower expands the colour is golden yellow with pinkish edging; fruit scent; 30 petals.

QUEEN MARY (H.T.)—Bright canary yellow.

***RADIANCE (H.T.)**—A variety noted for its all-round qualities. Disease resistant foliage, and slightly fragrant. Colour is a silvery pink interior, with a carmine pink reverse.

***REV. PAGE ROBERTS (H.T.)**—Blossoms large, of true double exhibition form. The inner side of petals is soft buff, shading to rich yellow at base, and the reverse rich salmon, shaded carmine and yellow; mildew-proof and delicately fragrant.

RED PREMIER (H.T.)—Colour inside of petals bright velvety red, outside petals carmine red; fragrant.

***RED LETTER DAY (H.T.)**—Glowing scarlet crimson.

RICHARD E. WEST (H.T.)—Glowing cadmium yellow, paler on reflex; fragrant; vigorous growth.

***ROSE BECKELEY (H.T.)**—Deep rosy salmon pink, suffused orange; flowers perfect shape; mildew-proof; recommended.

***ROSLANDIA (H.T.)**—A fine new yellow rose; a sport from Golden Ophelia. It is a vast improvement on the original. Fully fragrant.

***ROSE MARIE (H.T.)**—Long buds, perfectly shaped, a rich

***SIR H. SEGRAVE (H.T.)**—The blossoms are large and well shaped with high pointed centre. Fragrant. Growth, vigorous and upright. Colour is lemon yellow, intensifying with age. Free and floriferous. Certificate of merit N.R.S.

shining rose pink. Free-flowering and mildew-proof; power-

SAFRANO (T.)—Bright apricot; free.

SHOT SILK (H.T.)—The colourings are described as bright cherry cerise, overshot with salmon, orange, crushed rose and veined buttercup yellow; glossy, green mildew-proof foliage. Gold medal, National Rose Society.

***SOUVENIR DE CLAUDIUS PERNET (Per.)**—Flowers large, full, of rich sunflower yellow, borne on long stems.

SOUVENIR DE GEORGES PERNET (Per.)—Beautiful orient red colour; end of petals cochineal carmine, shaded yellow.

***SOUVENIR DE H. A. VERSCHUREN (H.T.)**—Cadmium yellow, shading to orange yellow; strong and delicious perfume.

***SOUVENIR DE SERGEANT CRETE (H.T.)**—Rich yellow, suffused carmine. Growth vigorous, with flowers produced on long stems.

SOUVENIR DE MARIE DE ZAYAS (H.T.)—Vivid carmine; good.

SOUVENIR DE ROSIERISTE RAMBEAU (T.)—Carmine rose, shaded straw colour.

SOUVENIR DE STELLA GRAY (T.)—Deep orange and apricot salmon.

SENSATION (H.T.)—Scarlet crimson, with maroon markings; large and double and fragrant, buds pointed. Gold medal rose.

SOVEREIGN (H.T.)—Deep golden yellow of medium size, produced on low spreading plants; mildew-proof.

***SUNBURST (H.T.)**—Cadmium yellow, orange yellow centre.

***SUNSTAR (H.T.)**—Orange yellow centre; petals edged rose; good.

SUNNY SOUTH (H.T.)—Pink, flushed with carmine.

SALLIE LEWIS (H.T.)—Apricot colour; large full flowers of perfect form. Free-flowering. A fine rose.

***SOUVENIR DE MDME. BOULLETT (H.T.)**—Deep yellow, rich tea scent, described as improved Lady Hillingdon. Recommended.

SCHWABENLAND (H.T.)—A very full rose of crimson carmine; good grower; flowers last well when cut. 80 to 90 petals.

THE QUEEN ALEXANDRA (Pernet)—Vermillion and orange. A combination described as "Jazz."

***THE BRIDE (T.)**—White edged rose; one of the best.

***TALISMAN (H.T.)**—Variable colour, but beautiful. Varies from Australian copper, fading to yellow when open. Blossoms medium size, shapely; full and fragrant. An outstanding novelty.

TOM BARR (H.T.)—Distinct blending, best described as orange bronze. Blossoms even and perfect shape and fragrant. Bright, mildew-proof foliage. Certificate of merit N.R.S.

UNA WADDILOVE (H.T.)—Colour, cherry rose. Perfect form on wiry stems. Ideal for decoration or exhibition. Gold medal, National Rose Society.

VICTOR WADDILOVE (H.T.)—Bright carmine pink, with yellow base; flowers large, fairly full, and of good form. Strong tea perfume.

***VILLE DE PARIS (P.)**—Sunflower yellow, shaded orange. Fairly full.

***W. F. DREER (H.T.)**—Deep golden yellow, shaded peach and old rose; free flowering.

***WHITE MAMAN COCHET (T.)**—Snow white, blush edge.

***WILLIAM ORR (H.T.)**—Deep velvety crimson, outer side of petals lighter shade, giving the flowers a lovely appearance; large, full, and of perfect form with reflexed petals. Fragrance strong. The colour is unaffected by adverse weather. Foliage mildew-proof. Highly recommended.

YELLOW FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI (H.P.)—Lemon yellow; splendid variety.

***YVES DRUHEN (H.T.)**—Growth vigorous; dark velvety red; highly perfumed. Fine garden rose.

POLYANTHA ROSES

Dwarf

These are of dwarf habit, producing compact clusters of charming miniature flowers throughout the summer and autumn.

They are lovely bedders, most useful for edgings and borders.

Prices, 1/6 each, 15/- doz., except where otherwise Priced

DOLLY VARDEN (New)—Miniature double flowers of a beautiful rose pink colour.

BABY BETTY—Clear rose with pale centre.

DAINTY (New)—Semi-double, in large trusses.

FIREBALL (New)—Bright scarlet, large clusters of flowers. Very effective.

GOLDEN SALMON SUPERIOR (New)—Golden salmon colour, bright and showy. Excellent sort.

GLORIA MUNDI (New)—The most brilliant scarlet orange colour imaginable. Double flowers born in clusters. Recommended.

PAUL CRAMPEL (New)—Orange scarlet. This is a very fine variety. Colour very bright; flowers in large trusses.

SPARKLER (New)—Blood red, very distinct. Dwarf.

CORAL CLUSTER—A beautiful coral pink. Vigorous and free-flowering.

ELLEN POULSEN—Clear bright pink. One of the best.

GOLDLACHS—Fiery golden salmon. Full trusses of flowers, medium height.

IDEAL—A fine dark red polyantha, free flowering; mildew-proof.

MISS E. CAVELL—Small, semi-double flowers of scarlet-red in compact trusses.

ORANGE KING—Deep orange yellow. A distinct new colour. Compact growth.

SUPERBA—Bright scarlet crimson.

ORLEANS—Brilliant rosy-red, with peach pink centre. One of the best.

WHITE ORLEANS—White habit of growth, similar to pink Orleans.

Cecile Brunner Type

1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

CECILE BRUNNER—Bright rose colour. Known as the button-hole rose.

GEO. ELGAR—Golden coppery yellow; very dwarf growth.

TIP TOP—Coppery yellow, tinted with carmine. Growth, dwarf. Effective.

CLIMBING AND PILLAR ROSES

1/6 each, 15/- doz.

Strong 2-year Plants, 2/- each, 21/- doz.

AMERICAN PILLAR (C.L.)—Single, deep pink, yellow stamens; in clusters.

BANKSIA WHITE (C.L.)—White, in clusters.

- BANKSIA YELLOW (C.L.)**—Yellow, in clusters.
- BARDOU JOB (H.T., C.L.)**—Rich crimson, splashed with black.
- *BLACKBOY (H.T., C.L.)**—Deep crimson, shaded blackish maroon.
- CLIMBING BELLE SIEBRECHT (H.T., CL.)**—Bright rosy pink.
- CLIMBING CHAPLIN'S CRIMSON GLOW (Hyb. Wich.)**—A fine climber of the same habit as "Paul's Scarlet." Flowers are large and full. Colour deep crimson with white base.
- CLIMBING CAROLINE TESTOUT (H.T., CL.)**—Satiny pink.
- CLIMBING COLUMBIA (H.T.)**—Bright pink, very firm flower; lasts well.
- CLIMBING CECILE BRUNNER (Poly.)**—Bright rose.
- CLIMBING "DAILY MAIL" SCENTED (H.T.)**—A climbing sport of "Daily Mail" Scented Rose. Deep, rich, velvety red with scarlet sheen. Richly scented.
- CLIMBING DEVONIENSIS T. CL.)**—Creamy white.
- CLIMBING CHATEAU DE CLOS VOUGEOT**—Velvety crimson; very good.
- CLIMBING ETOILE DE HOLLAND (H.T.)**—A vigorous climbing sport of this well-known and popular variety which will surely take its place as one of the leading red climbers.
- CLIMBING FRAU KARL DRUSCHKI (H.P., CL.)**—Pure white.
- CLIMBING GEO. SCHWARTZE (H.T.)**—Canary yellow.
- CLIMBING GENERAL McARTHUR (H.T.)**—Rich crimson; vigorous.
- CLIMBING EASLEA'S GOLDEN RAMBLER**—The flowers are fully four inches across, having 30 to 40 petals. Buds, orange flaked crimson carmine, in clusters. Delicious fruit fragrance, dark olive green foliage, brownish red wood. It is quite hardy and is a true Rambler of the Albertine type of growth, but even more vigorous. Gold medal N.R.S. 3/6. 2-year-old, 5/-.
- CLIMBING GOLDEN EMBLEM (Per.)**—A very vigorous climbing sport of the well-known dwarf. Growing strongly with us. Recommended.
- CLIMBING HADLEY (H.T.)**—This is one of the outstanding introductions for years. Its rich crimson colour and perfume identical with the dwarf variety.
- CLIMBING HOOSIER BEAUTY (H.T.)**—A vigorous climbing sport of the popular dwarf of the same name. Rich crimson bloom. Delicious fragrance.
- CLIMBING HUGO ROLLER (Clg.)**—A very pretty and distinct colour among climbers. Petals lemon shaded, cherry red edges.
- CLIMBING H.A. VICTORIA (H.T.)**—Pure white, deep cream centre.
- CLIMBING HELENA VAN VLEIT (H.T.)**—A new Rambler which will certainly be in great demand when it becomes known. Sturdy, vigorous growth. Colour of a delicate salmon pink. Is practically perpetual flowering, and flowers on the young shoots when cut back. Makes enormous trusses.
- CLIMBING LADY HILLINGDON (H.T., CL.)**—A vigorous sport of the well-known variety; good.
- CLIMBING LADY ASHDOWN (H.T.)**—Pale rose and silvery pink.
- CLIMBING LIBERTY (H.T., CL.)**—Bright crimson.
- CLIMBING LORRAINE LEE (Hyb. Gig.)**—A very vigorous climbing sport of the popular dwarf variety, of a rich terracotta pink. The winter-flowering qualities of the dwarf variety seemed to be firmly fixed in this new sport, which should render it one of the most valuable winter-flowering climbers in existence. 2/-.
- CLIMBING LOS ANGELES**—Colour, rich flame pink, with coral and gold shadings.
- CLIMBING LAURENT CARLE (H.T.)**—Brilliant velvety carmine.
- CLIMBING MADAME SEGOND WEBER (H.T.)**—Long pointed buds of salmon pink.
- CLIMBING MADAME BUTTERFLY (H.T.)**—A well-developed sport from the popular Madame Butterfly. Sure to become a favourite.
- CLIMBING MADAME A. CHATENAY (H.T.)**—This is a very desirable climber; colour, salmon pink; like the bush type of the same variety.
A welcome addition among the climbers.
- CLIMBING MRS. HERBERT STEVENS (H.T.)**—Of strong growth. This climber must appeal to everyone. Long pointed buds of pure white.
- CLIMBING MAMAN COCHET (T., CL.)**—Flesh, shaded yellow.
- CLIMBING NEW DAWN (Hyb. Wich.)**—Flowers medium size and double. Colour, blush pink, with dark green glossy foliage. Vigorous climbing habit. 2/-.
- CLIMBING MRS. AARON WARD (H.T.)**—A climbing form of this much esteemed variety; Indian yellow.
- CLIMBING NIPHETOS (T.)**—Pure white.
- CLIMBING OPHELIA (H.T.)**—Salmon, flesh shaded rose.
- CLIMBING PENELOPE (T. Clg.)**—Penelope, as a bush rose, is not a great success; as a climber it should do much better. Worth trying as it is a beautiful rose. Base of petal yellow, outer petals from light crimson to blood red. 2/-.
- CLIMBING PERLE DES JARDINS (T.)**—Golden yellow; good.
- CLIMBING RICHMOND (H.T.)**—Scarlet crimson.
- CLIMBING RADIANCE (H.T.)**—The bush Radiance is immensely popular; and now a climbing sport is available it should be more so; colour, carmine-pink.
- CLIMBING ROSE MARIE (H.T.)**—Peach pink colour. Growth vigorous and mildew-proof.
- CLIMBING SOUVENIR DE LA MALMAISON (B.)**—Pale flesh, vigorous and free.
- CLIMBING SUNSTAR (H.T.)**—A valuable introduction; colour, deep orange and yellow, veined and splashed crimson; vigorous.
- CLIMBING SOUVENIR DE CLAUDIUS PERNET (Per.)**—Rich sunflower yellow. Double flowers. Strong climbing habit. A new colour among climbers.
- CLIMBING SOUVENIR DE GEORGES PERNET (Per.)**—Colour, Orient red; strong climber. Fine blooms.
- CLIMBING SOUVENIR DE MME. BOULLET**—Climbing sport of the popular dwarf. Deep apricot yellow, long buds, tea scent. Recommended.
- CLIMBING WHITE MAMAN COCHET (T.)**—White, tinged blush pink.
- CLIMBING GOLDEN OPHELIA (H.T.)**—Flowers, golden yellow; perfect in shape.
- CLIMBING MRS. GEO. SHAWYER (H.T.)**—This is a very fine variety; colour, clear rose.
- CLIMBING JULIA COUNTESS OF DARTREY**—The colour is pure "Tyrian Rose," with a yellow base; ideal shape and fine for exhibition. Foliage, mildew-proof; delightful fragrance. Awarded gold medal of the National Rose Society.
- CLIMBING COUNTESS OF STRADBROKE (CL., H.T.)**—Flowers large and full with a rich damask perfume. Colour, rich, dark velvety crimson. This is an Australian rose, and a first-class variety.
- CLIMBING DUCHESS OF WELLINGTON (H.T.)**—Strong climbing habit, colour orange yellow; good.
- CLIMBING KITTY KINNIMONT (H.T. Cl.)**—Very floriferous. For garden decoration it is outstanding; colour bright pink.
- CLIMBING SACHENGRUSS (H.T. Cl.)**—One of the most vigorous and strong climbers grown. Colour rose pink; often suitable for exhibition.
- CLOTH OF GOLD (N., CL.)**—Pale yellow; large
- CRIMSON RAMBLER (P., CL.)**—Bright crimson clusters.
- DOROTHY PERKINS (Rambler)**—Soft pink.
- FORTUNIANA (CL.)**—Pure white, strong.
- GLOIRE DE DIJON (T., CL.)**—Yellow and buff.
- HIAWATHA (C.)**—Rich crimson; in clusters.
- LADY GAY, WICHURIANA**—Deep rose; in clusters.
- LORD CHARLEMONT (H.T., CL.)**—This climber must become popular, as the bush form is one of the best sellers, and the rose one of the finest. Colour, dark crimson.
- MARECHAL NEIL (T., CL.)**—Deep yellow.
- MACARTNEY ALBA (CL.)**—White; vigorous.
- MADAME JULES GRAVERAUX (T., CL.)**—Deep yellow and rose peach.
- MADAME BERARD (T., CL.)**—Salmon rose.
- MISS M. MANIFOLD (H.T., CL.)**—Rich velvety scarlet.
- PANES SCARLET CLIMBER (H.T. Cl.)**—An excellent climber of a colour always desired, being bright scarlet; habit good.
- REINE MARIE HEINRIETTE (H.T., CL.)**—Flowers immense size and perfect shape; colour, China rose.
- SENECA ANEMONE (CL. Pink Macartney)**—Silvery pink.
- SHOT SILK (H.T., CL.)**—A climbing sort, of a very popular bush rose. Colour similar to the bush form.
- SOUVENIR LEONIE VIENNOT (T., CL.)**—Silvery rose and carmine.
- UNIQUE (Hyd., Climbing Poly.)**—New colour, tawny orange salmon; vigorous climbing habit; not liable to mildew.
- WM. ALLEN RICHARDSON NOIS (CL.)**—Orange yellow.

It is desirable to order your Roses early. You are then assured of getting what you order, and it helps us to estimate the demand and prepare for it.

THE
WEST AUSTRALIAN
Garden Guide

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WILSON & JOHNS

After all, successful gardening is not just merely chance, but the result of work and applied knowledge.

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The little book with the big value!
Over 100 pages of excellent advice on
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**NEW MODERN
HYDRANGEAS**

The new and distinct varieties now available are remarkable in this section of plants, a group of which gives a truly wonderful display.

Nothing is more ornamental than Hydrangeas: they flower and thrive in most soils, and in pots or tubs on verandahs and in shade houses.

Apart from colour, the flower formation is quite distinct, having double flowers, some serrated edges and some primula-like flowers.

While there is actually no blue variety of Hydrangea, a number of these new ones are very susceptible to iron in the soil and are easily turned to beautiful shades of blue.

ADELAIDE—Fine rich pink. Very large truss of flower. Sometimes has a few spots of green on flower, making it very attractive.

AMERICA—Variety of easy growth and great value. Large blood-red flower, easy to change to blue. 2/6 each to 5/-

COLONEL DURHAM

DEMOTOI (Double)—Superb variety. Its double rose-pink flowers are of great beauty and last a long time. If treated it turns a beautiful shade of blue. 2/6 to 5/-

ECLEUREUR—Dwarf, compact and very floriferous. Grand corymbs of large, round flowers. Bright carmine rose. 2/6 to 5/-

F. MATHES—Strong grower, large, compact flowers of fine salmon-rose colour. Distinct. 2/6 to 5/-

ETINCELENT—Dwarf variety of best habit. Free flowering, colour bright carmine. 2/6 to 5/-

GOLIATH—Tall, erect grower, making strong wood. Colour, deep rose. Very easy to blue, and changes to a beautiful deep blue colour. We highly recommend this variety. 2/6 to 5/-

LA MARNE—Large flowers, carmine pink, changing to bright carmine. 2/6 to 5/-

MARECHAL FOCH—Fine, bright pink colour. When treated it produces a rich metallic blue colour. 2/6 to 5/-

MRS. H. J. JONES—Vigorous growing plant. Large fimbriated flower of bright carmine. 2/6 to 5/-

MRS. H. B. MAY—Bright rosy pink shaded mauve. 2/6 to 5/-

MADAME PHILLIPE de VILMORIN—Vigorous variety, very floriferous; very large fimbriated flowers of carmine red colour. 2/6 to 5/-

HEIDERSACHEN—Strong grower with stiff wood. Large substantial heads of blue-mauve colour. 2/6 to 5/-

PARSIVAL—Flowers deep rosy red. Most distinct. Medium-sized flowers in great profusion. 2/6 to 5/-

RUBIS—Splendid foliage. Flowers bright ruby red; very floriferous. This variety contains more red than any other. 2/6 to 5/-

VICOMTE de VIBRAYE—Perhaps the truest blue, medium-sized trusses freely produced. 2/6 to 5/-

NATIONAL ROSE SOCIETY OF W.A.

All Rose Lovers should become members of this fine Society. It is a society that is a branch of the Aus. N.R.S., which is in turn affiliated with the N.R.S. of England. The highest authority on the Rose.

These societies came into being for the sole reason of the advancement of the Queen of Flowers—the Rose. Our local society has done its share already, and some valuable work has been done for its advancement locally, where we have greater problems than communities more suitably situated in good soil and climatic conditions.

The fee is 10/6 yearly which entitles members to all privileges, as well as a free copy of the "Australian Rose Annual"—a fine book. Enquiries from and subscriptions to Mr. Hilliary, Secretary, c/o Education Dept., Perth; or, if more convenient, we will undertake to nominate and forward subscriptions of any of our clients and friends who wish to join. "DO IT NOW."

Ornamental Trees and Shrubs

For the guidance of those who may not have at their command the services of a professional gardener, we have described, as nearly as possible, the colours of the flowers and what height plants may ultimately be expected to attain in this climate in favourable soils and situations. We may, however, remark that a great many Evergreens and Deciduous Shrubs may be kept to almost any required size by judicious pruning.

E.T. signifies Evergreen Tree; E.S., Evergreen Shrub; D.T., Deciduous Tree; D.S., Deciduous Shrub.

ABUTILON (Chinese Lantern)—

All the best plants, 1/6 each.

ACACIA—

E.S. *Baileyana* (Cootamundra Wattle)—15ft. 1/6. This is a beautiful glaucous green, the flowers are globular, of a bright yellow colour; produces in great profusion.

E.T. *Pycnantha* (Golden Wattle)—1/6 each; other varieties, 1/6 each. Handsome flowering shrubs, with orange or yellow flowers.

E.T. *Podaliriflora* (Queensland Wattle)—The earliest flowering Acacia. 1/6 each.

E.T. *Decurans* (Black Wattle)—Yellow, 20ft., 1/6.

E.T. *Dealbata* (Silver Wattle)—Yellow, 20ft. 1/6.

ACYLPHA, MARGINATA (Fijian Fire Plant)—

4ft. A very handsome variegated plant, quite hardy and easy to grow. 1/6 each.

E.S. *Brownii*—Foliage brown red colour, edged lightly with yellow; hardy. 2/- each.

ACMENA—

E.S. *Pendula*—12ft. 1/6 each. The Acmenas may be classed among the best of our Evergreen Shrubs; they are free hardy and of quick growth.

AGONIS—

E.T. *Plexuosa*—30ft. 1/6 each. A nice Evergreen weeping tree, very hardy; stands the heat and drought well.

AILANTHUS—

D.T. *Glanulosa*—20ft. 2/- each.

ALOYSIA—

D.S. *Citriodora* (Lemon Scented Verbena)—White, 6ft. 1/6 ea.

AMYGDALUS—

Double Flowering Peaches (D.)—Double white, double pink, double red. 3/6 each.

ARUNDINARA (Bamboo)—

E.S. *Donax Variegata* (The Variegated Bamboo)—12ft. 1/6 each.

ARDUINA (Cape Plum)—

E.S. *Grandiflora*—White, 5ft. 1/6 each. A beautiful flowering shrub, strongly scented like the Jasmine, and bearing fruit, which, when ripe, has an agreeable sub-acid flavour.

AUSTRALIAN LILY (See *Doryanthea*).

BERBERIS (The Barberry)—The barberries are hardy evergreen and deciduous shrubs from 3 to 6 feet high. They are all spiny and have yellow or orange flowers in spring or summer, followed by berries either orange, red, blue or nearly black.

Aquifolium—4 feet. Evergreen, glossy green leaves, turning purple and bronze in winter. 2/- each.

Aggregata—4 feet, D.S. Deciduous shrub; yellow flowers, coral red berries.

Darwinii—Evergreen, 5 to 6 feet; one of the best. Small, glossy foliage, rich orange flowers. 2/- each.

Prattii—4ft. Pale green foliage, coral scarlet berries in great profusion. 1/6 each.

Stenaphylla—E.S., 5 feet. Evergreen shrub, long graceful shoots with dense dark shin foliage, yellow flowers. 1/6 each.

Sub Carliolata, E.S.—4 feet. Evergreen. Small, glorious leaves and arching branches. Pink berries in autumn, 1/6 each.

Thurbergii Atropurpurea, E. S.—Evergreen shrub, 5 feet. Distinct purple red foliage. Yellow flowers in spring, followed by purplish crimson berries.

Wilsonii, D.S.—4 feet. Semi deciduous. Neat leaves and yellow flowers. Berries turn from cream to light red. 2/- ea.

BLUE MARGARET (See *Agathoeo*).

BORONIA—

E.S. *Megastigma*—3ft. 1/6 to 2/6 each. A beautiful little plant, flowers coppery colour, with a most powerful lemon and violet scent—a great favourite.

BRACHYCHITON—

E.T. *Acerifolium* (The Flame Tree)—Scarlet, 20ft. 1/6 each.

This tree is a native of New South Wales, and there known as the Illawarra Flame Tree. It is of a fine, sturdy pyramid growth with a large, handsome foliage. Good specimen in flower makes a grand effect among other trees.

BUDDLLEA—

E. *Vietchiana*—Bright violet. Spikes. 1/6.

Globose—Orange, 1/6.

BRUGMANSIA (Trumpet Flower)—

E.S. *Knightii*—Semi-double. White, 6ft. 1/6 each. Handsome flowering shrub, producing very large pendulous flowers, having a beautiful perfume.

CAMALEUCEUM UNCINATUM (Geraldton Wax)—

There is no plant yet that has been so popular as the Geraldton Wax Plant, so called as it was first discovered growing in its wild state a few miles out of Geraldton. It makes rapid growth and in two seasons usually makes a fine bushy shrub from 3ft. to 4ft. high. It will grow in any class of soil, light or heavy, poor or rich. The flowers last a long time in water and are very decorative on their own and more so when arranged with other flowers. It does not require any manure, but it is desirable to water periodically in the summer time. We now have several varieties of these in different colours and shades, both early and late flowering, so that a succession of flowers can be obtained over an extended period.

E.S. *Alba*—This variety is pure white. Growth very erect. Very valuable variety, as it flowers very late, when other sorts have nearly finished flowering. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

E.S. *Blush Pink*—This is a pretty variety; flowers rather small and inclined to be cup-shaped; mid-season. 1/6 ea.

E.S. *Early White*—The earliest flowering white. Sometimes slightly flushed. 1/6 each.

E.S. *Mid Pink*—Full pink colour, deeper than shell pink; early flowering. 1/6 each.

E.S. *Newmarracarra*—This is a splendid variety for cutting; colour, magenta red; mid-season. 2/- each.

E.S. *Shell Pink*—A very early variety, and perhaps the finest in cultivation. Flowers are very large, of a delicate shell pink. 2/- each.

E.S. *Wilsonii*—This is a red type of these well-known plants. Vigorous, bushy, and of upright growth, with the colour decidedly fixed at all times from when it first commences to flower. Older type of red wax mostly turns out a pale, sickly colour at first and develops its true colour as it gets older. This defect is entirely absent in this splendid new variety. Another valuable distinction is that it flowers much later than the other varieties of wax plants. This is the finest variety of its kind in cultivation. Plants, 2/- to 3/6 each.

CAMELLIAS—

We have a splendid collection of these beautiful, hardy plants. Strong plants. 3/6 to 5/- each.

CAMPHORA—

E.S. *Officinalis*—20ft. 1/6 each. This plant produces the camphor of commerce.

CANNA—

A fine collection (see Special List). 1/6 each.

CASSIA—

- E.S. Corymbosa**—Yellow, 6ft. 1/6 each.
E.S. Floribunda—Yellow, 10ft. 1/6 each.
 Fine flowering shrubs for hot dry districts.
E.S. Didymobotrya ("New Guinea Cassia")—Excellent shrub. Perhaps the quickest growing shrub there is. Long spikes of yellow flowers. 2/- each. Extra large plants, 3/6 each.

CALLISTEMON (Bottle Brush)—

- Evergreen trees, producing flowers like a bottle brush; cochineal scarlet. 1/6 each.

CEANOTHUS—

- E.S. Divaricatus**—Blue, 12ft. 1/6 each.
E.S. Floribundus—Blue, 12ft. 1/6 each.
 Very handsome flowering Shrubs, of quick growth and very hardy.

CERATONIA—

- E.T. Siliqua** (The Locust Tree of Scripture, St. John's Bread)—Yellow, 15ft. 1/6 each. A fine tree for hot climates.

CERASTOSTIGMA WILLMOTTIAE—Rare and beautiful shrub from China. Produces a large quantity of deep sky blue flowers over a long period. Dwarf growing 3-4 feet. It is a fine acquisition to the shrubs. Hardy in all places and recommended for fairly dry areas. 2/- each.

CERATAPETALUM GUMMIFERUM—

- E.T. (New South Wales Christmas Bush)**—A hardy evergreen tree, growing to 30 feet in good conditions. Covered in summer with remarkable yellowish flowers, which turn rose and red as they age. 2/6 ea.

CHRYSANthemum (White Marguerite)—

- E.S. Frutescens Grandiflora, Fl. Pl. (Double Marguerite)**—4ft. 1/6 each.

CLETHRA (Lily of the Valley Tree)—

- E.S. Arborae**—White, 8ft. 2/- each. A splendid Evergreen Shrub, of compact growth, bearing raceme of pure white flowers, similar to Lily of the Valley, and quite hardy. A magnificent Shrub.

CLIANthus—

- E.S. Princess Alba**—5ft. 1/6 each.
E.S. Punicus (The Glory Pea)—5ft. 1/6 each.
 Bright Scarlet; very showy.
 Very useful plants for training against unsightly fences, being semi-candant.

CROTARARIA CUNNINGHAMII—

- E.S. (Green Bird Flower)**—A native and rare plant from the North-West of Australia. Flowers are green coloured and yellow. In shape very much resemble a bird. Does best in warm situation. 2/6 each.

COPROSMA—

- F.S. Baueriana Picturata**—6ft. 1/6 each.
E.S. Baueriana Variegata—4ft. 1/6 each.
B.S. Lucida—6ft. 1/6 each.
 Handsome Evergreen Shrubs, with bright shining leaves. Baueriana Variegata and Picturata are most beautiful variegated shrubs.

CORAL PLANT (see Erythrina)

CRIMSON FLOWERED GUM (see Eucalyptus Ficifolia)

CYTISUS PROLIFEROUS (Tree Lucerne)—This makes a good hedge, and is also very useful in hot and dry districts, as it stands the drought well, and is very useful for feeding cattle. Prices, 6/- to 9/- per doz.

DAPHNE—

- E.S. Indica Rubra**—Red and white, deliciously scented. 2ft. 2/- to 5/- each. The best of all Daphnes; fine little shrubs, highly fragrant flowers. Great favourites.

DATURA—

- D.S. Suaveolens**—Large trumpet shaped flowers; white; sweetly scented.

DEUTZIA—

- D.S. Grenata Candissima Flora Plena**—Semi-double flowers; white, 6ft. 1/6 each.
D.S. Gracilis—White, 6ft. 1/6 each. A beautiful little plant, blooming early in Spring, with masses of white flowers. A great favourite.

DIERVILLA (Wiegela)—D.—6ft. Beautiful flowering shrubs, to be had in white, pink and red. 2/- each.

DIOSMA—

- S.S. Alba (Eriscoides)**—2ft. 1/6 each. A neat little plant with scented foliage and white flowers.

DORYANTHES—

- E.S. Excelsa** (the Australian Gigantic Lily)—6ft. 2/- each.
E.S. Palmeri—Red and White, 8ft. 2/- each. A very effective plant when in flower.

DRACAENA—

- E.S. Australis (Sticta)**—10ft. 2/- each.
E.S. Draco (Dragon Tree)—10ft. 2/- each.
E.S. Nutans—10ft. 2/- each.
 Palm-like trees, very graceful, invaluable for landscape gardening; plants grow in pots, for the decoration of halls, balconies, etc. 2/- to 5/- each.

DURANTA—

- E.S. Alba**—White, 6ft. 1/6 each.
E.S. Plumieri—Blue, 12ft. 1/6 each.
 Very handsome and beautiful free-flowering shrubs, remaining in bloom the greater part of the Summer and Autumn.

Duranta Argentea Variegata—A variegated form of this hardy shrub, lavender flowers. 1/6 each.

ERYTHRINA (Coral Plant)

- D.S. Compacta**—Crimson. 4ft. 1/6 each.
D.T. Christa Galli—Scarlet. 8ft. 1/6 each. Very beautiful deciduous shrubs, producing large spikes of brilliant-coloured flowers. Compacta is a beautiful variety, and should be in every garden.
E.S. Camdeni—Best of the dwarf Erythrinis; deep crimson. 6ft. 2/- each.

ESCALLONIA—

- E.S. Frethayi**—Flowers of pale pink, produced in summer. 2/- each.
E.S. Montvidiensis—8ft. 2/- each.
 This is a very hardy evergreen flowering shrub. The flowers are pure white, producing freely in bunches during February, when flowers are scarce; delightful fragrance.
E.S. Sanguinea—Red, 8ft. 2/- each.

EUONYMOUS—

- E.S. Europeus**—5 feet. Pretty autumn foliage and fruits. 2/- each.
E.S. Latifolius Aurea—5 feet. Beautiful golden variegated foliage. 2/- each.
E.S. Albus Latifolius Elegans—4ft. 1/6 each.
E.S. Arcentus Variegatus—8ft. 1/6 each.
E.S. Radicans Variegatus—5ft. 1/6 each.
 Beautiful evergreens, with ornamental foliage.

EUCALYPTUS—

- E.T. Citriodora (Lemon-scented Gum)**—1/6 each. The pleasant fragrance of the foliage of this plant renders it a most desirable acquisition. The strong lemon scent is equally as powerful and agreeable as that of lemon-scented Verbena (Aloysia Citriodora).
E.T. Corynocalyx (Sugar Gum)—30ft. to 40ft. 1/6 each, 12/- doz. (Special price for quantity.)
E.T. Comphocephalum (Tuart Gum)—A magnificent evergreen tree of very rapid growth. Makes a fine shade; splendid for avenues. 30ft. 1/6 each, 12/- doz.
E.T. Ficiflora (Crimson Flowered Eucalyptus)—15ft. 1/6 to 2/6 each. One of the most beautiful trees we have ever sent out; flowers of various crimson shades, which are produced well above the foliage.
E.T. Globulus (Tasmanian Blue Gum)—200ft. to 250ft. 1/6 each, 12/- doz.
E.S. Macrocarpa—A native of Western Australia of rather straggling habit. The leaves are of a silver nature, and the flowers scarlet. Very attractive. 2/6 each.
E.T. "Caesia"—10 to 15ft. This is a fine tree, also known as Wheat-belt Gum. It has a beautiful large, bright pink flower. The bark is a blue colour. 2/- each.
E.T. "Forrestiana"—10ft. This tree is known as "Mallee Fuchsia." An excellent small tree with crimson and brown nuts in clusters, resembling a cluster of fuchsia flowers. 2/-
E.T. Lehmannii ("Middle Island Mallee")—15ft. This tree makes a great breakwind, as every eye on the main stem sends out a shoot, which makes it bushy from the ground level up. 2/- each. 18/- doz.
E.T. Erythrocorys ("Helmet Nut Gum")—This is an excellent tree; grows to a good length and has a peculiar-shaped nut, resembling a helmet; recommended. 2/- each.

EULAILA—

- E.S. Japonica Zebrina**—3ft. 1/6 each.
E.S. Japonica Alba-Linetata—3ft. 1/6 each.

FIGUS—**E.T. Australis**—40ft. 1/6 each.**E.T. Macrophylla (Moreton Bay Fig)**—40ft. 1/6 to 2/- each. *Australis* and *Macrophylla* are fine evergreen trees, and most excellent for shelter.**FUGOSIA—****E.T. Patersonii**—Pink. 20ft. 1/6 each.

Very handsome flowering shrub, of fine pyramidal habit; very hardy; one of the finest shrubs we possess.

GARDENIA—**E.S. Thunbergi**—White, 6ft. 2/- each. Beautiful shrubs, with bright glossy foliage and handsome flowers, deliciously scented.**GARRVA—****E.S. Elliptica**—Green, 6ft. 2/6 each. Very ornamental shrub, with bright green foliage, bears long green catkins, which have a very graceful appearance.**GERALDTON WAX PLANT (see Camalaucaem)****GENISTA—****E.S. Lilac Time**—Lilac pea-shaped, borne on numerous spikes. Very attractive. 2/-**E.S. Andreana**—Crimson and yellow. 5ft. 1/6 each.**GREVILLEA—****E.T. Robusta (the Silky Oak)**—Orange, 40ft. 1/6 each. *G. Robusta* is a fine tree, grows very rapidly, stands the heat and drought well, very hardy, and is well adapted for any kind of ornamental planting, avenues, etc.**E.S. Hillii**—Bright red; beautiful shrub. 6ft. 1/6 each.**GUAVA (see Psidium)****GUELDER ROSE or SNOWBALL TREE (see Viburnum)****GYNERIUM—****E.S. Argenteum (Pampas Grass)**—White, with long feathery plumes. 6ft. 1/6 each.**E.S. Roseum (Rose-coloured Pampas Grass)**—6ft.**HARBROTHAMNUS—****E.S. Elegans**—Red, 4ft. 1/6 each. Clusters of tubular flowers, borne on terminal shoots. Flowers through Winter, when these are scarce.**HELIOTROPIUM—****E.S. President Garfield**—Bright mauve-purple, large trusses. 3ft. 1/6 each.**E.S. White Lady**—Lavender white (under glass, pure white). 3ft. 1/6 each.**HIBISCUS—***Hibiscus* rank among our very best flowering shrubs and fulfil so many requirements of the flower garden, and as they are so thoroughly adapted to our climate, they can be safely recommended.**Agnes Gault (New)**—This is a magnificent variety of the *Hibiscus*. It is by far the largest flower, measuring about 7 inches across. Colour, carmine pink with a satiny sheen. Stock limited. 2/6 each.**E.S. Peachblow**—A beautiful double pink variety. 2/- each.**E.S. Lambertii**—Double crimson. 5ft. 1/6 each.**E.S. Splendens**—Rose. 1/6 to 2/6 each.**E.S. Pendunculatus**—A very pretty *Hibiscus* of erect branching habit, with hairy stem and showy flowers, the petals bluish or rose-coloured. 1/6 each.**E.S. Pink Splendens**—This is a native of Western Australia, and a beautiful plant; flowers freely throughout the hot summer. 1/6 each.**Rosy Morn**—Old rose with deeper veination, with salmon; old rose on reverse of petals; colouring distinct. 1/6 each.**Aureole**—Golden apricot, suffused pink, rosy carmine eye. flowers medium size. 1/6 each.**Madeline Champion**—Rich apricot with deep strawberry-red eye merging into a rosy white zone at base of petals. 2/6 each.**Gloria**—Chinese orange, suffused and veined madder. Equal in size to the large-flowered varieties, while the colour is magnificent. 2/- each.**HYDRANGEA—****D.S. Hortensis**—Pink and blue sometimes on the same plant. 3ft. 1/6 to 10/- each.**D.S. Thomas Hogg**—Flowers white; large trusses. 1/6 each. These fine old favourites do best in shady situations, and require plenty of water during the dry weather. They also make capital decorative plants for conservatories, verandahs, etc.**ILEX—****E.S. Aquifolium (Common English Holly)**—15ft. 1/6 each.**JAPANESE PEPPER—**

Fine ornamental trees, making thicker shade than the ordinary variety, with cleaner habit. 15ft. 1/6 each.

JACARANDA—**D.T. Mimosaefolia**—Lilac. 1/6 to 3/- each. A handsome shrub or small tree, with mimosa-like foliage and magnificent flowers.**JASMINIUM—****E.S. Fruticans**—Yellow. 6ft. 1/6 each.**E.S. Grandiflora**—White, 6ft. 1/6 each.All the *Jasminiums* are favourites. *Grandiflora* is a beautiful flowering shrub, with a most delicious perfume; can be trained either for climber or a shrub. *Fruticans* is a well-known yellow *Jasmine*.**E. Picciocum**—A large star-shaped single variety. 1/6 each.**E. Flore Pleno**—A double white variety. 1/6 each.**JUSTICIA—****E.S. Carneia**—Pink. 4ft. 1/6 each.**LANTANA—**The *Lantanas* are fine dwarf shrubs growing from 2ft. to 4ft., producing large quantities of brightly coloured flowers throughout the year. They thrive in warm situations.**E.S. Chelsea Gem**—Crimson and orange. 2 to 3ft. 1/6 each.**E.S. Drop d'Or**—Rich, golden yellow. 3ft. 1/- each.**E.S. Minnie Basil**—Lilac and white. 3ft. 1/- each.**E.S. Diadem**—Delicate pink and cream. 4ft. 1/- each.**E.S. Magenta Queen**—Rich magenta and orange. 4ft. 1/- each.**E.S. Sellowiana**—Light purple, dwarf variety. 1/- each.**E.S. Venusta**—Deep orange. 3ft. 1/- each.**LAISANDRA (South America)—****E.S. Grandiflora**—The true variety; colour, purple. 5ft. 1/6 ea.**E.S. Edwardsii**—Beautiful violet colour and a very strong grower. 5ft. 1/6 each.**LAGERSTROEMIA—****D.S. Indica**—Pink, 8ft. free-flowering shrubs. 2/6 each.**D.S. Mauve**—8ft. A beautiful shrub, 2/6.**LAURESTINUS (see Viburnum)****LAVENDULA—****E. Spiga (Common Lavender)**—1ft. 1/6 each.**E. Staechas (French Lavender)**—2ft. 1/6 each.**LEMON-SCENTED VERBENA (see Aloysia Citriodora)****LEPTOSPERMUM SCOPARIUM (Victoria Ti-Tree)—**

This fine plant makes a wonderful hedge. It is very largely used as such in Victoria. Very hardy and fairly compact growth; flowers of the purest white; highly recommended. 1/- to 1/6 each, 10/- to 15/- doz.

LESCHENAUTIA BILOBA (E.S.)—

We now have a splendid stock of this wonderful Western Australian native shrub, the beautiful sky-blue flowers of which make a great display in the hills in the spring-time. Of easy cultivation, they respond readily to ordinary garden treatment. 2ft. high. 2/6 each.

LEUCADENDRON (the Cape of Good Hope Silver Tree)—**D.S. Argenteum**—12ft. 3/6 each. A most beautiful and distinct shrub, leaves 6in. to 8in. long and when fully developed shine as if frosted with silver.**LEPTOSPERMUM—****E. Nicholi**—Crimson. 6ft. Pretty shrubs, small, dark foliage, covered with crimson flowers. 1/6 each.**LIGISTRUM—****E. Sinensis**—A beautiful flowering shrub. 1/6 each.**E.S. Japonicum (Japan Privet)**—White. 8ft. 1/6 each.**E.S. Japonicum Variegatum**—6ft. 1/6 each. Very hardy evergreen shrubs.**MARGUERITE (see Chrysanthemum Frutescens Grandiflora)****MORETON BAY FIG (see Ficus)****MELIANTHUS (Honey Flower, Cape of Good Hope)—****E.S. Major Brown**—8ft. 1/6 each. A fine, hardy, easily-grown shrub; silvery foliage.**MAGNOLIA—****E.S. Grandiflora**—White, very large flowers; 20ft. 3/6 to 5/- each. Handsome flowering plants and beautifully scented. *Grandiflora* is the gem of the species; remarkable for its immense blooms; very hardy.

MAKAYA—

E.S. Bella—Lilac. 2ft. 1/6 each.

MELIA (White Cedar, East Indies)—

D.T. Azedarach—30ft. 1/6 to 3/6 each.

MYRTUS—

E.S. Communis (the Common Myrtle)—White, 6ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Communis Flore Pleno (Double-flowering Myrtle)—5ft. 1/6 each.

NERIUM (Oleander)—

E.S. Album Plenum—Semi-double; white. 5ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Luteum Plenum—A semi-double variety of well-known Oleanders; 6ft. 1/6 each. The flowers are of a creamy-yellow, and very free-flowering. Quite a distinct colour in this class of plant.

E.S. Madame Martin—Beautiful clear salmon colour, changing rosy salmon; distinct and fine; 6ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Monsieur Belagier—Flowers, pink; compact growing variety; very free-flowering. 5ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Professor Martin—Crimson; habit dwarf and compact. 5ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Splendens—Double pink. 1/6 each.

E.S. Splendens Variegatus—The variegated-leaved Nerium; 6ft. 1/6 each.

Neriums or Oleanders are very beautiful, and, without hesitation, we class them amongst the best and hardest of summer-flowering shrubs; they stand the heat and drought of our climate with impunity.

NANDINA (Japan)—

E.S. Domestica—6ft. 2/6 each. The sacred bamboo of Japan, with handsome green and brown foliage.

OCHNIA—

E. Multiflora—Yellow, profuse flower, fragrant. 3ft. 2/- each.

ORIENTAL PLANE (see Plantanus)**PAMPAS GRASS (see Cynerium)****PAVONIA—**

E.S. Coccinea—Bright scarlet Hibiscus-like Shrub; 4ft. 1/6 ea.

PEPPER TREE (see Schinus Molle)**PHILADEPHUS (Mock Orange)—**

D.S. Speciosa—White. 6ft. 1/6 each. A very beautiful deciduous flowering shrub, blooming in Spring; flowers sweetly scented.

PHORMIUM—

E.S. Tenax—6ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Tenax Variegata—6ft. 1/6 each.

Variegated New Zealand Flax.

PHOTINIA—

E.S. Glabra Rubens—Beautiful foliage shrub, the leaves and berries being very beautiful. 3/- each.

PITTIOSPORUM—

E.S. Tobira—White. 6ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Undulatum—White. 15ft. 1/- and 2/- each.

POLYGALA (Cape of Good Hope)—

E.S. Grandis—Purple. 6ft. 2/- each.

POMEGRANATE (see Punica)

E.S. Speciosa—Purple. 8ft. 2/- each.

POPULUS (the Poplar)—

D.T. Alba (Silver Poplar)—50ft. 2/- each.

POINCIANA GILLIESII—

D. (Bird of Paradise)—Yellow and crimson; very beautiful. 25ft. 2/- each.

PLANTANUS—

D.T. Aceriflora (Oriental Plane)—A fine ornamental with large, broad leaves. 40ft. 2/6 to 5/- each.

PEPPERMINT TREE (see Agonis)**PLUMBAGO—**

E.S. Capensis—Lavender. 4ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Capensis Alba—4ft. 1/6 each.

Capensis Alba is a sport from the old Plumbago Capensis, producing white flowers.

PLUMERIA—

E.S. Acuminata—8ft. 2/- each. A very beautiful shrub, having large green leaves and yellow flowers; sweetly scented. 10ft. 3/6 each.

PODALYRIA—

E.S. Styracifolia—Pink. 8ft. 2/- each. A very hardy and effective spring flowering shrub with pale pink flowers.

POINSETTIA—

Pulcherrima—Scarlet flowers of large leaved form. Does best in warm situation. 6ft. 1/6 to 3/6 each.

PRUNUS SERRULATA—

Double Flowering Cherry (D.)—No. 3, Cream Splashed Red. No. 8, large Double White. No. 9, Blush and White. 3/6 each.

PRUNUS—

Double Flowering Plum (D.) —

Pissardi—Coppery crimson foliage; pink flower. 3/6 each. Double pink, white, and red. 3/6 each.

PSIDIUM—

E.S. Cattleianum (Purple Gauva)—6ft. 1/6 each. Produces an abundance of edible fruits, which make the most delicious preserve. It is also a very fine little evergreen shrub.

PUNICA (Pomegranate)—

D.S. Granatum—Single, scarlet. 8ft. 1/6 each.

D.E. Nana Flore Pleno—2ft. 1/6 each. A dwarf growing variety, producing bright, double scarlet flowers.

RHAMNUS (Buckthorn, South Europe)—

E.S. Alaternus—Green. 1ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Alaternus Variegata—20ft. 1/6 each.

RAPHIOLEPSIS—

E.S. Ovata—White; highly scented; 5ft. 1/6 each. A fine, hardy shrub, with dark shining leaves and long spikes of white flowers, which are beautifully scented.

RONDELETIA—

E.S. Amoena—8 feet. Beautiful salmon pink flowers. Fine foliage, fairly large cones. Highly recommended. 3/- ea.

ROMNEY (the Giant Californian Poppy)—

E.S. Coulterii—6ft. 1/6 each. White and yellow anthers; very handsome.

ROSEMARINUS—

E.S. Officinalis (Common Rosemary)—2ft. 1/6 each.

SALIX (Willow)—

Babylonica (Weeping Willow)—D.—50ft. 1/6 each; larger, 2/6 to 5/-

Caprea (Pussy Willow)—D.—30ft. Canes produce silky buds in spring. Very ornamental. Lasts well when cut. 1/6 to 5/- each.

SALVIA—

E.S. Hoveyi—Dark purplish blue; 6ft. 1/- each.

E.S. Splendens—Scarlet; 3ft. 1/- each.

SAMEUCUS (the Elderberry)—

D.T. Argentea Variegata—12ft. 1/6 each.

D.T. Nigra—12ft. 1/6 each.

SCHINUS (Pepper Tree)—

E.T. Molle—Green. 30ft. 1/- and 1/6 each.

SESBANA TRIPETII (Brazilian Glory Pea)—

A shapely shrub, growing with very graceful Mimosa-like foliage. Its flowering season lasts from October to March. The flowers grow in bunches of a delightful shade of orange scarlet or tango. Flowers year after planting. 2/6 each.

SPARMANNIA—

E.S. African Flore Pleno—15ft. 2/- each.

SPARTIUM—

E.S. Album (White Bloom)—8ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Junceum—Yellow Spanish bloom; 10ft. 1/6 each. Junceum is the beautiful yellow flower that blooms so profusely in the Spring.

SPIRÆA—

D.S. Anthony Waterer—3ft. 1/6 each. One of the finest dark-flowering Spiræa as yet introduced. The colour is a rich crimson, and the plant is very hardy and vigorous.

D.S. Grandiflora (Snowbush)—White. 8ft. 1/6 each.

D.S. Pruniflora (Fl. pl.)—Double, white; 4ft. 1/6 each.

D.S. Reevesiana (Fl. pl.)—Double, white; 4ft. 1/6 each.

Very handsome flowering shrubs, blooming early in spring.

Grandiflora produces pure white flowers as large as a

two-shilling piece, and is a grand spring-flowering plant.

It is sometimes called the Snowbush. Reevesiana, Fl. pl.

is a fine double-flowering variety.

STATICE (see Lavender)—

E.S. Dicksonii—Pink; 2ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Macrophylla—Blue and white. 2ft. 1/6 each.

SWAINSONIA—

E.S. Alba—White. 3ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Osbornei—Various. 3ft. 1/6 each.

Very pretty flowering shrubs.

STERCULIA DIVERSIFOLIA—

E.T. Kurrajong—A splendid tree for hot climates; a standby for droughty seasons, as stock eat it readily. 1/6 each.

SWEET FLOWERING PITTOSPORUM (see Pittosporum Undulatum)

SWEET-SCENTED BORONIA (see Boronia Megastigma)

SYRINGA (the Lilac)—2/6 each.

D.S. Vulgaris (Common Lilac)—2/6 each.

D.S. Vulgaris Alba—White. 8ft. 2/6 each.

STRELITZIA (Bird's-tongue Flower)—

E. Regina—Blue and orange; dark green leathery foliage; the flowers are curiously shaped and interesting. 5/- each.

TAMARIX—

D.S. Callica (Flowering Cyprus)—Pink. 12ft. 1/6 each. A very hardy tree for planting near the sea coast or very exposed situations.

TECOMA—

E.S. Capensis—Scarlet. 6ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Grandiflora—Orange. 6ft. 2/- each.

E.S. Guilfoylei—6ft. 2/- each. Similar in habit and growth to the well-known variety called "Grandiflora," the flowers are quite as large, of a dark red colour; very free-flowering.

E.S. Smithii—5ft. 1/6 each. Orange yellow, with brown markings.

E.S. Velutina—Yellow. 5ft. 1/6 each.

TELOPEA—

E.S. Speciosissimz—6 feet. N.S.W. (Waratah). Bears large crimson flowers in spring. 3/6 to 5/- each.

TRISTANIA (Lophostemon)—

E.S. Australis—White; 30ft. 2/- each. A very quick growing evergreen tree with broad foliage; useful for shelter.

TRUMPET FLOWER (see Brugmansia)

VERONIA—

E.S. Varigata Andersonii—5 feet. A fine variegated form of these desirable shrubs. Blue flowers. 1/6 each. Larger plants. 2/6 each.

VITEX (Trifolia)—

A beautiful hardy variegated shrub. 1/6 each.

VERONICA—

E.S. Andersonii—Blue. 1/6 each.

E.S. Imperialis—3ft. 1/6 each. Brilliant amaranth red, changing to magenta.

E.S. Parniflora—White. 3ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Saliciflora—3ft. 1/6 each. Pretty little flowering shrubs of very compact habit; bear cutting well.

VIBURNUM—

D.S. Opulus (Guelder Rose or Snowball Tree)—White; 10ft. 2/6 each.

E.S. Sieboldii—White. 4ft. 1/6 each.

E.S. Timus (Laurestinus)—6ft. 1/6 and 2/- each.

The Laurestinus is one of the finest Winter flowering shrubs we possess; it also makes a fine ornamental hedge, giving an abundance of bloom at a season when flowers of all kinds are scarce. The Guelder Rose or Snowball Tree is one of the most effective Spring flowering shrubs we have, producing large heads of round, pure white flowers, resembling a snowball.

VIBRUNUM—

E.S. Carlesii—5 feet. Large trusses of waxy white flowers, delicious perfume. 2/- each.

YUCCA—

E.S. Aloefolia—Cream colour. 8ft. 2/- each.

E.S. Gloriosa—White. 8ft. 2/- each.

E.S. Recurvata—Cream; 6ft. 2/- each.

Very hardy and excellent plants, suitable either for single specimens on lawns, for the shrubbery or rockery. Gloriosa produces immense spikes of creamy white flowers.

TWINING & CLIMBING PLANTS

For covering unsightly fences, arbours, training up verandah pillars, and other similar purposes, these plants are altogether indispensable. Several of the varieties are admirably adapted for training up poles in the shrubbery, and, if a little care is bestowed on them, will produce a most beautiful effect among other plants.

ABBREVIATIONS—E., Evergreen; D., Deciduous.

ALLAMANDA—

E. Wardlyana—A magnificent climber, having bunches of large yellow flowers. 2/6 each.

AMPELOPSIS (Virginian Creepers)—

D. Hederecea—1/6 each.

D. Vietchil—1/6 each.

Handsome creepers for any position. The leaves are fresh, lively green throughout the Summer, and change to bright red in Autumn, just before falling. Hederecea is best suited for trellis-climbing; the other species cling to wood or other building material of their own accord.

ANTIGNON (Mexican Rose)—

E. Leptopius—Pink. 1/6 each. A beautiful creeper.

ASPARAGUS—

E. Plumosus Nanus—2/- to 10/- each.

E. Sprengeri—1/6 each.

A beautiful plant for hanging-baskets.

ARISTOLOCHIA—

E. (Dutchman's Pipe)—A peculiar and attractive flower, resembling a pipe, from whence it gets its name. 1/6 each.

BIGONIA (Tecoma)—

E. Australis—Cream and brown. 1/6 each.

E. Jasminoides—Purple and white. 1/6 each.

E. Lindleyana—Lilac. 1/6 each.

E. Mackeni—1/6 each. Resembles Bigonia Rosea, but the flowers are more veined and much deeper in colour.

E. Rosea—1/6 each. Bears racemes of flowers from three to four feet in length, of a rose-lilac colour. One of the finest climbers.

E. Venusta—Orange, 1/6 each. Beautiful hardy climbers, with trumpet-shaped flowers.

BOUGAINVILLEA—

E. Brasiliensis—Dark rose; best. 1/6 each.

E. Glasbra Sanderiana—Magenta. 1/6 each.

E. Intermedia—Rose mauve. 1/6 each.

E. Magnifica (Variety Traili)—2/- each. Its bright purple bracts are produced in great profusion during the Summer and Autumn months. We can confidently recommend this variety as one of the best.

E. Splendens—Dark magenta. 1/6 each.

E. Speciosa Variegata—Silver variegated leaf variety; pretty flowers; magenta. 2/- each.

E. Rosea—A new rose-coloured variety of these popular creepers; very fine. Limited stock. 4/6.

E. Lateritia (Brick Red)—Another new variety of the Bougainvillea. Very scarce. 4/6 each.

CANAVALIA—

- E. Bonariensis*—2/- each. Its leaves are large and of a brilliant shining green, with bright, purplish red spikes of pea-like flowers.

CLEMATIS OF SORTS—

Plants of these beautiful climbers. 2/6 each.

CLERODENDRON—

- E. Balfouri*—Splendid twining plant, having large clusters of red and white flowers. 2/- each.

COBÆA—

- E. Scandens*—Dark purple. 1/- each.

- E. Scandens Alba*—White. 1/- each.

This is one of the best creepers, and very suitable for covering trellis; it grows freely.

DOLICHOS—

- E. Lignosus*—1/6 each. Very useful perennial climber; flowers rosy purple, produced in bunches, and very numerous.

- E. Lignosus Alba*—Very handsome, pure white flowers. 1/6.

FICUS—

- E. Stipulata* (Climbing Fig)—Will adhere to brickwork or wood. 1/6 each.

HARDENBERGIA—

- E. Digitata*—Purple. 1/6 each.

- E. Monophylla*—Purple. 1/6 each.

- E. Monophylla Alba*—White. 1/6 each. Exceedingly pretty, climbers.

HEDERA (Ivy)—

- Elegans*—1/6 each. Small green leaves variegated with white.

- E. Elegantissima*—1/6 each. A pretty compact-growing variety, with silver margin, tinted red.

- E. Helix* (Common Ivy)—1/6 each. The well-known dark-green ivy, with thick, shining leaves.

- E. Japonica Argentea*—1/6 each. Medium-sized, heart-shaped leaves of light green, edged pale yellow.

HONEYSUCKLE (see Lonicera)**HOYA (the Wax Plant)—**

- Carnosa*—1/6 each.

IPOMÆA—

- E. Learii*—1/6 each. A fast-growing climber, producer large blue *Convulvulus*-like flowers, blooming in Autumn; extremely handsome.

JASMINUM (Jessamine)—

- E. Grandiflora*—1/6 each. Plant is shrubby, half-climbing habit, with very delicate foliage, and its small, white, star-shaped, fragrant flowers are produced in great profusion all the year round.

- E. Poicoicum*—2/6 each. A very sweet-scented variety, with white flowers; very handsome and star-like appearance.

- E. Revolutum*—1/6 each. Large, yellow flowers; fine bold foliage; strong grower.

KENNEDYA—

- E. Nigricans*—1/6 each. A very hardy and quick-growing climber, producing very dark-coloured flowers.

LATHRYUS (Everlasting Pea)—

- E. Latifolius Alba*—White. 1/6 each.

- E. Latifolius Rosea*—Pink. 1/6 each.

LONICERA (the Honeysuckle)—

- E. Aurea Reticulata*—With golden foliage. 1/6 each.

- E. Confusa*—Yellow; very profuse. 1/6 each.

- E. Caprifolium* (English Honeysuckle)—1/6 each.

All highly esteemed for the delicious perfume.

MAURANDYA—

- E. Alba*—White. 1/6 each.

- E. Barclayana*—Purple. 1/6 each.

- E. Rosea*—Rose coloured. 1/6 each.

Very neat, free-flowering plants, continuing to flower throughout the whole summer.

MEDEOLA—

- E. Asparagoides*—1/6 each. A pretty herbaceous climber; particularly adapted for baskets. Commonly called *Smilax*.

PASSIFLORA (Passion Flower)—

- E. Constance Elliott*—Pure white. 1/6 each.

- E. Edulis* (Passion Fruit)—White. 1/- each.

- E. Imperatrice Eugenie*—Blue and white. 1/6 each.

PASSION FRUIT (see Passiflora Edulis)**PHASEOLUS—**

- D. Caracalla* (Snailflower)—2/- each. A pretty and most singular flowering climbing plant, producing fine spikes of lilac-coloured flowers, curiously curled and twisted; sweetly scented.

RHYNCOSPERUM (Jasminoides)—

- E. Jasminoides Variegated*—2/- each. A bright, perfumed, white-flowering creeper, of quick growth and fine foliage.

SOLANUM—

- E. Jasminoides*—White. A fast covering climber. 1/6 each.

- E. Seaforthianum*—Beautiful clusters of blue flowers. 1/6 each.

- E. Wendlandii*—1/6 each. Blooms continuously; no stray blooms, each one nearly 3in. across, as many as hundreds being in a cluster. The colours are an attractive shade of lavender-blue.

STEPHANOTIS—

- E. Floribunda*—3/6 each. *Stephanotis* is prized as a first-rate plant for exhibition. It is usually grown in the greenhouse, but will do well in warm situations out of doors. The foliage is wax-like, and the flowers are pure white, and produced in abundant clusters.

SNAILFLOWER (see Phaseolus)**TACSONIA (the Passion Flower)—**

- E. Exoniensis*—Rose cerise. 1/6 each.

- E. Manicata* (Scarlet Passion Flower)—1/6 each.

- E. Molissima* (Edible Fruit)—Red. 1/6 each.

- E. Van Volkemi*—Crimson. 1/6 each.

Tacsonia have similar flowers to the *Passifloras* or *Passion Flowers*, and are closely allied to them. They are all quick-growing, free-flowering climbers. *Molissima* produces long, yellow, edible fruit.

THUNBERGIA—

- E. Gibsonii* (Golden Glory Creeper)—Bright orange yellow flowers; a beautiful creeper. 1/6 each.

VIRGINIAN CREEPER (see Ampelopsis)**WAX PLANT (see Hoya)****WISTARIA (Glycine)—**

- D. Multijuga Alba*—Pure white; very fine. 2/6 each.

- D. Alba*—White. 2/6 each.

- D. Sinensis*—Lavender. 2/6 each.

- D. Sinensis Flore Pleno*—Lavender. 2/6 each. A double-flowering variety of this fine old hardy climbing plant, and a valuable addition to our hardy climbers. Well-known climbers, are considered the queen of deciduous climbing plants, producing in early spring long racemes of beautifully-scented flowers.

CONIFEROUS EVERGREENS

Conifers are perhaps the most important group of ornamental plants. They add greatly to the charm of your garden, having a dignity and individuality all of their own.

ABIES (Fir), Smythiana.

ARAUCARIA—

"**Bidwillii**" (Bunya Bunya)—3/6 each.

"**Excelsa**" (Norfolk Island Pine)—A magnificent Pine that grows well near the sea coast. 2/- to 5/- each.

BIOTA (See Thuja)

CUPRESSES—

Lambertiana Horizontalis—Makes a magnificent breakwind or ornamental hedge; stands very strong winds. For hedges, 4 feet apart will do. Propagated from cuttings. 30/- to 42/- per doz.

E.T. Horizontalis Aurea—Beautiful golden-tipped variety; very effective. 3/6 each.

"**Macrocarpa**"—Grown from seed. Will thrive anywhere and makes very rapid growth. 6/- to 15/- per doz.

E.T. Sticta—Commonly called Cemetery Pine or Needle Pine. Grows very tall and narrow. 1/6 to 3/6 each. Large plants from open ground in winter. 5/-, 7/6 and 10/- each.

E.T. Brunniana—12 feet. Dense growing with deep golden feathery foliage. Fine lawn specimen.

CRYPTOMERIA—

"**Elegans**"—Large ornamental conifer and pyramidal habit. Straight, slender trunks. Effective in winter when foliage turns bronzy red. 20 feet. 2/6 each.

JUNIPERS—

"**Africana**"—African Juniper. 2/6 each.

"**Hibernica**" (Irish Juniper)—Slender, erect, dense columnar growth. Foliage needle-like and very glaucous. 3/6 ea.

"**Virginia**"—Pyramid-shaped tree. Can easily be shaped, foliage green in spring, bronzy in winter. 3/6 each.

"**Prostrata**"—3 feet. Dwarf spreading species, with steel-blue foliage. Very ornamental. Suitable for rock work and raised mounds. 3/6 each.

PINUS—

"**Insignis**" (the remarkable Pine)—Remarkably hardy and rapid in growth. This is the pine used in re-afforestation work. 1/- to 2/6 each. Cheaper in quantities.

RETINOSPORA—

E.S. "Alba Picta."

E.S. "Ericoides"—A dwarf rounded shrub of 5 feet. Foliage glaucous in summer, reddish bronze in winter. 3/6 each.

E.S. "Plumosa Aurea"—Very showy, the young growth being tipped with golden yellow, turning bronze in winter. 3/6 ea.

E.S. "Squarrosa"—A densely branched foliage shrub, with spreading feathery branchlets. Foliage, glaucous above, silvery below. 3/6 each.

THUJA (Arborea)—Shrubby conifers, with flattened frond-like branchlets.

E.S. "Plumosa."

THUJOPSIS—Closely related to the Thuja. Shrubby conifers with broad, lustrous foliage.

E.T. "Borealis" (the Yellow Cedar)—A handsome tree with dark foliage, the branchlets having more or less pendulous tips. 3/6 each.

F.S. "Dolobrata"—A beautiful, compact shrub. Fine for single specimen. 3/6 each.

∴ DAHLIAS ∴

MODERN STIFF-STEMMED VARIETIES

Our list contains a big range of the world's best Dahlias.

We carefully select and grow only the best, weeding out inferior varieties.

The flowers are from medium size to extra large, produced on wiry cane-like stems, which hold the flowers erect. The colours are all pleasing shades, and some are remarkable for their distinct combinations of colours.

Dahlias do well in any soils, well manured. They should be planted in a fairly sheltered position and tied to strong stakes.

Dahlia bulbs are ready from August to October.

Green plants in pots ready from middle October onwards.

The most successful way to plant Dahlias is the green plants in pots, as you are assured of every one growing. Dry bulbs are apt to go blind and cause losses.

A special feature of our Dahlias for next season is the wonderful varieties we have just imported from the world's best raisers. These will be available only in green plants from October on. We issue a special Dahlia Catalogue in Spring. Please send for one; post free.

CARNATIONS

That the Perpetual Flowering Carnations of Western Australia are unrivalled for size, beauty, vigour of constitution, and robustness of growth throughout Australasia is now accepted as an unassailable fact, and that our stock of the very best varieties procurable has brought to us practically the whole of the Carnation trade of the State is another. It is our ambition to maintain our rep-

utation not only by keeping our stock up to its present high standard, but by improving it by every means possible, regardless of cost.

We have a fine collection of these Carnations in a distinct range of colours. A list will be posted on application, or you could let us choose a collection for you.

Prices, 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Japanese Chrysanthemums

GENERAL COLLECTION OF EXHIBITION VARIETIES

Varieties, 1/3 each; 12/- doz.; except where otherwise priced.

ALFRED FORBES—Amaranth of the largest size, and the most refined of its colour.

A. E. TYSON—Amaranth Japanese, with silvery reverse broad petals of great length.

AUTUMN TINTS—Rosy salmon buff, with creamy yellow reverse. Novel and pleasing colours.

ALICE BENSON—A most beautiful white Japanese.

ALFRED WILSON—Chestnut crimson, with gold reverse.

BESSIE ROBINSON—Old gold, heavily marked orange.

BRONZE MEUDON—A bronze sport of the well-known and popular "Meudon," and is identical in every way except colour.

BUTTERCUP—The name describes its colour. Makes large flowers on rather long stems.

BUFF QUEEN—Buff colour, large flowers; suitable for exhibition.

DR. I. M. INGLIS—Purple amaranth, with silvery reverse.

DAILY MAIL—Buttery yellow, whorled and incurled. Received many F.C.C.

DOREEN—Chestnut, with old gold reverse.

E. L. CAHILL—Colour, vieux rose; Japanese; perfect growth and stem. Desirable exhibition variety.

EDITH CAVELL—Large incurved Japanese; colour, light chestnut, with gold reverse.

EVELYN FERGUSON—Reddish salmon bronze; good.

F. S. VALLIS—Canary yellow; one of the best.

GOLDEN CHAMPION—Beautiful golden yellow; extra large.

GOLDEN TRESSES—Hairy variety; deep yellow and old gold.

GOLDEN SHOWER—Hairy variety; golden yellow. exhibition variety; sturdy growth.

GLADYS BLACKBURN—Yellow, tinged bronze.

HAMMOND PHILLIPS—Light pink; large broad petals.

HAZELMERE—Single; white base, deepening to pink at edges.

HONOURABLE MRS. LOPES—Considered to be the best yellow in Britain.

HARRY CLEMENTS—Golden buff; Japanese; resembling the old favourite, Mdme. Carnot.

H. V. WEST—Deepest yellow, with long, very broad petals; whorled and incurved.

ILMA RATTEN—Silvery pink when fully expanded.

J. S. LLOYD—Primrose sport from Wm. Turner.

JOHN REID—Amaranth; excellent variety; one of the best in this colour.

KARA DOW—Chestnut, with gold reverse.

LADY EDWARD MILLER—Deep yellow, with broad whorled and incurved florets.



CHRYSANTHEMUM—LOUISA POCKETT

LOUISA POCKETT—Enormous alike in stem, foliage and flower; colour, pure white, later buds often showing blush.

MRS. J. GIBSON—Pale pink; Japanese.

MRS. W. R. CHURCH—Shell pink; beautiful colour, and splendid variety for all purposes.

MRS. W. HOOD—Pale pink of large size; petals long, narrow, drooping and twisted; perfect exhibition blooms.

MRS. A. J. WELLER—Chestnut and gold; a prime variety.

MRS. E. KERSHAW—Very large salmon buff; broad petals.

MRS. FRANK RIGG—Mauve, with silvery reverse; long petals, of irregular incurving form.

MRS. W. A. REID—Intense fiery crimson.

MEUDON—An immense flower; bright silvery pink.

MRS. ALGERNON DAVIS—Considered the best pink. Petals are good length, of drooping type. 2/- each.

MRS. G. LLOYD WIGG—Pale yellow; very large exhibition variety. Has won several important prizes. 2/- each.

MRS. W. HONEYBONE—Salmon buff; Japanese. 2/- each.

MR. T. SLACK—Crimson; perfect reflex form that stands the weather well.

MRS. D. ANDREW—An immense Japanese incurved white, with a beautiful pink shade on late buds.

MISS NELLIE POCKETT—Creamy white; long drooping florets and curled at the tips.

MRS. R. C. PULLING—Lemon and yellow, with broad petals.

MRS. GILBERT DRABBLE—White; one of the best.

MRS. H. CANNELL—The best late white.

MRS. FILKINS—A beautiful feathery variety; deep yellow; dwarf and distinct; splendid for exhibition.

MRS. R. LUXFORD—Indian red, gold reverse.

MRS. NORMAN BAYLES—Large yellow, with slightly incurved petals; good exhibition flower.

MRS. ROGER THOMPSON—Most beautiful; broad petalled, incurving, yellow.

MRS. J. L. REUTER—A beautiful high-class bloom of pure white.

MRS. DAVID SYME—Very large; broad petalled; white.

NELLIE FRANCIS—Old gold, marked reddish bronze.

POCKETT'S CRIMSON—The finest deep crimson we have for exhibition.

PINK POCKETT—Pink, with silvery reverse, largest and undoubtedly the best pink Japanese yet raised.

ROSE DAY—Beautiful pink of the largest size, somewhat the same colour and form as "Meudon."

ROSE POCKETT—Old gold, lightly shaded salmon.

ROMA BAYLES—Pure white.

R. M. QUITTENDON—Crimson reflexing; good for any purpose.

STEPHEN BROWN—Salmon, with old gold reverse; very large, broad petals, whorled and incurved.

SILVER QUEEN—Bright pink, with silvery reverse, incurving at tips.

UNDAUNTED—Bright purple, with silver reverse to florets; a very large Japanese.

WM. TURNER—Purest white; beautiful variety; a champion.

W. MEASE—Old gold, cerise; exhibition flower.

W. WOODMASON—Crimson of extraordinary size; very fine.

W. P. FRANCIS—Very distinct dark crimson; good grower; exhibition standard.

YELLOW LOUISA POCKETT—Identical with Louisa Pockett, except colour; a champion.

DOROTHY DEAN—A lovely salmon bronze.

FAIRY—White; very pretty.

JANET FRENCH—A beautiful pink, with large white ring round disc.

MRS. G. DENTON—Beautiful heliotrope pink.

MRS. YUILLE—An exquisite shade of pink.

MRS. W. BROWN—White, with pink markings; pretty and distinct.

CANNAS

There is probably no class of plants that has been so greatly improved upon during the past four or five years as Cannas. They are particularly suited for out-door cultivation in this State, are stately in appearance, and their broad, massive foliage, relieved by deep crimson, scarlet, orange or yellow flowers during the Summer and Autumn months, render them eminently adapted for our gardens. They bloom profusely for months together, and even although their flowers are destroyed by an occasional hot wind, they soon recover, and are in full bloom again two or three days afterwards, and for cut flowers for table decorations they are equally as showy as Gladioli. Their culture is very easy, merely requiring a plentiful supply of water during the blooming season. 1/6 each, or 15/- doz.

We have a good collection of colours from white to dark red.

VIOLETS

Strong plants available from April till September.

BEST SINGLE VARIETIES

ADMIRAL AVELLAN—Reddish purple, known as red violet. 3/6 doz.

MRS. D. LLOYD GEORGE—Deep rich violet blue, with small rosette in centre; very highly perfumed. 3/6 doz.

PRINCESS OF WALES—Deep violet; long stems and strong perfume; one of the finest single varieties. 3/- doz.

DOUBLE VARIETIES

COUNT BRAZZA—Pure white; very double. 5/- doz.

LADY H. CAMPBELL—Deep lavender blue; very vigorous and free flowering. 5/- doz.

MARIE LOUISE—Rich, deep blue. 5/- doz.

NEAPOLITAN—Palest mauve; a free-flowering variety of great beauty. 5/- doz.

PRINCESS MARY (New)—An entirely new type of violet, having the foliage and free-flowering qualities of the single sorts, and producing quantities of giant flowers of a rich violet blue, with a distinct cushion of extra petals in the centre. These inner petals are about half the size of the outer petals. Stems long and strong. The perfume is most delicious, and noticeable even from one flower.

Decorative Palms

It is universally admitted that the Palms and Cyads form the noblest and most prominent ornaments in gardens. The beauty of Palms constantly increases with age. Their multiform uses are beyond enumeration, but as ornamental plants their adaptability to different purposes is unsurpassed—from the decoration of windows, halls and jardinières to the building of stately avenues and picturesque groves. Many Palms will thrive in full sun, some prefer partial shade. Rich soil and plenty of water when growing are desirable, but there are not a few, like the Phoenix, the Brahea and others, that will thrive in rocky and dry places. The KENTIA, in two varieties, we stock in all sizes.

KENTIA—

Belmoreana—2/6 to 10/6 each.

Fosteriana—2/6 to 10/6 each.

The Kentias are the hardiest, most beautiful and most useful of all Palms. For decorative purposes they cannot be excelled.

BRAHEA (Cotton Palm)—

Filamentosa—From 2/6 each. One of the best Palms for embellishing the garden grounds. Most suitable for

planting as a single specimen in lawns and elsewhere; the quickest growing Palm. Should be planted during the warmer months of the year.

COCOS—

Plumosa (Feathery)—20 to 30 feet; Southern Brazil; very graceful, tall-growing Palm. From 2/6 to 21/- each.

Weddeliana—From 3/6 to 21/- each. The Weddeliana is unquestionably the most elegant and graceful Palm in existence. The finely-cut leaves are recurled with exquisite grace, which makes it attractive on the dining table.

CORYPHA—

Australis—The New South Wales Cabbage Tree Palm. When planted out, make fine specimens. From 2/6 each.

LATANIA—

Borbonica—From 2/6 each. A very beautiful fan-leaved Palm, native of China and Japan. Has large fan-shaped leaves of a cheerful green colour; excellent for indoor decoration, and does well outside in sheltered positions.

PHOENIX—

Canariensis—From 2/6 each.

Dactylifera (Date Palm)—From 2/6 each.

Declinata—From 2/6 each.

All splendidly adapted for ornamenting and giving a tropical appearance to the garden; thrive well outside. In large sizes, up to 4ft. high.

Verandah and Shade House Plants

ASPARAGUS FERN—A fine hardy climber. 1/6 each.

ASPARAGUS SPRENGERI—The finest basket plant; very hardy. 1/6 to 2/6 each.

ASPIDISTRA ELATIOR—Well-known hardy house plant. 2/6 each, upwards.

ASPIDISTRA ELATIOR VARIEGATA—This variegated variety. 3/6 to 20/- each, according to size.

AZALIA—In variety; beautiful flowering; hardy plant. 2/6 each.

BEGONIA—Shrubby, pretty; easy grown, hardy plants. 1/6 ea.

CAMELLIAS—All the best sorts. From 3/6 each.

COLEUS—A fine variety of these pretty plants, 1/- each.

CYCLAMEN—2/- to 3/- each.

DAPHNE RUBRA—Well-known; sweet-scented flowers. 3/6 ea.

DRACENIAS—In variety. From 2/6 each.

FARFUGIUM GRANDE (Spotted Leopard)—2/- each.

FICUS ELASTICA VARIEGATED—Fine plants. From 2/6 ea.

FUCHSIAS—Large collection. 1/6 to 2/- each.

HYDRANGEA—From 1/6 each.

MARANTAS—Beautiful foliage. 2/6 each.

PANDANUS—Variegated. From 2/6 each.

FERNS

ADIANTHUM (Maiden Hair)—Several fine varieties. From 2/- each.

DAVALLIA (Hare's Foot Fern)—Two varieties. From 2/6 each.

NEPHROLEPSIS—A very large variety of these fine ferns. From 2/- each.

STAGHORN FERNS—From 3/6 each.

PTERIS—Six different sorts of this hardy fern. From 1/6 each.

Flowering Bulbs

We devote considerable space and attention to the growth of Bulbs, and customers can rely on their soundness and correctness of name. We are constantly adding new species and varieties to our collection, and any Bulb not mentioned in this list will be supplied at current rates, if obtainable.

ANEMONE

ST. BRIGID strain—without doubt one of the most free-flowering and showy bulbs grown. They do exceptionally well in W.A. and flower over a long period. The St. Brigid is the best strain and contains an excellent range of colours. Those who have not yet grown them should do so this year.

Prices: 1/- doz., 3/- for 50, 5/- per 100. Extra Selected Bulbs, 1/6 doz., 5/- for 50, 8/6 per 100. Small size Bulbs, guaranteed to flower well, 6d. per doz., 50 for 1/9, 100 for 3/-

ANEMONE, "Scarlet Emperor"—This brilliant scarlet Anemone makes a wonderful blaze of colour in the garden. Flowers large on long stems. 1/6 dozen, 50 for 5/-.

AGAPANTHUS (*Agapanthus Umbellatus Albas*)—White, strong grower; throws up long spikes, which bear a profusion of lovely flowers, suitable for bouquets, etc. 1/6 each.

AGAPANTHUS UMBRELLATUS—Similar to the foregoing in every way, differing only in colour, the flowers being a rich, deep porcelain blue. 1/6 each.

AMARYLLIS BELLADONNA—Delicate pink, very sweet-scented. 9d. each; 6/- doz.

AMARYLLIS—The Amaryllis and their species form one of the most gracious and attractive classes of bulbs in cultivation; the flowers, which are funnel-shaped, are of the most beautiful and delicate colours, ranging through various shades. 2/6 and 5/- each.

AMARYLLIS BELLADONNA BLANCA—A beautiful white variety; extra fine. 1/6 each.

BABIANA—Very showy bulbs, embracing a great variety of colours; suitable for small borders; fine mixed varieties. 2/- doz.

LILY OF THE VALLEY—Beautiful small white bell-shaped flowers, sweet-scented; a great favourite. In pots, 1/- each; strong tubers out of the ground. 6/- doz.

TULIPS

This beautiful bulb has been considered useless for growing in W.A. But it has been proven to grow fairly successfully in sandy soil, provided a liberal supply of old, rotted manure has been incorporated in the soil a few inches deep. A border facing north or east is preferable. Best mixed, 6d. each. 5/- dozen.

NARCISSUS

HERMOINE—Pale straw colour; very early and useful for cutting. 1/6 doz. 8/- per 100.

DOUBLE ROMAN—4d. each; 3/- doz.

CAMPERNELLE JONQUIL—Perianth and cup rich golden yellow; several flowers on a stem. 3d. each; 2/- doz.

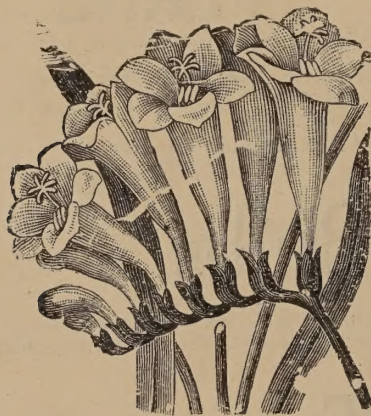
GRAND SOLIEL D'OR—Yellow clusters. 4d. each; 3/- doz.

PAPER WHITE—Pure white; a good early variety for cut flowers, and valuable for scent-making. 1/6 doz.

MIXED SORTS—1/- doz.

FREESIA—We can highly recommend the Freesia. They have a most delightful perfume, bearing a great collection of beautiful flowers, and should be in every flower garden.

Freesia Refracta Alba—1/- doz.; 7/- per 100; large bulbs, 1/6 doz.



FREESIA (New Coloured Hybrids)—

These new hybrids cover a wide range of colours—mauves, pinks, reds, blues, etc.—and make one of the prettiest

borders, which is enhanced by their delightful perfume. 2/- doz.; 50 for 6/6.

DAFFODILS

CLOTH OF GOLD—This is after the Campernelle type, but has larger flowers and stronger growth. Four to six golden yellow trumpet Daffodils on each stem. 3d. each, 2/6 dozen.

EMPEROR—Perianth deep primrose, trumpet rich full yellow, very large flowers; extra fine. 4d. each; 3/6 doz.; 35/- 100.

EMPRESS—Perianth pure white, trumpet rich yellow; flowers extra large and fine. 6d. each; 5/- doz.; 35/- 100.

PRINCESS—Perianth sulphur white, trimmed yellow; large showy flower; very fine and early. 3d. each; 2/6 doz.

AURANTIUS—Perianth yellow, cups stained orange-red; one of the best for cutting. 4d. each; 3/- doz.

SIR WATKIN—Perianth rich sulphur yellow, slightly tinted with orange; the giant of chalice-cupped Daffodils. 6d. each; 4/6 doz.

GLADIOLI BULBS

EXTRA LARGE BULBS

6d. each; 5/- dozen.

We have 50,000 bulbs to sell this year, all sound and clean and good sized bulbs. Satisfaction guaranteed. Note these special prices: 4d. each, 3/6 dozen except where specially priced. Postage extra. Special price for 100 lots.

APRICOT—Golden yellow and apricot.

AMERICA—Lilac rose. Extra.

BARON VON VINBERGEN—Salmon rose.

BARON JOS HULOT—The best blue. Extra.

BRILLIANT—Beautiful scarlet. The earliest scarlet Gladioli.

CATHERINA—Beautiful blue.

DR. BENNETT—Glowing scarlet red.

DUCHESS OF YORK—Finest purple blue.

EMPRESS OF INDIA—Brownish black. Extra.

HALLEY—Salmon pink, very early.

IMPERATOR—Creamy buds opening white. Enormous flowers.

JACOBA VAN BEYERN—Fine lilac.

KING OF THE REDS—One of the finest scarlet Gladioli.

LADY BOREEL—Soft rose with dark blotch.

L'IMMACULAE—Pure white. Very fine spikes.

MOUNT EVEREST—Pure snow white.

MARECHAL FOCH—Very early pink. Large flowers.

MONT CENIS—Pure white.

NIAGARA—Nankeen yellow.

ORANGE QUEEN—Copper-yellow. Extra.

ODIN—Salmon with dark blotch. Early.

PRINCE OF WALES—Beautiful salmon. One of the best.

PINK PERFECTION—Fine mid pink.

RED EMPEROR—Pure blood red. Large, extra fine.

VIOLETTA—Violet.

WAR—Blood-red. Extra large tall grower.

WHITE GIANT—Pure white. Extra large.

YELLOW HAMMER—Pure yellow. Extra strong grower.

PRIZE GLADIOLI

We are issuing a special list of the pick of the latest in Gladioli, including all those shown in the recent Gladioli Show and Royal Show. Bulbs are practically all 2½ in. to 3 in. bulb, which is the best size for maximum flowers.

Prices from 6/- to 15/- per dozen, according to novelty.

PRIMULINUS GLADIOLI

The following are a selection of the best in this fine decorative type.

Price, 4d. each, 3/6 doz. Postage extra.

ALICE TIPLADY—Fine orange.

COPERNICUS—Copper colour.

The following list of Gladioli is the pick of the world's best. These varieties are seen constantly on the show bench. All have been well tried.

AIDA—Deep blue with reddish lilac blotch. 6d.

A. C. WOODFULL—Pale mauve with violet blotch. 6d.

ALBATROSS—Pure white. 6d.

ALPHEUS—Salmon pink, with scarlet blotch. 6d.

AMETHYST—Deep rose lavender. 6d.

AVE MARIE—Light blue, large flower. 8d.

BETTY NUTTALL—Orange pink with pale yellow throat; 6d.

BILL SOWDEN—Vivid crimson scarlet. 9d.

BYRON L. SMITH—Soft lavender pink with cream blotches on lower petals. 6d.

BERTY SNOW—Lilac rose; a champion. 8d.

CHAS. DICKENS—Purple violet, with darker blotch. 6d.

COMMANDER KOEHL—Bright blood red. 1/-

DAINTINESS—Has large deep violet blotch touched with maroon and bordered cream on a light mauve ground colour. 6d.

D. I. E. BENNETT—Bright scarlet with white markings in centre of flower. 6d.

DR. MOODY—Light lavender, flecked a deeper shade. 6d.

EDITH MASON—Light pink with lighter throat. 6d.

EDITH ROBSON—Salmon pink with crimson blotch and yellow ground. 6d.

E. J. SHAYLOR—Deep rose flecked with a darker shade; heavily ruffled. 6d.

EMILE AUBRUN—Blend of salmon, coppery bronze overlaid slate. 6d.

ESME DESAILLY—Pastel shade of salmon pink with faint scarlet markings. 9d.

GLADNESS—Bright scarlet. 6d.

GERTRUDE—Slaty orange rose. 6d.

GERTRUDE ERREY—Light salmon and deeper colour in the throat. 6d.

GIANT NYMPH—Salmon pink with deeper salmon markings, and a creamy yellow centre.

GOLD EAGLE—Pure yellow.

HELEN HOWARD—Yellow, with amber throat. 6d.

HINEMOA—Deep rose pink, flaked with dark chocolate, with a large yellow blotch.

JESSIE—Rose pink, with large white blotch. 6d.

LAIDLEY—Light pink ground colour flushed with two deeper pink shades, with cream band on lower petals. 6d.

LA PALOMA—Rich orange salmon. 6d.

LAVENDER BRIDE—A smoky lavender. 6d.

LAVERNA—Clear shell pink with white on lower petals. 6d.

LUCIFER—Bright orange, with amaranth crimson shaded blotch. 9d.

MAID OF ORLEANS—Bright orange with amaranth crimson shaded blotch. 9d.

MAID OF ORLEANS—Milky white with light cream. 1/6.

MARMORA—Lavender grey with petunia coloured blotch. 9d.

MOROCCO—Deepest velvety crimson, very dark. 6d.

MELISSA—Ground colour cream delicately flecked with pink. 6d.

MISS DES MOINES—Light lavender with white throat. 6d.

MISS JOY—Delicate light pink with creamy white throat. 6d.

MOTHER MACHREE—Smoky lavender.

MR. W. CUTHBERTSON—Cherry rose, with light throat, very heavily ruffled. 9d.

KRELAGE'S FAVOURITE—Salmon red.

L'INNOCENCE—Pure white.

MAIDEN'S BLUSH—Finest pink.

ORANGE BRILLIANT—Orange.

SCARLET CARDINAL—Finest scarlet.

SCARLETTA—Excellent scarlet.

SOUVENIR—Golden yellow; none better.

MRS. ANNA PFITZER—Creamy white. 6d.

MRS. F. PENDLESON—Light salmon pink with showy blood-red blotches on throat. 6d.

MRS. LEON DOUGLAS—Salmon rose striped with flame and scarlet. 6d.

MRS. NAN KONYNENBURG—Light blue. 6d.

MRS. P. W. LISSONS—Very beautiful, soft clear pink. 6d.

MRS. S. A. ERREY—Brilliant orange, with orange crimson blotch. 9d.

MYRTLE—Deep pink with lighter throat. 6d.

ODIN—Salmon pink, with dark red blotch in throat. 6d.

ORANGE BUTTERFLY—Beautiful gold. 9d.

OUR SELECTION—Salmon red, with slate flakings. 6d.

PFITZER'S TRIUMPH—Brilliant salmon with cherry red blotch. 6d.

PICARDY—Soft peach pink. 1/-

PRIMATE—Clear yellow. 6d.

RED LORY—Carmine rose, with purple red blotch. 6d.

RUTH HUNTINGTON—Violet lilac, with a darker blotch, ruffled. 6d.

SALBACK'S ORCHID—Lavender pink with rose tiger lily markings in throat. 1/6.

SCARLET BEDDER—Bright scarlet, the most vivid red, well known. 6d.

SPIRIT OF ST. LOUIS—Tomato orange. 9d.

T. A. WESTON—Salmon pink. 6d.

TINAMBA—Pale pink, heavily flaked salmon rose. 6d.

YVONNE—Creamy white, with cerise blotch in throat. 6d.

SPECIAL COLLECTIONS**No. 1—5/-**

A. H. WOODFULL

ALBATROSS

AMETHYST

BETTY NUTTALL

EDITH MASON

EMILE AUBRUN

GLADNESS

GERTRUDE ERREY

LA PALOMA

DR. BENNETT

PFITZER'S TRIUMPH

PRIMATE

No. 2—7/- dozen.

BERTY SNOW

BILL SOWDEN

ESME DESAILLY

LUCIFER

MARMORA

Mr. W. CUTHBERTSON

Mrs. S. A. ERREY

ORANGE BUTTERFLY

SPIRIT OF ST. LOUIS

HINEMOA

MOROCCO

LA. CALOMA

No. 3—8/6 dozen.

COMMANDER KOEHL

MAID OF ORLEANS

MOTHER MACHREE

PICARDY

SALBACKS ORCHID

BILL SOWDEN

ESME DESAILLY

GLADNESS

AVE MARIE

Mrs. S. A. ERREY

OUR SELECTION

Mrs. ANNA PFITZER

GLOXINIA—We have a very fine collection of these glorious bulbs. All colours from white to deepest purple, including spotted ones, and some with banded edges of another colour. Price, 1/6 each; 12/- doz. Supplied from May to September.

Prices, 1/6 each; 15/- dozen.

Two-year-old, 2/- each; 21/- dozen.

HYACINTHS—Valuable flowering bulbs either for the adornment of the garden or as cut flowers; they, too, make exquisite pot plants for the decoration of the greenhouse, window or balcony. Plant from February until May in a tolerably rich sandy loam. In growing them in hyacinth glasses they should have plenty of air, the glasses be filled with rainwater and put in a dark place, and the bulbs so placed that they barely touch the water, and when they have well started into growth, expose them to the light, and turn occasionally, to prevent ill-shape. 1/- each. Special named, 1/3 each.



HYACINTH

IRIS—Spanish mixed. Very beautiful shades of colour. 2/- doz.

IXIAS—Choice mixed. 1/6 per doz.

SNOWFLAKE—A very beautiful substitute for the old English Snowdrop, and does admirably here. 1/6 doz.

ORNITHOGALUM—This is a very handsome bulb, bearing a spike of pure white flowers, with pure black centres, the blooms retaining their freshness for some time after being cut.

ORNITHOGALUM ARABICUM—Very large, 3d.

LILIUM—This is a grand genus of plants, producing noble and elegant flowers. The ground for Liliums should be trenched 2ft. deep and well manured, preferably with old farmyard manure. Plant bulbs 6in. deep and water freely, and plant from May to July.

LILIUM, "Auratum" (Golden-rayed Lily)—Broad white petals with a golden band down centre of petal and crimson spots. Fragrant. 3/6 each.

LILIUM, "Candidum" (St. Joseph's Lily)—Elegant, pure white flowers. 1/- each.

LILIUM, "Cernuum"—Pine leaved. Lovely pink flower. 1/6 each.

LILIUM, "Elegans Incomparable"—Deep mahogany, crimson flowers. 1/6 each.

LILIUM, "Elegans Alice Wilson" (new)—Beautiful yellow flowers. Strong growth for cutting. 2/6 each.

LILIUM, "Henryii"—1/6 each.

LILIUM, "Regale"—Large bell-shaped flowers, white with yellow throat; outside of flowers light chocolate. 1/6 each.

LILIUM, "Speciosum Album"—Long white petals. Pure white. 1/6 each.



LILIUM, "Speciosum Rubrum"—White spotted and shaded crimson. Very fine. 2/- each.

LILIUM, "Longiflorum"—The well-known Christmas Lily. Long bell-shaped flowers. Pure white. 1/6 each.

LILIUM, "Tigrinum"—Single and double reflexed petals, scarlet with maroon spots. 1/6 each.

HIPPEASTRUMS (Amaryllis)—The gorgeous flowers are universally admired. Shades range from white streaked with red and rose shaded to crimson, or red grounds veined with white; also red and crimson selfs. Choice bulbs, 5/- each. Plant in July and August. Bulbs can also be had after Christmas.

TUBEROSE—One of the most beautiful Summer-flowering bulbs in cultivation. The blooms are of the purest white, and of the most exquisite fragrance. They are admirably adapted for bouquet-making, and easy to cultivate.

Tuberoze Double. 6d. each.

Tuberoze Single. 6d. each.

RANUNCULUS

Without doubt the finest, most popular, and showy bulb in cultivation.

They make a wonderful display in the garden and are an excellent cut flower.

The last few years they have been greatly improved, and we have this year a champion lot of bulbs.

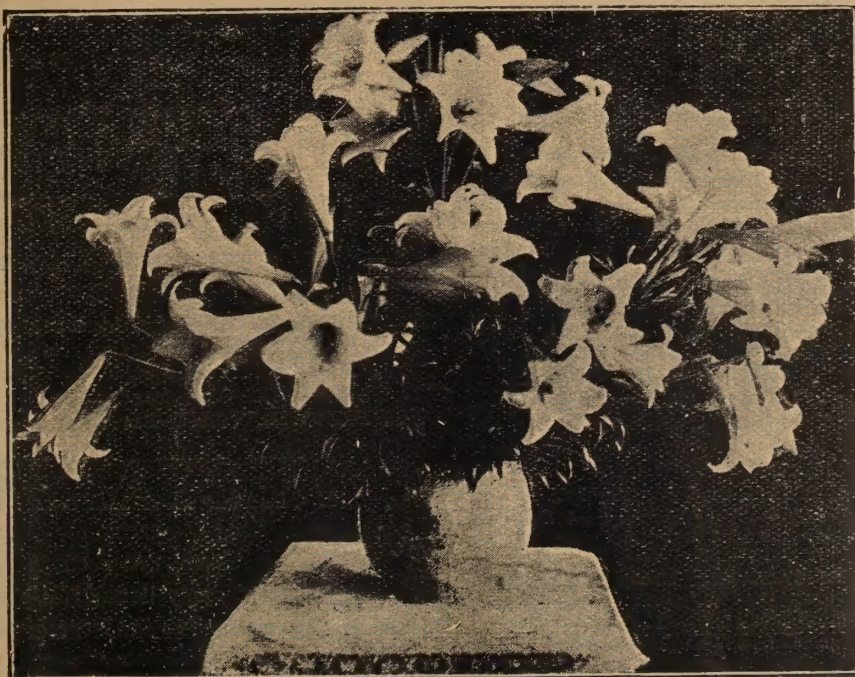
Prices: 1/- per dozen, 3/- for 50, 5/- per 100. Extra-selected bulbs: 1/6 dozen, 5/- for 50, 8/6 per 100.

Small-size bulbs, guaranteed to give a good display, 6d. per dozen, 1/9 for 50, 3/- per 100.

SPARAXES—We have a very fine collection of the above, embracing every shade of colour, and beautifully marked. They are of very easy culture. 2/- per doz.

WATSONIA O'BRIENI—A beautiful, pure white Watsonia, the finest and most distinct of this splendid family. Bulbs procurable in months of February, March and April. 2/- doz.

WATSONIA, PINK—2/- doz.



LILIUM LONGIFLORUM

FRUIT TREES

The following list contains all the best varieties in cultivation. The trees are in all cases strong, healthy and free from blight. The apples are worked on blight-proof stocks. These stocks do not prevent the Woolly Aphis from attacking the trees above the ground, but roots will remain free from blight. Should any appear on the branches, it can be destroyed by insecticide. Varieties not enumerated can be supplied at current rates.

The Planting Time here for Fruit Trees is from June to August, inclusive. Some sorts can even be planted as late as September. It is advisable to book your order any time before June to avoid disappointment.

ALMONDS

Price, 2/- each; 20/- dozen.

Older Trees, 2/6 each; 24/- doz.

Large Trees (supply limited), 3/6 and 4/6 each.

Special quotes for large quantities.

BRANDES' JORDAN—Very tender shell.

BURBANKS' SEEDLING—Recommended as one of the best for this climate; much later than other sorts.

NONPAREIL—Very thin shell.

PAPER SHELL—Very good; easily broken between the fingers.

I.X.L.—Nuts large and uniform. Soft shell.

All on Blight-proof Stock and Perfectly Clean.

APPLES

All on Blight-proof Stock and Perfectly Clean.

Price, 2/- each; 20/- dozen.

Older Trees, 2/6 each; 24/- doz.

Large Trees (supply limited), 3/6 and 4/6 each.

Special quotes for large quantities.

ALEXANDER—One of the most beautiful apples grown; large. Early.

CLEOPATRA—One of the very best in commerce.

***DELICIA**—Large and distinctive; fine colour; very firm and good seller. Late.

***DOUGHERTY (Yate's Improved)**—A fine dessert apple of medium-size, almost covered with bright red; good bearer; late.

***DUNN'S SEEDLING**—Large fruit, yellow with red cheek; solid fruit. Export variety; late.

***GRAVENSTEIN**—A splendid apple; early.

***GRANNY SMITH**—Large and juicy; good export apple.

***JONATHAN**—A most beautiful fruit for all purposes.

LONDON PIPPIN—One of the very best apples for all purposes.

NORTHERN SPY—A splendid dessert apple; late.

REINETTE DE CANADA—A large popular apple; late.

ROKEWOOD (Bullock's Seedling)—A highly coloured Colonial-raised apple, and probably the best keeping variety of all; late.

STATESMAN—Golden, shaded crimson; strong grower and heavy cropper; good keeper; late.

***ROME BEAUTY**—A beautiful late apple.

***TASMA (Democrat)**—Large, flat, and dark red colour. Now largely planted late.

***STAYMAN (Winesap)**—Handsome apple of good quality; much sought after; late.

***WILLIAMS' FAVOURITE**—A very handsome dessert apple. Early.

***YATES**—Dessert apple of very fine flavour, highly coloured, good keeper; very late.

APRICOTS

Price, 2/- each; 20/- dozen.

Older Trees, 2/6 each; 24/- doz.

Large Trees (supply limited), 3/6 and 4/6 each.

Special quotes for large quantities.

BLLENHEIM—Deep yellow, rich and juicy; much sought after; ripens fairly early, just after Oullins.

EARLY MOORPARK—Similar to Moorpark, but earlier.

HEMSKIKE—Bright orange, tender, rich and juicy; medium.

MOORPARK—Apricot of great excellence; medium.

NEWCASTLE EARLY—Ripens last week in November to first week in December; very early.

CULLINS EARLY PEACH—A large fruit of most delicious flavour; one of the best early apricots.

ROYAL—Large; one of the best for dry mid-season.

TILTON—Large oval fruit, yellow tinged with red; flesh deep orange colour; carries well.

TREVATT—Large fruit and heavy bearer. Good for canning and drying; medium.

We also carry a limited stock of Apricots on

Plum Stock, for planting on wet ground.

Enquiries solicited.

CHERRIES

Prices: 2/- each; 21/- dozen.

Special quotations for larger quantities.

Strong Selected Trees, 3/- each; 30/- doz.

BEDFORD PROLIFIC—Large, handsome, black.

EARLY LYONS—Black, firm, fresh; early.

***FLORANCE**—Large, very firm, a heavy bearer; late.

ST. MARGUERITE—Very large, black, firm; late.

FLOWERING CHERRIES—See under Trees and Shrubs.

NECTARINES

Price, 2/- each; 20/- dozen.

Older Trees, 2/6 each; 24/- doz.

Large Trees (supply limited), 3/6 and 4/6 each.

Special quotes for large quantities.

***EARLY RIVERS**—Fruit of large size; very early.

***GOLDMINE**—Fruit is of enormous size; freestone. The flesh is of the most delicious flavour; season of ripening, January.

***MRS. DR. CHISHOLM**—A very early variety; ripens in December.

***NEW BOY**—Fruit of the largest size; flesh white and juicy, sugary, and exquisite flavour.

PEACHES

Price, 2/- each; 20/- dozen.

Older Trees, 2/6 each; 24/- doz.

Large Trees (supply limited), 3/6 and 4/6 each.

Special quotes for large quantities.

***BRIGGS' RED MAY**—Very early, highly coloured; rich and juicy.

DUNHELM—A fine Peach, medium size, with red cheek, of fine flavour; heavy bearer and very early, ripening end of November.

ELBERTA—A splendid mid-season peach. It is a large, handsome peach, yields heavy crops and carries well; freestone.

FLOWERING PEACHES—See Shrub and Tree Section.

FOSTER—This is considered one of the best Peaches of American origin; large, deep orange red; rich and juicy; freestone; a few days earlier than the "Early Crawford."

GOODMAN'S CHOICE—Medium size fruit, heavy bearer; yellow flesh, cling peach; equal to any on the market; ripens end of February.

***HALE'S EARLY**—A really first-class Peach in every way.

HIGH EARLY CANADA—Large fruit, greenish-white, mottled with red.

LOVELL—A large, round, yellow freestone; dries well; medium.

***MAYFLOWER**—Large, bright red, good quality; ripens mid-November. Extra early for market.

ROYAL GEORGE—A well-known variety; one of the best; medium.

SALWEY—Flesh deep yellow, similar to an apricot; late; freestone.

TRIUMPH—The earliest yellow Peach; fruit large, with very small stone, skin yellow, covered with red, flesh yellow; juicy, and of excellent flavour.

***WIGGINS**—An early freestone, of large size, and most highly coloured; ripens just after Briggs' Red May.

PEARS

Price, 2/- each; 20/- dozen.

Older Trees, 2/6 each; 24/- doz.

Large Trees (supply limited), 3/6 and 4/6 each.

Special quotes for large quantities.

***BARTLETT**—(See Williams' "Bon Chretien.")

***BEURRE BOSC**—Large, russet sort, melting rich flavour; equal to the eating quality of Bartlett; heavy bearer.

***GLOU MORCEAU**—Large, with yellow skin; melting and very juicy; fine variety.

***JOSEPHINE DE MALINES**—Medium size, skin greenish yellow; juicy, melting, and highly flavoured; excellent variety; commands highest prices.

***KIEFFER'S HYBRID**—Grows to a large size. Is a cross between "Bon Chretien" and "China." Ripens in Autumn.

***PACKHAM'S TRIUMPH**—Is of beautiful shape, large and of perfect flavour. Ripens in April.

***VICAR OF WINGFIELD**—Large, melting and very juicy; late.

***WILLIAMS' BON CHRETIEN**—Large, buttery and melting; one of the finest summer pears grown; early; finest flavour.

***WINTER NELIS**—One of the finest flavoured dessert pears; late.

PLUMS

Price, 2/- each; 20/- dozen.

Older Trees, 2/6 each; 24/- doz.

Large Trees (supply limited), 3/6 and 4/6 each.

Special quotes for large quantities.

***ANGELINA BURDETT**—Dark purple, yellow flesh, and very fleshy; rich and juicy; carries long distances. Fruit very firm.

***COE'S GOLDEN CROP**—A splendid variety; large, yellow, medium.

***DIAMOND**—Very large, dark purple; splendid for preserving; a heavy bearer; late.

***GREENGAGE**—Well-known, delicious plum; medium.

LATE BLACK ORLEANS—A really good plum, and a great cropper; late.

MAGNUM BONUM—Yellow; one of the best culinary plums, large, yellow; late.

POND'S SEEDLING—Large red; a good bearer; a first-class market plum; late.

PRESIDENT—Very large, deep purple fruit, excellent for market; rich flavour; the best keeper; late.

***PRUNE D'AGEN**—Large purple; the best prune grown; medium.

***YELLOW CHERRY PLUM**—A fine yellow Plum, far superior to Red Cherry Plum.

JAPANESE PLUMS

Price, 2/- each; 20/- dozen.

Older Trees, 2/6 each; 24/- doz.

Large Trees (supply limited), 3/6 and 4/6 each.

Special quotes for large quantities.

This is a unique class of Plum, of great beauty and productiveness. The fruit is exquisitely perfumed and with a charming, attractive bloom. The trees are exceedingly ornamental and quite distinct from any other varieties. The flesh is so firm and meaty that they can be safely shipped long distances and kept in excellent condition. They are very prolific bearers.

***BEAUTY**—A new variety; fruit medium, heart shape; red skin, yellow flesh; very early.

***BURBANK**—Large size; colour clear cherry-red, with a thin lilac bloom; flesh deep yellow, and very sweet.

***CLIMAX**—The fruit is heart-shaped, and very large, of good colour, and ripens early.

DELAWARE—Blood Plum, similar to Satsuma, but about three weeks later. Prolific bearer.

FLOWERING PLUMS—See under Shrub and Tree Section.

***KELSEY**—The fruit is very large, with a remarkably small stone; it is of excellent quality, melting, rich and juicy, and excels all other plums for canning; late.

SATSUMA or BLOOD PLUM—Large and most globular; the colour is dark red from skin to stone; flesh firm, juicy and of a rich, spicy flavour.

***SANTA ROSA**—One of the very best Blood Plums; early.

***SHIRO**—Early Plum; transparent yellow colour; good size, cling-stone; ripens early January.

***WICKSON**—Splendid Plum; large size, small stone; late.

WILSON—Ripens end of November; round, good size; highly coloured; slip-stone; early.

PERSIMMONS

JAPANESE DATE PLUMS

Price, 2/6 each; 24/- per doz.

This fruit is becoming more popular as it becomes better known, particularly on account of its ripening during winter months, when fruits are scarce, and their showy appearance and luscious flavours assure them a position of distinction.

QUINCES

Price, 2/- each; 20/- doz.

Older Trees, 2/6 each; 24/- doz.

Large Trees (supply limited), 3/6 and 4/6 each.

Special quotes for large quantities.

***APPLE**—Medium size; very prolific.

***CHAMPION**—Fruit very large and regularly formed; early.

***MISSOURI MAMMOTH**—The fruit grows to enormous size, with smooth skin and even outline.

***PEAR-SHAPED**—Very large; medium season.

FIGS

STRONG, WELL-ROOTED TREES

Price, 2/- each; 20/- dozen.

Older Trees, 2/6 each; 24/- doz.

Large Trees (supply limited), 3/6 and 4/6 each.

Special quotes for large quantities.

This State may truthfully be termed the home of the Fig, this fruit grows so well here. It seems to thrive in the poorest of soils, provided moisture is available during the dry weather. We can supply leading sorts, including the following:—

ADAMS

BROWN TURKEY

WHITE ADRIATIC

SUGAR FIG

STUBBERFIELD, &c.

MULBERRIES

BLACK—A well-known variety. 3/6 to 4/6 each.

ORANGES

Price, 3/- each; 30/- per doz.

We hold a very large stock of Citrus.

Trees in first-class condition.

Strong Balled Trees, 5/6 to 15/- each.

JOPPA—Large size, oblong, thin rind, smooth and bright; of sweet and high flavour, and will hang for weeks after ripening; thornless.

THOMPSON'S IMPROVED NAVEL—Fruit equal in every way to its parent, but is earlier, and is a good, even, consistent cropper.

VALENCIA LATE—Large, oblong, and firm; the orange is very late in ripening, and valuable on that account, as it would be marketable when all other varieties are done.

WASHINGTON NAVEL—Tree hardy and vigorous, but of medium size; a quick grower and an easy and abundant bearer; fruit large, solid, and heavy, skin smooth; very juicy; generally seedless; very early.

ORANGE, LEMON AND MANDARIN

TREES

Two, three and four years old; large strong trees. We have a good collection of the above. We take them up with a solid ball of earth on the roots, and by this method they transplant safely. Price, 5/6 to 10/- each, according to size; larger, 15/- each.

MANDARINS

Price, 3/- each; 30/- per doz.

Strong Balled Trees, 5/6 to 15/- each.

BEAUTY OF GLEN RETREAT—Fruit large, solid; skin smooth and of fine appearance; good flavour.

EMPEROR—The best and most esteemed variety grown.

SCARLET—Fruit large, flat in shape, of a very deep colour, much esteemed in the warmer parts of the State.

THORNY—Fruit smaller, but solid and highly flavoured.

LEMONS

Price, 3/- each; 30/- per doz.

Strong Balled Trees, 5/6 to 15/- each.

LEMON, LISBON—A well-known variety; probably best of all.

VILLA FRANCA—An excellent lemon; ripening chiefly during Summer.

EUREKA—It is considered by many to be the best lemon in existence; habit of growth good, foliage large, and tree almost free from thorns; bears heavily.

GRAPE FRUIT

MARSH SEEDLESS—The fruit has certain valuable medicinal properties. It is eaten largely at the breakfast table as a tonic. Medium size, rind thin, very juicy, and practically seedless. 3/6 each; large trees, 5/- to 7/6 each.

All those varieties marked with an asterisk (*) we can supply in planted back advanced trees at from 3/6 and 4/6 each, or cheaper by taking a quantity. These are excellent value, and anyone wanting fruit quickly can save time by planting these advanced trees. In addition they have been cared for and grown shapely.

VINES

We make a speciality of growing Vines, and for the 1934 season have the finest lot to offer that we have ever had.

In addition to the one-year-old, we grow a duplicate lot of two-year-old, which we recommend, as they are very strong-rooted plants which should bear the second season after planting. Prices: 1 year old, 1/- each, 9/- dozen; 2 years old, special strong Vines, 1/6 each, 12/6 per dozen. We have also some extra strong 3 and 4 year plants. 2/- each, 18/- dozen.

ALMERIA—Bunches very large, berries largest size, roundish, skin very tough, of a beautiful light amber colour.

BLACK HAMBURGH—One of the best flavoured black Grapes; juicy, rich, thin skinned; medium.

BLACK PRINCE—Bunches long and fine, berries roundish Oval, with rich aroma; good market sort.

BLACK ST. PETER—Very large bunches; finely flavoured, and one of the best late varieties.

CRYSTAL—Early white, transparent berries; requires pruning long.

DORADILLA—A late white; good packer.

FLAME TOKAY—Strong grower, long bunches; berries oblong, rose colour; a fine late grape.

LADY'S FINGER (Red and White)—Well-known favourites, with very long berries, beautiful flavour; late.

GOLDEN CHASSEALAS or ROYAL MUSCADINE—Bunch and berry medium size, round, deep golden, very juicy and good; doing well everywhere; early.

GORDO BLANCO—This is the lately-introduced and very extensively grown variety for raisins, being for that purpose superior to the well-known "Muscat of Alexandria."

GROS COLMAN—A round, large grape of good flavour.

KNIGHT'S GRAND CENTENNIAL—The largest and most showy white grape, forming a beautiful long and compact bunch of great weight.

MUSCAT OF ALEXANDRIA—The standard of flavour for all white Muscats. It sets its berries rather loosely, which is its only fault.

MRS. PRINCE'S BLACK MUSCAT—Late black Muscat; berries very large, very rich in muscat flavour.

MALAGA BLACK—Berries very large oval, skin deep black, very thick; a valuable grape on account of its lateness.

PURPLE CORNICHON—A black Lady's Finger; late.

RAISON DES DAMES—Largest size, closely set, skin tough, beautiful yellow, flesh tender; mid-season.

RED PRINCE—Berries very large, deep red colour.

SWEETWATER—A very early grape of good quality; bunches and berries large, pale amber.

SANTO PAULO or WHITE LADY'S FINGER.

SULTANA (Seedless)—Berries copper-coloured and seedless; chiefly valued for raisins.

WHITE NICE—A very juicy, sweet grape; large berries; excellent flavour.

WORTLEY HALL—Bunches large, berries very large, oval, skin thick, deep purple, with a heavy bloom; a most handsome grape; late.

WALTHAM CROSS—Bunches very large, berries very large, skin thin but tough, clear amber.

ZANTE CURRANT—A small black currant grape; for drying purposes.

GRAFTED PASSION FRUIT VINES

Grafted Vines are by far the best and most reliable vines to plant. The ordinary Passion Vine is grafted on to the root of a special Passiflora stock.

When planted they make a far more rapid start, grow more vigorously, and, what is most important, they do not die out so readily as ordinary seedling stock. Another important point is that they can be planted in cold weather successfully, where the seedling type to a big degree die out when planted this time of the year.

While the grafted passion vines can be planted the whole year round, the best time for planting all vines is from September to November and February to April.

We are offering some exceptionally strong plants in 5in. pots at 2/- each or 18/- doz.; second size plants, 1/6 each, 15/- doz. (freight extra).

MISCELLANEOUS FRUITS

BANANAS—Plantains. From 2/6 each; 24/- per doz.

CURRENTS (White, Red or Black)—1/- each; 9/- per doz.

GUAVAS—Cherry or purple; evergreen. 2/- each.

GOOSEBERRY—Green, yellow or red. 1/- each; 9/- per doz.

LOQUAT—Selected Seedlings, 2/- each; 18/- per doz.

Victory—Fruit egg-shaped, large, very juicy. Budded trees, 3/- each.

Herd's Mammoth—Fruit large, with small seeds. Budded trees, 3/- each.

MULBERRY—English; fruit black. 3/6 to 4/6 each.

OLIVE—Selected Seedlings, 1/6 each; 15/- per doz.

PASSION FRUIT—According to size. From 9d. each; 6/- doz.

PERSIMMON—Several varieties. 3/- each; 30/- per doz.

POMEGRANATE—From 1/6 each.

TREE TOMATO—In pots. 1/6 each.

WALNUT—English; very productive. 2/6 each.

BLACKBERRY—Strong plants. 1/- each.

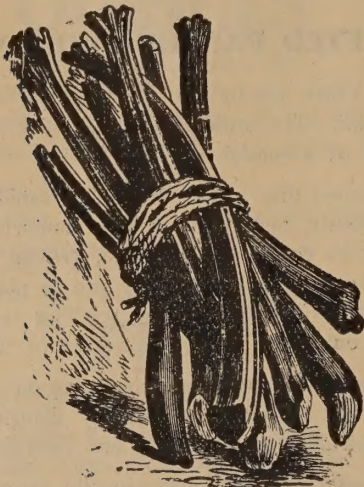
LOGANBERRY—Fruit resembles the Blackberry, and does well here. 1/- each.

RASPBERRY—Red. 1/- each.

RHUBARB ROOTS

(Obtainable from May to August)

TOPP'S WINTER IMPROVED—Valuable on account of its earliness; hardy, and exquisite flavour; strong roots. 1/- each; 9/- doz.



RHUBARB.

PLAYFORD'S MAMMOTH—The best variety for all seasons; very large, of a beautiful crimson colour, and excellent flavour. 2/- each; 18/- doz.

STRAWBERRIES

Planting may be done from May to October. Deeply dug, well manured, fairly moist ground suits these plants. Keep surface frequently stirred.

MELBA or UPTIP—Fruit large, bright, crimson scarlet. 1/- per doz.; 5/- per 100.

SHARPLES—Very large, fruit bright red. 1/- per doz.; 5/- per 100.

SIR JOSEPH PAXTON—Shining crimson, rich and highly flavoured. 1/- per doz.; 5/- per 100.

ETTESBURG, No. 85—Berries large and fine flavoured, freely produced. 1/6 doz.

NEW STRAWBERRY, "WONDERBERRY"—This Strawberry is indeed a "wonderberry," as it is the heaviest bearing strawberry in cultivation. When in full bearing it is just one mass of berries, almost as thick as a bunch of grapes. Plants, 4d. each; 3/- doz. Postage extra.

MANURES AND FERTILISERS

BLOOD AND BONE MANURE—7lb., 1/-; 14lb., 2/-

MURIATE OF POTASH—4d. per lb.; 3lb., 1/-; 7lb., 2/-; 14lb., 3/6.

AGRICULTURAL LIME (Unslacked)—For sweetening soil. 3/6 sack.

NITRATE OF SODA—The best nitrogenous fertiliser. 4d. per lb.; 3lb., 1/-; 7lb., 2/-; 14lb., 3/6.

SULPHATE OF AMMONIA—A quick-acting fertiliser. 4lb., 1/-; 9lb., 2/-; 14lb., 3/-

SULPHATE OF POTASH—4d. per lb.; 3lb., 1/-; 8lb., 2/-; 14lb., 3/6.

SUPERPHOSPHATE—8lb., 1/-; 14lb., 1/6.

(Freight extra on all items.)

QUOTES FOR LARGE QUANTITIES.

FLORAPHOS

This wonderful new concentrated, completely soluble and odourless garden fertiliser is all plant food, and no surplus waste material. It is derived from nitrogen in the air by modern synthetic process, and combined with soluble phosphates. It is the most perfect combination in existence of these two all-important plant foods.

ANALYSIS

Nitrogen	20.6 per cent.
Equivalent to Ammonia	25.0 per cent.
Phosphoric Acid (soluble)	52.5 per cent.

Sold in 6d. and 1/9 packets; 7lb. packets, 5/-; or in bulk.

HIGH CLASS BIRD SEED

We handle a lot of Bird Seed in packets, and can give very reasonable quotes for bulk supplies. We sell only a high-grade mixture, which comprises only the best food value seeds, mixed to give a balanced ration. There is practically no waste from this mixture.

	1lb.	7lb.	14lb.
PARROT FOOD	6d.	5d.	4½d.
CANARIES AND FINCHES ...	6d.	5d.	4½d.
SUNFLOWER	9d.	7d.	6d.
JAPANESE MILLET	5d.	4d.	4d.
MAW	1/6	1/3	
WHITE MILLET	6d.	4½d.	4d.
HUNGARIAN MILLET (Panicum)	4d.	3½d.	3d.
PEANUTS	1/3	1/1	1/-
BIRD LETTUCE	2/-		
LINSEED	6d.	5d.	4½d.

(Postage or Freight extra)

SPRAYING

This is a very important section, as, without proper spraying materials, it would very often be impossible to produce crops of anything, because of the varied insects, scales and diseases that attack plant life.

There are many different types of sprays on the market for these various diseases, specially prepared to do a certain job, and we keep the most suitable.

To those who are in doubt what to use, we ask you to either send in a specimen of the insect, or, if it is a disease, a piece of the plant affected, and we will know what sort of spray to send.

We have largely increased this department, and have made up, ourselves, all the different sprays in small quantities to suit those people who have only a few trees or plants in their garden.

Do not spray in the heat of the day. Early morning or evening is the best time.

A little soda or powdered soap added to oil sprays will give a better mixture.

You will perhaps find it necessary to spray three or four times, at weekly intervals, to clear out some diseases.

ALBOLEUM

This is a white spray oil, most successful for all scales.

Pint tins, 2/9. Postage extra.

BLACK LEAF 40

This is a nicotine spray, and very effective for all insects and aphides of all descriptions, including thrip.

1oz. bottles, 1/- bot.; 3oz. bottles, 2/6 bot.;

½lb. bottles, 6/6 bot.

Special price for larger quantities.

ARSENATE OF LEAD (Powder)

Used for leaf-eating and sucking insects and beetles, etc.; also Codlin Moth.

Small quantities, 9d.; lb., 2/-; 4lb. pkts., 7/6.

Special quotes for quantities.

BORDEAUX MIXTURE

The best mixture for fungus diseases, such as Mildew, Black Spot, Blue Mould, Curly Leaf on Peach and Nectarines.

Small tins, 1/6; larger tins, 2/3; postage extra.

Special price for quantities.

COOPER'S WEEDICIDE

For destroying weeds, trees and vermin.

2/6 tin.

CLENSEL

INSECTICIDE - FUNGICIDE - GERMICIDE

A most universal spray. Suitable for Aphis, Thrip, Grubs, Mildew, Black Spot. Recommended by the Dept. of Agriculture for Fruit Fly lure.

$\frac{1}{2}$ -pint tins, 1/6; 1-pint tins, 2/6; $\frac{1}{2}$ -gal. tins, 8/6

1-gal. tins, 13/-; freight extra.

KATAKILLA

SPLENDID FOR APHIS AND INSECTS.

One packet to make 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ gallons, 9d.; one carton to make 10 gallons, 3/-. Also in bulk.

LIME-SULPHUR SOLUTION

For the control of Black Spot, Red Mites, Curl Leaf, Rust, Shothole, San Jose Scale, and Brown Scale.

Bottles, 1/-

Larger quantities on application. Postage extra.

PARIS GREEN

For foliage and leaf-eating insects and grubs. Keep well stirred when using.

Small quantities, 9d.; per lb., 3/6. Postage extra.

RED SPRAYING OIL

For controlling Woolly Aphis, Red Mites, Red Scale, Cottony Cushion Scale, Black Smut, Green Aphis, San Jose Scale.

Small tins, 1/3; pint tins, 1/9.

Special quotes for quantities.

PESTEND (Tobacco Dust)

Effective for Aphis and Insects.

4d. lb., 4lb., 1/-

WHITE SPRAY OIL

For Insect pests and Aphis, etc. One part to 80 parts water, or 3 tablespoonfuls to 1 gallon of water. For Scales, 1 in 40 or 6 level teaspoonfuls to 1 gallon of water.

Small tins, 1/3; pint tins, 2/-

Special quote for quantities. Postage extra.

SLUGENE (Non-Poisonous)

A CERTAIN EXTERMINATOR OF SLUGS AND SNAILS.

Sprinkle freely over the ground or put two tablespoonfuls to one gallon of water and sprinkle flower beds.

It is a contact powder, and, once a snail or slug comes in contact with the slightest portion, it immediately commences to burn them up, and no amount of slime will get rid of the powder.

This is undoubtedly the finest preparation in the world.

The best time to apply is in the evening, as they operate mainly at night.

Price, 1/6 lb. Cheaper in quantity.

All our Seeds can be purchased in every town in W.A. through our Agents at the same prices as they can be purchased in Perth—with the year of issue stamped on the back.

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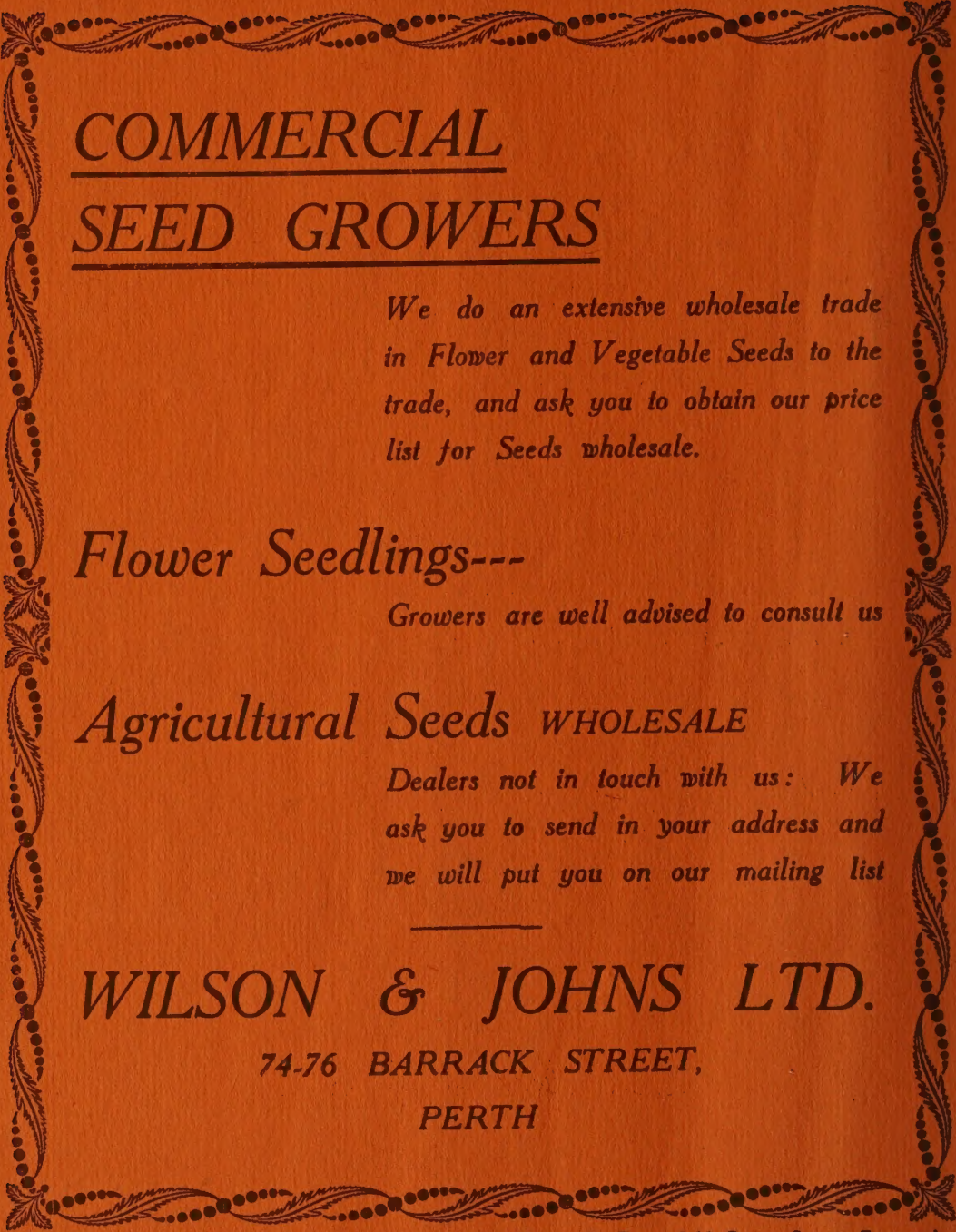
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